

# AeroNOx 2.0™

## Portable Nitric Oxide Titration & Monitoring System Operator's Manual

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### **Operator's Manual**

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# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

## 1.1. Introduction

This manual describes the theory of operation, frequently used features, safety considerations, specifications, and maintenance for the AeroNOx 2.0™ nitric oxide (NO) delivery system. Each AeroNOx 2.0™ provides the basic equipment required for NO delivery and accessories are available to accommodate specific installations.

The AeroNOx 2.0™ system includes an integrated nitric oxide gas delivery system and nitric oxide (NO), nitrogen dioxide (NO<sub>2</sub>), and oxygen (O<sub>2</sub>) analyzer. The AeroNOx 2.0™ is a stand-alone, lightweight, portable unit designed to continuously monitor NO, NO<sub>2</sub>, and O<sub>2</sub> concentrations in a breathing circuit.

The AeroNOx 2.0™ system is specifically designed for the delivery and monitoring of gaseous nitric oxide (NO) in parts per million (ppm) concentrations.

The AeroNOx 2.0™ is designed for use within a hospital or during patient transfer via rescue vehicle, fixed wing aircraft, or helicopter.

## 1.2. Intended Use

The AeroNOx 2.0™ is intended to provide a constant controlled concentration of nitric oxide in breathing gas by delivering a constant controlled flow of nitric oxide into the inspiratory limb of a mechanical ventilator that operates using a continuous constant flow of fresh gas into the inspiratory limb of the ventilator. The AeroNOx 2.0™ is also intended to be used with a flow inflating manual ventilator (an AeroNOx 2.0™ accessory), by introducing controlled flows of nitric oxide into the fresh gas flow to the manual ventilator. It is also intended to monitor nitric oxide, nitrogen dioxide, and oxygen concentrations in the breathing gas.

The AeroNOx 2.0™ is intended to be used within a hospital or during air or ground transport outside the hospital.

## 1.3. Medical Indication

Nitric oxide therapy is intended to treat late pre-term neonates ( $\geq 34$  weeks gestation,  $< 14$  days of age) diagnosed with Persistent Pulmonary Hypertension of the Newborn (PPHN) described as:

- a. A failure to achieve transition to air breathing due to a lung parenchymal disease such as meconium aspiration syndrome, pneumonia, or infant respiratory distress
- b. Idiopathic PPHN in which the lung parenchyma is normal but the pulmonary vasculature has been remodeled
- c. Documentation of pulmonary hypertension by a pediatric cardiologist

## 1.4. Contraindication

The only contraindication for inhaled nitric oxide therapy is neonates dependent on right-to-left shunting of blood. Always refer to the inhaled Nitric Oxide Gas prescribing information sheet.

### 1.5. Safety Summary

The AeroNOx 2.0™ is intended for use only by qualified clinicians, under the direction of a qualified physician. All personnel operating the system should be thoroughly familiar with operating instructions, warnings, and cautions contained in this manual. The AeroNOx 2.0™ should be verified according to the procedures in this manual before putting into operation. If the unit fails any portion of the checkout procedure, it must be removed from service and repaired.

### 1.6. Classification

According to the standard EN60601-1 of the International Electrotechnical Commission, *Medical electrical equipment, Part 1: General requirements for safety*, the AeroNOx 2.0™ is classified as follows:

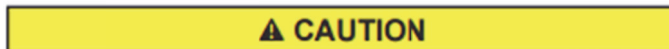
- Class II / Internally Powered, according to the type of protection against electric shock
- IP33, according to the degree of protection against harmful ingress of water and solid objects
- Continuous operation for the mode of operation

### 1.7. Important Safety Considerations

Safety concerns or additional pertinent information will be displayed using warnings, cautions, and notes, having the following significance:



**Alerts to potential serious injury, adverse event, or safety hazard.**



Alerts to the possibility of minor injury or damage to the equipment.

#### **NOTES:**

*Provides additional information to clarify a point in the manual.*

The principal **WARNING** and **CAUTION** notices to be observed in use of this device are brought together here for emphasis.



Use of the AeroNOx 2.0™ is contraindicated for patients with congenital heart disease on right-to-left shunt, congenital anomalies, or congestive heart failure.

Do not use the AeroNOx 2.0™ in oxygen rich environments.

If an alarm occurs, safeguard patient before troubleshooting or repair procedures.

Use only pharmaceutical grade NO.

The AeroNOx 2.0™ must be used in accordance with indications, usage, contraindications, warnings, and cautions described in this manual.

The use of devices which radiate high intensity electrical fields may affect the operation of the AeroNOx 2.0™. Constant assessment of the patient and all life support equipment is mandatory whenever interfering devices are operating on or near patient.

When using the AeroNOx 2.0™ adjacent to or stacked with other equipment, observe the operation of the AeroNOx 2.0™ and the other equipment to ensure normal operation.

Portable RF communications equipment (including peripherals such as antenna cables and external antennas) should be used no closer than 30 cm to any part of the AeroNOx 2.0™ and associated cables. Otherwise, degradation of the performance of this equipment could occur.

Do not use the AeroNOx 2.0™ with helium/oxygen mixtures. The AeroNOx 2.0™ is only intended to deliver NO in conjunction with oxygen/air mixtures.

Anytime a new NO gas cylinder and regulator is used, the user must purge to prevent inadvertent delivery of NO<sub>2</sub> to the patient.

If the AeroNOx 2.0™ is not going to be used within 10 minutes, depressurize the regulator supply line.

If the AeroNOx 2.0™ is pressurized and not used within 10 minutes, repeat the purge procedure.

If the AeroNOx 2.0™ is not depressurized and not used within 12 hours, repeat the pre-use procedure.

A backup NO delivery system must always be available in the event the primary system should fail.

Set AeroNOx 2.0™ alarm thresholds for the current patient conditions to monitor any inadvertent changes in treatment. For alarm information, see Section 4., ALARMS.

Be certain all lines and cables are organized to prevent damage or occlusion.

Use only parts, accessories, transducers, and cables designated by International Biomedical for use with the AeroNOx 2.0™. Cables and accessories other than those supplied by International Biomedical may result in unacceptable operation of the AeroNOx 2.0™ and will void the equipment warranty.

The AeroNOx 2.0™ samples gas at a rate of 220 mL/min; this can affect the sensitivity of flow triggered synchronized breath of some ventilators. The trigger sensitivity, if equipped, should be checked after connecting AeroNOx 2.0™ to the breathing circuit.

Do not change NO, NO<sub>2</sub>, or O<sub>2</sub> sensors while in use.

Do not attempt to maintain, diagnose, or repair the AeroNOx 2.0™ while delivering NO to a patient.

No modification of the AeroNOx 2.0™ is allowed.

Improper sensor or battery replacement will result in a non-functional or inaccurate device.

Sample/Delivery accessories are single patient use only. DO NOT re-use.

Improper maintenance or replacement of sensors may pose a safety risk to the patient. Maintenance should be performed by qualified service personnel per the instructions.

Perform cylinder connection and purge procedures in well-ventilated areas to prevent inadvertent exposure to nitric oxide or nitrogen dioxide gas. Follow your facility's safety procedures for handling medical gas cylinders.

Overexposure to NO or NO<sub>2</sub> can lead to physiological effects such as hypoxia which are not apparent to the operator.

The IP33 rating applies when the AeroNOx 2.0™ is on battery power with the DC Input jack properly sealed.



Caution: U. S. Federal and Canadian law restricts this device to sale by or on the order of a physician or other licensed medical practitioner. Outside Canada and the U. S., check with local laws for applicable restrictions.

When using the AeroNOx 2.0™ Bagger or INOstat Bagger, oxygen and NO mix in the reservoir bag. If not actively bagging patient, turn NO flow off to prevent formation of NO<sub>2</sub>. Flush the bagger for 20 seconds before and after use to completely remove NO and NO<sub>2</sub>.

Concentrations of NO<sub>2</sub> in the reservoir bag may exceed 1 ppm. Large tidal volumes may expose patients to NO<sub>2</sub> in the reservoir bag. If any interruption occurs during patient bagging, system should be flushed for 20 seconds.

When using the AeroNOx 2.0™ Bagger or INOstat Bagger, short duration, rapid fluctuations in delivered gas concentration including NO<sub>2</sub> is possible. Therefore, the AeroNOx 2.0™ Bagger and INOstat Bagger are designed for short term use only.

Do not use AeroNOx 2.0™ Bagger or INOstat Bagger to deliver concentration in excess of 20 ppm. The generation of NO<sub>2</sub> increases rapidly above this concentration.

Do not alter the length of the INOstat Bagger gas supply tubing as this may cause generation of excessive levels of NO<sub>2</sub>.

Do not substitute AeroNOx 2.0™ Bagger or INOstat Bagger components. The Bagger Systems have been designed and tested for patient safety with the components included.

The AeroNOx 2.0™ Bagger and INOstat Bagger are intended to connect directly to the patient's endotracheal tube. Do not insert any additional tubing between the Bagger and the endotracheal tube.

The AeroNOx 2.0™ Bagger and INOstat Bagger are single patient use. Do not reprocess.

The INOstat Kit is intended for use if the primary NO delivery device (AeroNOx 2.0™) fails. The INOstat Kit is not intended as a primary NO delivery device.

The back-up delivery regulator in the INOstat Kit is preset with a 0.25 L/min flow. It is intended to be used only with the INOstat Bagger. Do not use this regulator for any other application.

Persons using the AeroNOx 2.0™ should be trained and experienced in the use of this device to assure effective administration of NO, and to avoid injury to the patient or to others resulting from inhalation of excess NO, NO<sub>2</sub>, or other reaction products. Not for use by patients.

Persons using this device who may be particularly sensitive to nitric oxide or nitrogen dioxide, or who may be exposed to these gases for prolonged periods as a result of the use of this device, should be aware that the AeroNOx 2.0™ does not scavenge the exhaust gas, and that this gas is vented from the underside of the AeroNOx 2.0™, or through the side vent in the event that the bottom port is occluded. Ambient concentrations of nitric oxide or nitrogen dioxide expected to result from the use of this device are less than 50 ppb.

Only use International Biomedical approved batteries for AeroNOx 2.0™.

Even when the external power supply is not connected, the battery provides a bias charge to the NO, NO<sub>2</sub>, and O<sub>2</sub> cells to keep sensors in a ready state. The power drawn from biasing the sensors will deplete a new fully charged battery in approximately one week. Because of this, it is recommended the external power supply of the AeroNOx 2.0™ remain plugged in at all times to maintain battery charge.

Allowing the battery voltage to drop below the minimum discharge voltage can permanently damage the battery. Even when the AeroNOx 2.0™ is powered off, the battery can be over-discharged if the battery is left connected and the external power supply is not plugged in. The power drawn from biasing the sensors can drain the battery below the minimum discharge voltage.

Disconnect the battery or leave charging when not in use for extended periods of time.

Allowing the battery to fully discharge repeatedly will reduce the overall number of cycles in the life of the battery.

Attempting to run the AeroNOx 2.0™ for longer than five hours on battery only could result in an interruption of nitric oxide therapy.

The specified power supply is defined as part of the ME Equipment. Use only the International Biomedical approved universal power supply for AeroNOx 2.0™.

No other devices are known to cause potential interference with the AeroNOx 2.0™. If interference occurs, discontinue use of the AeroNOx 2.0™ and use the INOstat Bagger.

Never turn on the NO delivery gas without first turning on the ventilator or bagger flow. Failure to do this will result in undiluted gas delivery entering the sampling chamber and exposing the sensors to levels of NO and /or NO<sub>2</sub> which may damage the sensors.

NO<sub>2</sub> gas may have collected in the AeroNOx 2.0™ delivery or ventilator circuit during setup. Run ventilator and AeroNOx 2.0™ on a test lung 30 seconds prior to patient connection to ensure analyzed levels of NO<sub>2</sub> and NO are appropriate.

Only use the NO Worries Sample line with filter and Nafion® tubing when operating the AeroNOx 2.0™. Failure to do so may result in the egress of moisture which can impair function as well as damage internal components.

NO flow must be continually evaluated during nitric oxide administration to ensure accurate dosing.



NO cannot be administered during the calibration process.

Do not sterilize or disinfect with power connected.

Allow unit to dry thoroughly before use. Immediate use after exposure to excessive cleaning agents such as Isopropyl Alcohol can affect sensor performance.

Do not push on LCD display.

The VESA 75 mount is required for mounting during transport.

Should there be a sudden need to change therapy tanks; a second tank should always be purged and ready for immediate use. Perform the purge procedure immediately upon installation of a new regulator.

The flush procedure must be performed each time NO therapy is started. This includes initial therapy starts, tank changes, and re-starting therapy after NO has been off.

Powering the unit off will shut off the delivery gas flow. Gas flow is terminated when the unit is powered off, whether intentionally, or during a complete loss of power.

DO NOT exceed 2.00 LPM as displayed on the AeroNOx 2.0™ flow display. Displayed values in excess of 2.00 LPM are not accurate. If the flow on the AeroNOx 2.0™ flow meter is set at a value greater than 2.00 LPM, the delivered flow will be higher than the displayed flow value.

The NO<sub>2</sub> sensor may easily be damaged by inadvertent high levels of NO<sub>2</sub>. Use Nitrogen or air to flush the system after high levels of NO (> 100 ppm) or NO<sub>2</sub> (> 20 ppm) have been introduced to the sensor.

Setting alarm limits to extreme values can render the alarm system useless.

After storage at the extremes of the allowable temperature range, it is recommended that the AeroNOx 2.0™ be given at least an hour at room temperature before use.

**NOTES:**

*The Low Cal does not require calibration gases.*

*Connections to various ventilators are unique to each manufacturer as well as their corresponding disposable circuits.*

*When AeroNOx 2.0™ is connected to a ventilator and patient is breathing spontaneously, a slight change in NO ppm (< 10%) may be noted.*

*When performing high range calibration, make sure to select the correct calibration gas and confirm expiration date before using.*

*Never connect calibration circuit to a pressure source > 50 cm H<sub>2</sub>O; this could damage the sampling system.*

*Protective cover not shown in many images throughout this manual should be used at all times to provide extra impact resistance if dropped.*

*AeroNOx 2.0™ is shipped with battery installed but disconnected. Follow connection procedure in Section 7.*












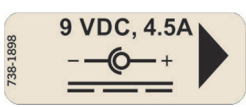

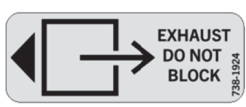



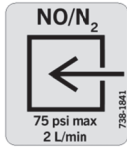
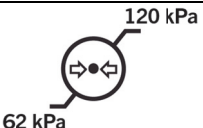
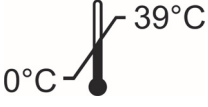




*Do not mount or position the AeroNOx 2.0™ such that the rear power connection, exhaust ports, or the NO inlet are blocked.*



*The recommended storage temperature limits are within operational temperature limits to preserve sensor life. No specific time to cool or warm from storage temperature extremes is indicated. Before normal use, a pre-check must be performed to allow sensors to stabilize.*

*Use the tethered rubber plug to seal the DC input jack from the environment when not in use.*

## 1.8. Symbols

The following symbols appear in the AeroNOx 2.0™ documentation and labels.

	“ON”/“OFF” Power (Hold for ~3 Seconds to turn off)		Soft Key (3)
	Silence Alarm Button		Date of Manufacture
	Dim Backlight Button		Manufacturer contact information
	Back Button		General Warning, Caution, Risk of Danger
	NO Sample Inlet		Do not discard in trash
	NO/N <sub>2</sub> Delivery Outlet		Use indicated power supply only
	Nitric Oxide Flow Control (Increasing flow counter clockwise)		Exhaust Do Not Block
	ATTENTION: Observe precautions for handling electrostatic sensitive devices.		Use only the specified replacement battery.
 (Blue Background)	Consult Instructions For Use		NO/N <sub>2</sub> Supply Gas Input
	Operating pressure limits		Operating temperature limits
	Type BF Applied Part		Class II Equipment
	Device serial number		Prescription use only

	Device part number		Decrease Value
	Confirmation		Set Low Alarm Limit
	Select High/Low Alarm Limits		Set High Alarm Limit
	Increase Value		AC Power Plugged in and Charging
	Alarm Temporarily Silenced for Approximately 60 Seconds		Screen Lock
	Battery Level Full / Low		Screen Unlock (Hold to unlock)
	Hold Button Timer (Moving Pie Chart)		Lock Prohibited with unacknowledged alarm
	Nitric Oxide Concentration in Parts Per Million		Percent Oxygen
	Nitrogen Dioxide Concentration in Parts Per Million		Zero Calibration Screen Soft Key
	Set NO=0, NO <sub>2</sub> =0, and %O <sub>2</sub> =21 Soft Key (Hold to zero)		High Calibration Screen Soft Key

1.9. Abbreviations

ABBREVIATION	DEFINITION
AC	Alternating Current
CISPR	International Special Committee on Radio Interference
cm	Centimeters
DC	Direct Current
ESD	Electrostatic Discharge
FiO <sub>2</sub>	Fraction of Inspired Oxygen
FSO	Full Scale Output
ft.	Feet
HFOV	High Frequency Oscillatory Ventilation
IB	International Biomedical
in	Inches
L/min	Liters per Minute
mA	Milliamps
mbar	Millibars
mL/min	Milliliters per Minute
mm	Millimeters
mmHg	Millimeters of Mercury
N <sub>2</sub>	Nitrogen Gas
NO	Nitric Oxide Gas
NO <sub>2</sub>	Nitrogen Dioxide Gas
O <sub>2</sub>	Oxygen Gas
PM	Preventative Maintenance
ppb	Parts per Billion
ppm	Parts per Million
psi	Pounds per Square Inch
psig	Pounds per Square Inch Gauge
PTFE	Polytetrafluoroethylene
RH	Relative Humidity
RF	Radio Frequency
V	Volts
VESA	Video Electronics Standards Association

### 1.10. Unpacking

Verify that the shipping carton contains the following equipment.

Component	Part Number	Quantity
AeroNOx 2.0™	731-9159	1
AeroNOx 2.0™ NO supply Hose, 6'	738-1862	1
AeroNOx 2.0™ Multilanguage Documentation CD	717-0001	1
AeroNOx 2.0™ Operator's Manual	715-0006	1
Delivery Regulator with CGA 626 Fitting	731-9142	2
Power Supply Assembly, 9 V, AeroNOx 2.0™	293-0011	1
Power Cord, NEMA 1-15P to IEC60320 C7, 6ft	738-1916	1
AeroNOx 2.0™ Service Manual	715-0007	1
AeroNOx 2.0™ Sample/Delivery Kit	738-1853	1
AeroNOx 2.0™ TXP HFV Sample/Delivery Kit	738-1854	1
AeroNOx 2.0™ Test Circuit	738-1889	1
AeroNOx 2.0™ Calibration Circuit*	738-1850	1

\*Calibration requires a calibration regulator. An INOstat Backup Bagger kit is also required in the event of AeroNOx 2.0™ failure during use. If your hospital does not have each of these, they must be purchased as separate items shown below. The same regulator may be used for NO and NO<sub>2</sub>, but a purge procedure must be completed each time it is attached to a new bottle of gas.

Component	Part Number	Quantity
Calibration Regulator with CGA 625 Fitting	731-9141	1
INOstat Kit	731-9147	1

### 1.11. Initial Setup

- a. Unpack the AeroNOx 2.0™ and inspect for damage.
- b. Install battery as per Section 7., MAINTENANCE, "Battery Replacement". The AeroNOx 2.0™ was shipped with a disconnected battery for safety.
- c. Unpack 9 VDC power supply (P/N 293-0011) and Power Cord (P/N 738-1916). Plug in AeroNOx 2.0™ and charge for ~72 hrs.
- d. Calibrate the AeroNOx 2.0™. (See Section 6., CALIBRATION.)
- e. Perform Section 2., PRE-USE CHECKOUT/ALARM VERIFICATION, before administering therapy to a patient.
- f. Install AeroNOx 2.0™ per the appropriate situation described in Section 3., PATIENT OPERATIONS.

## 1.12. Purge Procedure

Please follow purge instructions below to ensure gas purity. Failure to follow these instructions may introduce potentially harmful contaminants into the patient's breathing gas or may affect the monitoring analyzer's accuracy by introduction of contaminants into the calibration gas.

Any time a regulator is installed on a tank or cylinder of compressed gas, certain precautions must be followed. This is to prevent contamination of the gas in the tank and in the system by air that is trapped in the dead space of the regulator, hose, and fittings. To eliminate the possibility of the oxygen in this air reacting with the nitric oxide to form nitrogen dioxide in the system, the regulator, hose, and fittings must be purged before use. The valve on the tank must not be opened and left open until the regulator is purged. The stainless steel hose must also be purged prior to connection to the AeroNOx 2.0™.

### 1.12.1. **Purge Procedures for use with Medical Gas Regulators:**

- a. Connect cylinder to a matching CGA 626 nitric oxide or nitrogen dioxide regulator only.
- b. Connect stainless steel hose to quick disconnect.
- c. Open, then immediately close the cylinder valve pressurizing the hose.
- d. Purge (bleed) all of the gas from the regulator and hose with the purge pin on the AeroNOx 2.0™.
- e. Repeat steps c. and d. four more times for a total of five purge cycles.
- f. Leave the regulator installed until it is time to change to a new cylinder.
- g. Repeat the purge procedure any time a regulator is reattached.

Although the dead space volume in the regulator and hose assembly is physically small, if it had been exposed to room air for a period of time it will contain sufficient oxygen to convert a significant amount of nitric oxide to nitrogen dioxide.

### 1.13. Front Panel



1	Sample Line Inlet	Sample Line Filter Plugs Into Quick Disconnect
2	Delivery Line Outlet	Delivery Line Fitting
3	NO Flow Control	Sets NO Flow to Delivery Outlet
4	Power	Turns Power On/Off
5	Main Screen	Displays Measured and Alarm Parameters
6	Alarm Silence Key	Silences Alarm For One Minute
7	Backlight	Dims Backlight to 50% Normal
8	Back	Returns to previous screen
9	Soft Keys	Variable Function Keys Correspond to Screen Menu
10	Charging Indicator	Green LED illuminates when plugged-in
11	Protective Cover	Removable impact protection



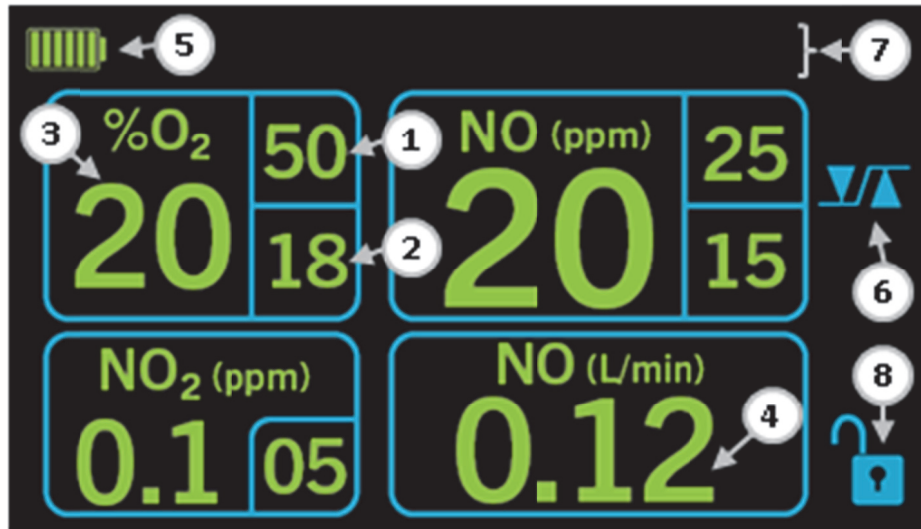
1.14. Rear Panel



1	NO/N <sub>2</sub> Gas Inlet	Quick Connect for NO Gas Delivery
2	Purge Pin	Purge Pin for NO Delivery Line
3	Sensor Housing Cover	Houses NO, NO <sub>2</sub> , and O <sub>2</sub> Sensors
4	Sample Gas Exhaust Ports	Gas Escape for Internal Pump
5	Dovetail Mounting Bracket	Mounts AeroNOx 2.0™ on Pole or Handle
6	Battery Housing Cover	Houses 6 volt Battery
7	Power Supply LED Indicator	Indicates if Unit is Connected to A/C Power
8	Power Supply Cord Outlet	Power Supply Connection w/Dust Cover
9	VESA 75 Mount (4 × M4 Screws)	75 mm × 75 mm Mounting Pattern
10	Handle	Integrated Handle

1.15. Navigating Display Screens

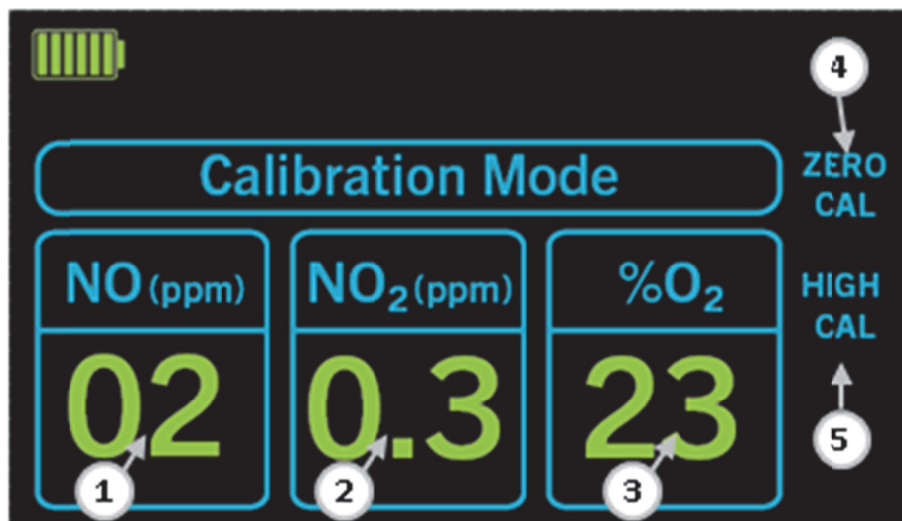
There are two screens that can be displayed on the AeroNOx 2.0™ NO delivery system. Main display screen and Calibration screen.



1.15.1. **Main Display Screen**

On the main screen the operator can monitor values and alarm messages.

1	Upper Alarm Limit
2	Lower Alarm Limit
3	Measured Value
4	NO Flow Rate Display
5	Battery Life or A/C Power
6	Alarm Settings
7	Message Area
8	Screen Lock Status









### 1.15.2. Calibration Mode Display Screen

During the first five seconds of start-up, user has the option of entering the calibration display screen. The calibration screen lets the user select different calibration options which will be covered in Section 6.

1	NO Measured Value
2	NO <sub>2</sub> Measured Value
3	O <sub>2</sub> Measured Value
4	Room Air Calibration
5	NO, NO <sub>2</sub> , O <sub>2</sub> Calibration with Known Calibrated Gas

## 1.16. Universal Power Supply

Description	Illustration
<p>The universal power supply is both a voltage source for internal charging and an AC power supply.</p> <p>The internal charging circuit will sense battery condition and adjust the charge as necessary.</p> <p>Even when the external power supply is not connected, the battery provides a bias charge to the NO, NO<sub>2</sub>, and O<sub>2</sub> cells to keep sensors in a ready state. The power drawn from biasing the sensors will deplete a new fully charged battery in approximately one week. Because of this, it is recommended the external power supply of the AeroNOx 2.0™ remain plugged in at all times to maintain battery charge.</p> <p>Connect power supply to AeroNOx 2.0™ by inserting power plug into the DC jack on the back side. A green LED light on the back and the front indicates that the power is supplied to the AeroNOx 2.0™.</p> <p>The power supply is a non-ME Equipment element of the AeroNOx 2.0™ ME System. The power supply has an IP rating of IP22. When not connected, use the tethered rubber plug to seal the DC input jack from the environment to maintain the IP 33 rating of the ME Equipment.</p>	 <p>The illustration consists of three parts: 1) A black universal power supply with a label that includes 'Order No.: 6240859-P1J', 'MEXIA WELL INSTRUMENTS CO., LTD.', and 'MADE IN CHINA'. 2) A photograph of the back of the AeroNOx 2.0 device showing the DC input jack and a green LED indicator. 3) A circular inset showing a close-up of the DC jack with the power plug inserted, and a green LED light on the front of the device is shown illuminated.</p>
<p>A low battery alarm will alert the user when there are approximately 15 minutes remaining. (See Section 4., ALARMS.)</p>	 <p>The screenshot shows the AeroNOx 2.0 display with a red 'LOW BATTERY' warning at the top. The display shows the following readings: %O<sub>2</sub> 95 (with 99 and 18 in smaller text), NO (ppm) 20 (with 40 and 15 in smaller text), NO<sub>2</sub> (ppm) 0.0 (with 04 in smaller text), and NO (L/min) 0.25. There is also a small 'y/A' icon and a lock icon on the right side of the display.</p>

POWER STATES						
Power State	LCD DISPLAY	External Supply	LCD Indicator	Green LED Lights	Battery Status	Life
 OFF	OFF	PLUGGED-IN	OFF	ON	CHARGING	INDEFINITE
 OFF	OFF	UNPLUGGED	OFF	OFF	MAINTAINING SENSOR BIAS	~1 WEEK
 ON	ON	PLUGGED-IN		ON	CHARGING	INDEFINITE
 ON	ON	UNPLUGGED		OFF	SYSTEM RUNNING	~5 HOURS

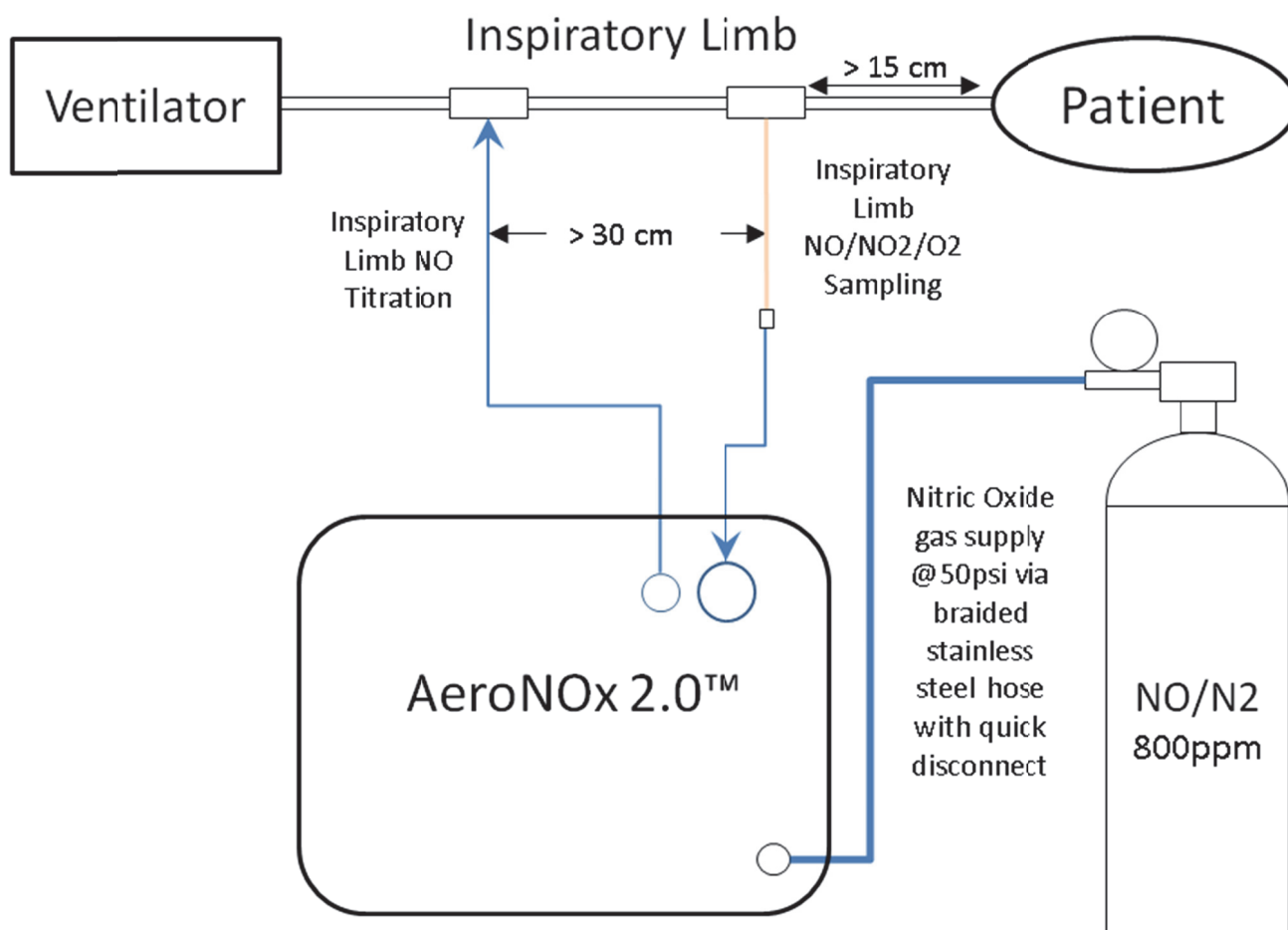
### 1.17. Theory of Operation

The AeroNOx 2.0™ NO delivery system provides a constant dose of NO gas into the inspiratory limb of the ventilator circuit. The AeroNOx 2.0™ utilizes a bi-logic design to ensure safe delivery of NO to the patient. First, a NO delivery logic system precisely measures flow of NO to the ventilator circuit to maintain an accurate NO level. Second, a separate gas monitoring system uses NO, NO<sub>2</sub>, and O<sub>2</sub> sensors to continuously measure and display concentrations. The dual logic approach allows independent delivery of NO and monitoring. The dual logic also allows the monitoring system to shut down AeroNOx 2.0™ delivery if it detects a fault in the delivery system (See Below). The set-up delivery and monitoring is performed by a trained clinician.

1. The cylinder regulator is attached to the AeroNOx 2.0™ via stainless steel tubing to the NO/N<sub>2</sub> quick disconnect located on the back of the device.
2. NO gas enters the back of the AeroNOx 2.0™ then through a safety shut-off valve which is open during normal operation.
3. A delivery line is placed in the inspiratory limb of the ventilator circuit, between the outlet and humidifier (if applicable). Based on the ventilator flow, NO gas concentration, and desired dose, the operator adjusts NO flow to reach prescribed dose.

#### 4. NO Gas Monitoring

- The AeroNOx 2.0™ displays values for NO and NO<sub>2</sub> in parts per million (ppm) and %O<sub>2</sub>. A sample line is placed in the inspiratory limb of the ventilator circuit at least 30 cm (12 in) downstream of the delivery line. Sample gas is withdrawn from the breathing circuit and goes through Nafion® dryer tubing, a hydrophobic small particle filter, a sample pump, and finally through the gas monitoring sensors.
  - The pump ensures a sample gas flow rate is maintained to the monitoring sensors.
  - Gas monitoring sensors are electrochemical; they are specific to each gas and provide an electronic signal that when properly calibrated correlates to the concentration of the gas present.
5. The operator should face the AeroNOx 2.0™ screen, monitoring its status during normal use.





## 1.18. Environmental Effects

The AeroNOx 2.0™ NO, NO<sub>2</sub>, and O<sub>2</sub> sensors are specified for use up to 12,000 ft., but above 10,000 ft. it is recommended that the external supply be unplugged to ensure electrical isolation. The AeroNOx 2.0™ will continue to operate on internal battery power for approximately 5 hours until it must be plugged in again to continue and recharge.

### 1.18.1. **NO and NO<sub>2</sub>**

These sensors are electrochemical cells with a signal governed by gas diffusion through a membrane. Sudden pressure changes will increase the diffusion rate causing a bump in the signal for a few seconds until the pressure is equalized on both sides of the membrane. Once equalized, diffusion once again becomes the dominant effect creating a signal. Therefore the NO and NO<sub>2</sub> sensors have a very low pressure dependence, but are subject to sudden pressure changes. For use in the AeroNOx 2.0™ application, this is not a problem.

### 1.18.2. **Oxygen**

The sensor actually senses partial pressure of oxygen, not percentage. Therefore changes in barometric pressure change the reading, even if the percent of oxygen in the sample remains constant.

Partial pressure of oxygen (PO<sub>2</sub>) equals the percent of oxygen (%O<sub>2</sub>) times (×) the pressure at which the sample is measured (mmHg-mercury):

$$PO_2 = (\%O_2) (\text{mmHg})$$

#### **For example:**

At sea level, the pressure equals 760 mmHg and dry air contains 21% O<sub>2</sub>. Therefore;

$$\begin{aligned} PO_2 &= (21\%) (760 \text{ mmHg}) \\ PO_2 &= 160 \text{ mmHg} \end{aligned}$$

If the instrument is calibrated to read 21% at 160 mmHg partial pressure, and the instrument is then moved to an area above sea level where the atmospheric pressure is 700 mmHg, a lower reading is found due to a lower partial pressure.

$$\begin{aligned} PO_2 &= (21\%) (700 \text{ mmHg}) \\ PO_2 &= 147 \text{ mmHg} \end{aligned}$$

The percent reading on the instrument is derived by the following formula:

$$X = \frac{(21\%)(147 \text{ mmHg})}{(160 \text{ mmHg})} = 19.3\%$$

Therefore, to eliminate error caused by pressure changes, the instrument must be calibrated at the pressure and flow rate at which it is to be used.

Source: Ohio Medical MiniOX 1A Operation Manual, P/N 806129 [Rev. 1] 09/2010

### 1.18.3. **Flow Meter Display**

The flow meter is based on mass flow but volumetric flow is displayed based on standard atmospheric conditions. Therefore at higher altitudes, the display will not change even though volumetric flow rate has increased.

### 1.18.4. **Other Environmental Conditions**

The EMS environment is an uncontrolled and changing environment that requires the operator to react to conditions not seen in a typical healthcare facility. Rapid changes in temperature, pressure, lighting, vibration, noise, power, and cleanliness must be considered. The AeroNOx 2.0™ is designed to withstand these quickly changing conditions.

- The LCD may wash out in direct bright sunlight but simply changing viewing angle will make the screen visible again. Dust and lint may be wiped using standard cleaning procedures described in this manual.
- While no known devices interfere directly with the AeroNOx 2.0™, the user must recognize signs of a problem including erratic displayed sensor values. In the event of temporary interference, the device may alarm, then recover and continue to operate normally. In other circumstances, the user must recognize a persistent problem and be ready to use the backup bagger.
- Power is generally unreliable and noisy in an EMS environment, so the AeroNOx 2.0™ internal battery automatically takes over when externally supplied power cuts out. The user should recognize the change in power status and monitor the battery level as required to ensure safe transport.

### 1.18.5. **Degraded Performance**

As the device ages, the sensors, battery, or pump may change characteristics.




- As the sensors near their end of life, their response to the sampled gas may decrease. The high range calibration compensates for this condition until the response is no longer high enough to be valid. At this point a calibration error will occur. If wires break loose or connections corrode, the sensors will respond erratically causing an alarm condition or calibration error.
- Despite the use of an inlet filter, the pump or sample circuit may eventually become partially clogged with contaminants or debris, reducing the sample flow rate. The gas sensors will still measure accurately, but their response time may increase due to lower flow. The yearly preventative maintenance cycle should identify any issues that need to be addressed.
- The battery may not hold a complete charge or it may not last as long as a new battery, but the device will still work on external power. Allowing the battery to fully discharge repeatedly will reduce the overall number of cycles in the life of the battery.


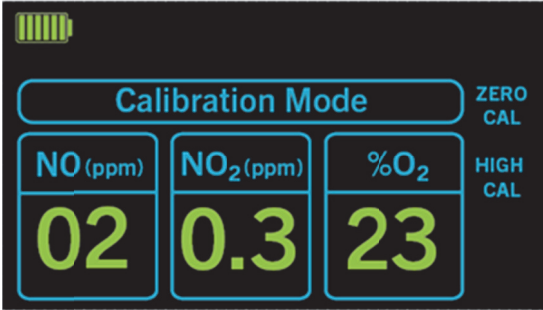
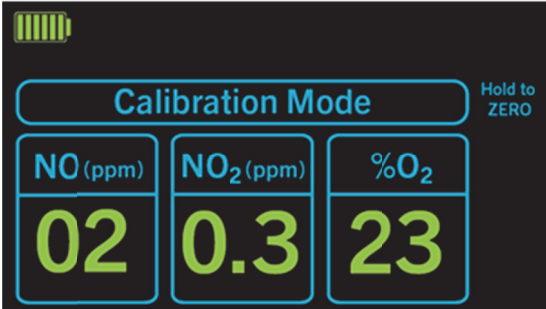
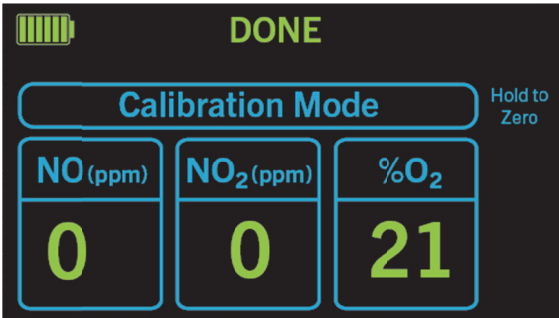
Therefore, it is important that the user performs the pre-use checkout procedures in this manual to ensure the device is calibrated and functioning properly before being used on a patient. If the device cannot be calibrated properly, or if the sensors have been compromised, it must be serviced before use.


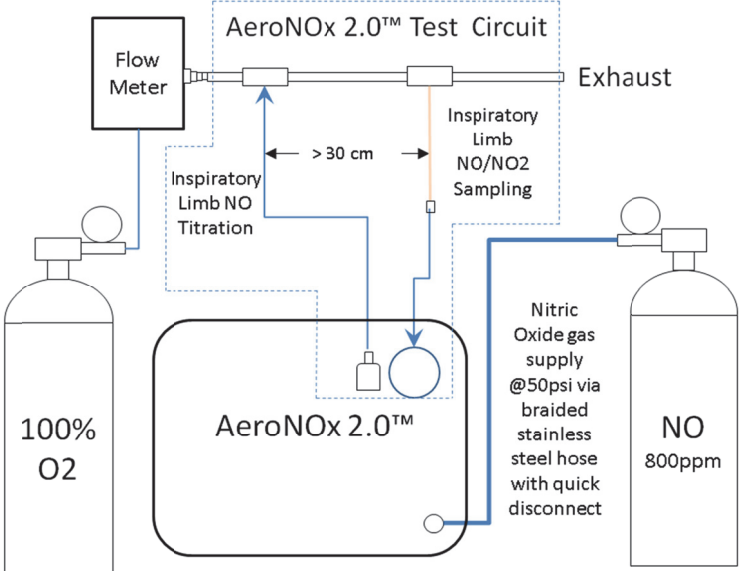





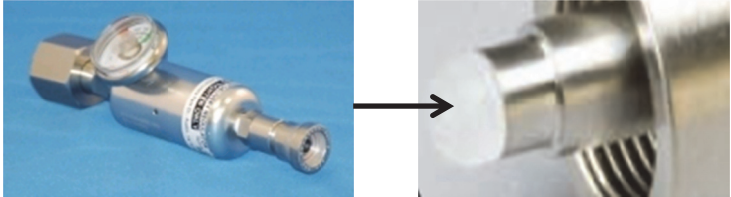
**2. PRE-USE CHECKOUT/ALARM VERIFICATION**

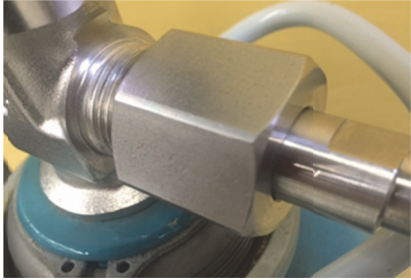
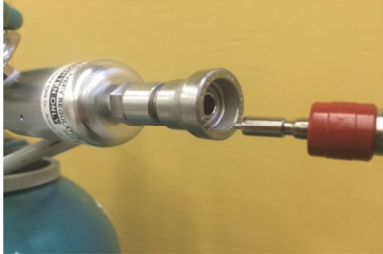


Pre-use procedures consist of the following tests which must be done before delivering NO gas to the patient. This procedure simulates a ventilator circuit with constant flow by using a 100% O<sub>2</sub> source and a flow meter:

Description	Step	Illustration
Obtain AeroNOx 2.0™	1	 <p>The illustration shows the AeroNOx 2.0 device, a rectangular unit with a central LCD screen, several control buttons, and a flow meter on the right side. The brand name 'AeroNOx 2.0' is visible on the top right of the device's face.</p>
Connect power supply to AeroNOx 2.0™. Insert power cord into receptacle on the back panel. A green LED light indicates external power is supplied to the AeroNOx 2.0™.	2	 <p>The illustration is a close-up of the back panel of the device. It shows a power cord plugged into a receptacle. A green LED light is illuminated above the receptacle. A label next to the receptacle reads '9 VDC, 4.5A'.</p>
Turn the AeroNOx 2.0™ on by pressing the "ON/OFF" button.	3	 <p>The illustration shows the front panel of the AeroNOx 2.0 device. A black arrow points to a small circular button on the right side of the panel, which is the ON/OFF button. The flow meter and other controls are also visible.</p>






Description	Step	Illustration
<p>Self-test screen will appear. Press and hold <b>“BACK”</b> button until calibration mode screen appears.</p>	4	
<p>Press soft key next to <b>“ZERO CAL”</b> to enter zero mode. Wait for 2-3 minutes until all values stabilize.</p> <p><b>NOTE:</b> <i>If following the initial setup instructions and a calibration per Section 6. was just completed, the AeroNOx 2.0™ does not need to be re-zeroed.</i></p>	5	
<p>Press and hold soft key <b>“ZERO”</b> again until timer completes and <b>“DONE”</b> message appears.</p> <p>Zero calibration does not require calibration gases. Note ambient room %O<sub>2</sub> concentration “zero” is actually 21%.</p>	6	
<p>Zero Calibration Completed.</p>	7	

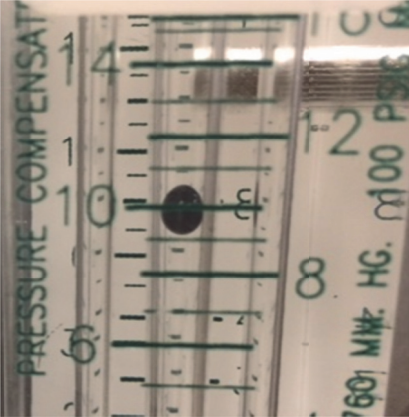


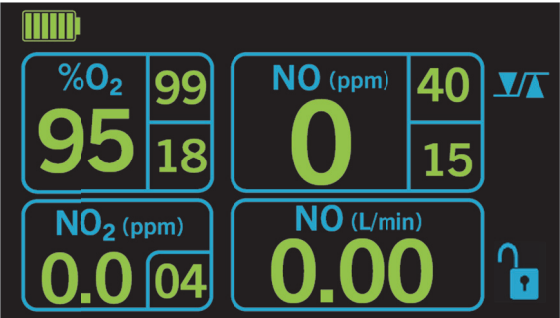
Description	Step	Illustration
<p>Turn the AeroNOx 2.0™ Off by pressing and holding the <b>“ON/OFF”</b> button for ~3 seconds.</p>	<p>8</p>	
<p>Assemble AeroNOx 2.0™ Test Circuit as shown using the following steps with these parts:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. 100% O<sub>2</sub> source</li> <li>2. Flow meter capable of 10 L/min</li> <li>3. AeroNOx 2.0™ Test Circuit (738-1889)</li> <li>4. AeroNOx 2.0™</li> <li>5. Calibrated NO gas with regulator and quick disconnect</li> </ol>	<p>9</p>	 <p>The diagram illustrates the assembly of the AeroNOx 2.0™ Test Circuit. It shows a 100% O<sub>2</sub> gas cylinder connected to a flow meter, which then feeds into the inspiratory limb of the test circuit. The inspiratory limb includes an NO titration point. The test circuit is connected to the AeroNOx 2.0™ device. A separate NO 800ppm gas cylinder is connected to the device via a braided stainless steel hose with a quick disconnect. The device's output goes to an exhaust. A distance of &gt; 30 cm is indicated between the inspiratory limb and the sampling point.</p>
<p>Connect Test Circuit's delivery line and sample lines to corresponding ports on front of AeroNOx 2.0™.</p>	<p>10</p>	


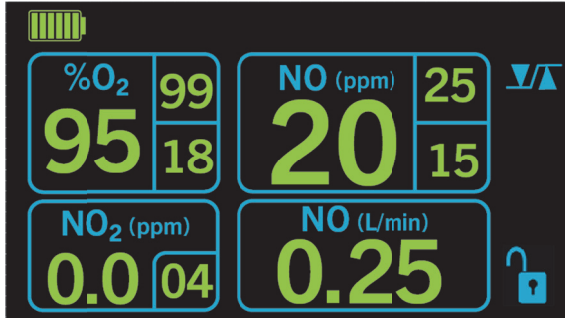
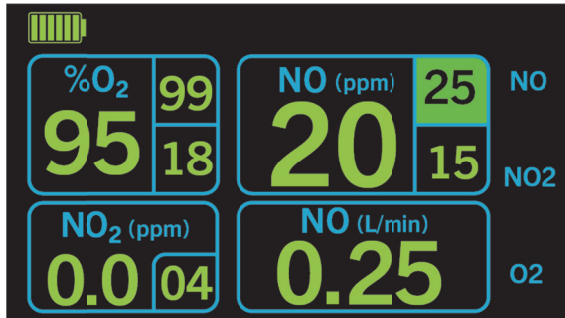
Description	Step	Illustration
<p>Close flow meter valve and connect Test Circuit to oxygen flow meter and 100% O<sub>2</sub> source gas. No gas should be flowing yet.</p> <p><b><i>NOTE:</i></b> The source may be a bottle or wall outlet, but must be able to deliver 10 L/min.</p>	11	
<p>Obtain and check NO gas cylinder for proper labels, concentration and expiration date.</p>	12	
<p>Obtain high pressure delivery regulator. Inspect for cracks and chips on sealing nipple, replace as necessary. See Section 7.</p>	13	

Description	Step	Illustration
Connect regulator to cylinder and hand tighten.	14	
Insert male quick connect on stainless steel NO delivery tubing into the corresponding female connection on regulator.	15	
Open cylinder by rotating valve fully counterclockwise.	16	
Note pressure on regulator.	17	


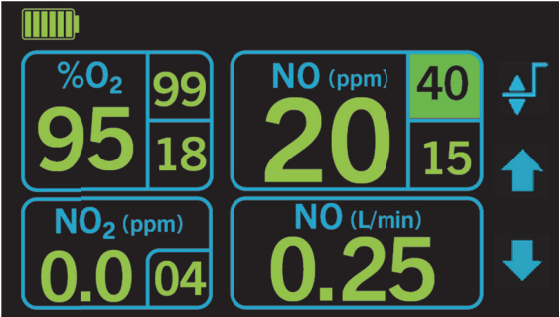
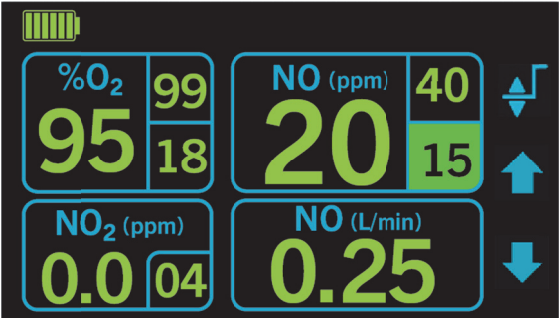



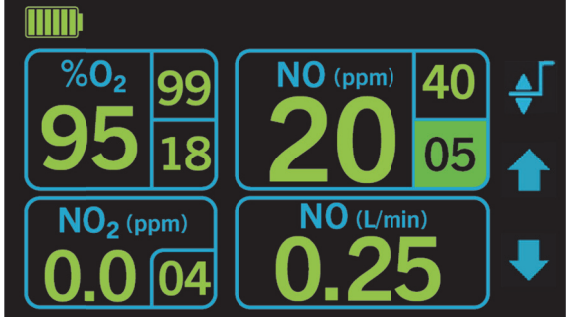

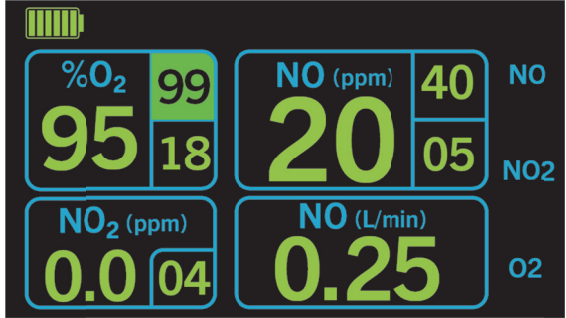
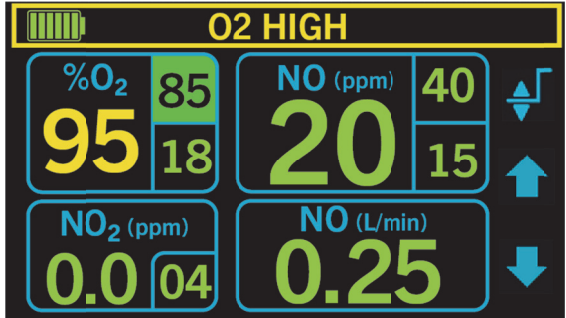
Description	Step	Illustration
Turn cylinder off by rotating valve fully clockwise.	18	
Observe cylinder pressure for 30 seconds, if pressure drop is >100 psi, there is significant leakage that must be repaired. Check for leaks at connections using soap and water. If no significant leak is found, then continue.	19	
Close the cylinder.	20	
Purge regulator and stainless NO supply hose using the purge pin on the back of the AeroNOx 2.0™. Open the cylinder to re-pressurize line, then close and purge again. Repeat 4-5 times.	21	
Make sure the AeroNOx 2.0™ is still off and connect stainless steel NO supply hose to NO/N <sub>2</sub> Gas Inlet quick disconnect.	22	



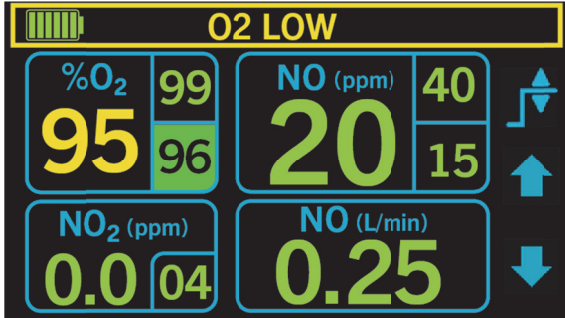


Description	Step	Illustration
<p>Open flow meter valve and set O<sub>2</sub> flow through Test Circuit to 10 L/min.</p>	<p>23</p>	
<p>Rotate NO flow control fully clockwise to Off.</p>	<p>24</p>	
<p>Turn the AeroNOx 2.0™ on by pressing the “ON/OFF” button for ~1 second.</p>	<p>25</p>	
<p>Self-test screen will again appear followed by the main screen. “Zero” values obtained previously should be shown. NO (L/min) should be zero.</p>	<p>26</p>	

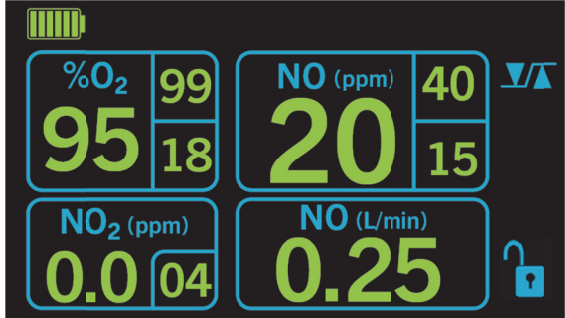
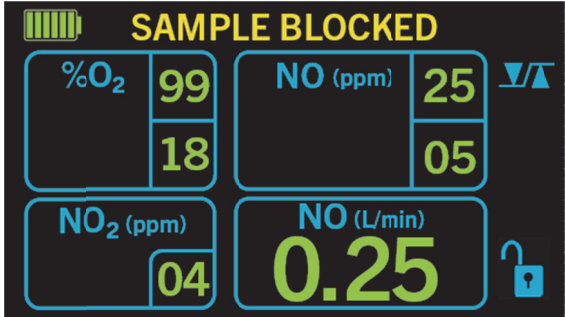

Description	Step	Illustration
<p>Rotate NO flow control counter-clockwise until NO flow reads 0.25 L/min.</p>	<p>27</p>	
<p>Allow values to stabilize for at least 1 minute then compare values to acceptable range.</p> <p>If monitored values are outside the acceptable range, do a High Cal. (See Section 6.)</p>	<p>28</p>	<p><b>ACCEPTABLE RANGE:</b>  <b>NO</b> 15-25 ppm  <b>NO<sub>2</sub></b> &lt;1.5 ppm  <b>%O<sub>2</sub></b> 95 ±5%</p>
<p>Press “Set High/Low Alarm” control soft key.</p>	<p>29</p>	
<p>Press “NO” control key. NO High alarm limit becomes highlighted.</p>	<p>30</p>	



Description	Step	Illustration
<p>Set NO High alarm level 2 ppm below displayed NO value using “UP/DOWN” arrow keys. Alarm should sound.</p>	31	
<p>Set NO High alarm to 40 ppm using “UP ARROW” soft key. Alarm should stop.</p>	32	
<p>Press “Set Low Alarm” control soft key. NO Low alarm limit becomes highlighted.</p>	33	
<p>Set NO Low alarm level 2 ppm above displayed NO value using “UP/DOWN” arrow keys. Alarm should sound.</p>	34	

Description	Step	Illustration
<p>Set <b>NO Low</b> alarm to 5 ppm using “<b>UP/DOWN</b>” arrow keys. Alarm should stop.</p>	35	 <p>The screenshot shows a battery level indicator at the top left. The main display is divided into four quadrants: top-left shows %O<sub>2</sub> with a current value of 95 and a target of 18; top-right shows NO (ppm) with a current value of 20 and a target of 05 (highlighted in green); bottom-left shows NO<sub>2</sub> (ppm) with a current value of 0.0 and a target of 04; bottom-right shows NO (L/min) with a current value of 0.25. On the right side, there are three blue arrow keys: a double-headed vertical arrow, an upward arrow, and a downward arrow.</p>
<p>Press back button control key</p>	36	 <p>A square button with a grey background and a white curved arrow pointing to the left, representing the back button control key.</p>
<p>Press “<b>O<sub>2</sub></b>” soft key. %O<sub>2</sub> High alarm limit becomes highlighted.</p>	37	 <p>The screenshot is similar to the previous one, but the target value for %O<sub>2</sub> (99) is now highlighted in green. On the right side of the display, the labels NO, NO<sub>2</sub>, and O<sub>2</sub> are listed vertically, with O<sub>2</sub> positioned below the NO (L/min) display.</p>
<p>Set %O<sub>2</sub> High alarm limit to 85% using “<b>UP/DOWN</b>” arrow keys. Alarm should sound.</p>	38	 <p>The screenshot shows an alarm status bar at the top with a battery icon and the text "O2 HIGH" in yellow. The main display shows %O<sub>2</sub> with a current value of 95 and a target of 85 (highlighted in green). The NO (ppm) display now shows a target of 15. The other displays and arrow keys remain the same as in the previous steps.</p>

Description	Step	Illustration
<p>Set %O<sub>2</sub> High alarm limit to 100% using “UP/DOWN” arrow keys. Alarm should stop.</p>	39	 <p>The screenshot shows a dark background with green and blue text. At the top left is a battery icon. The main display is divided into four quadrants: top-left shows %O<sub>2</sub> 95 with a high alarm limit of 100 and a low alarm limit of 18; top-right shows NO (ppm) 20 with a high alarm limit of 40 and a low alarm limit of 15; bottom-left shows NO<sub>2</sub> (ppm) 0.0 with a low alarm limit of 04; bottom-right shows NO (L/min) 0.25. On the right side, there are four blue arrow keys: a double-headed vertical arrow, an up arrow, a down arrow, and a double-headed vertical arrow.</p>
<p>Press “Set Low Alarm” control soft key. %O<sub>2</sub> low alarm limit becomes highlighted.</p>	40	 <p>This screenshot is identical to the previous one, but the low alarm limit of 18 for %O<sub>2</sub> is highlighted with a green background.</p>
<p>Set %O<sub>2</sub> Low alarm limit to 1% above displayed value using “UP/DOWN” arrow keys.</p>	41	 <p>The screenshot shows an alarm banner at the top that reads "O2 LOW" in yellow. The %O<sub>2</sub> high alarm limit is now 99, and the low alarm limit is 96. The other gas concentrations and limits remain the same as in the previous steps.</p>
<p>Set %O<sub>2</sub> Low alarm limit back to 18% using “UP/DOWN” arrow keys.</p>	42	 <p>The screenshot is identical to the previous one, but the low alarm limit for %O<sub>2</sub> is now 18, and the "O2 LOW" alarm banner is no longer present.</p>
<p>Press “BACK” button control key two times.</p>	43	 <p>The screenshot shows a single grey button with a white curved arrow pointing to the left, representing the BACK button.</p>

Description	Step	Illustration
Main screen should now be displayed.	44	
Block sample line flow by kinking tubing at smooth bore portion. Alarm should sound indicating SAMPLE BLOCKED and NITRIC OFF.	45	
Unkink tubing. Press and hold "ON/OFF" button for ~3 second then push again to cycle power to reset.	46	
If AeroNOx 2.0™ is not going to be used, perform the following:	47	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Turn NO cylinder off.</li> <li>2. Allow oxygen to flow for 30 seconds, and then turn flowmeter to off.</li> <li>3. Remove Test Circuit from flowmeter and AeroNOx 2.0™.</li> <li>4. Disconnect stainless steel delivery line from the back of AeroNOx 2.0™.</li> <li>5. Press power key and turn AeroNOx 2.0™ off.</li> <li>6. Disconnect Stainless steel delivery line from regulator.</li> <li>7. Remove regulator from NO cylinder.</li> <li>8. Properly stow all equipment for later use.</li> </ol>

Description	Step	Illustration
If AeroNOx 2.0™ is going to be used, perform the following:	48	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Turn NO cylinder off.</li><li>2. Allow oxygen to flow for 30 seconds, and then turn flowmeter to off.</li><li>3. Disconnect Test Circuit from flowmeter and AeroNOx 2.0™.</li><li>4. Refer to Section 3.</li></ol>

### 3. PATIENT OPERATIONS

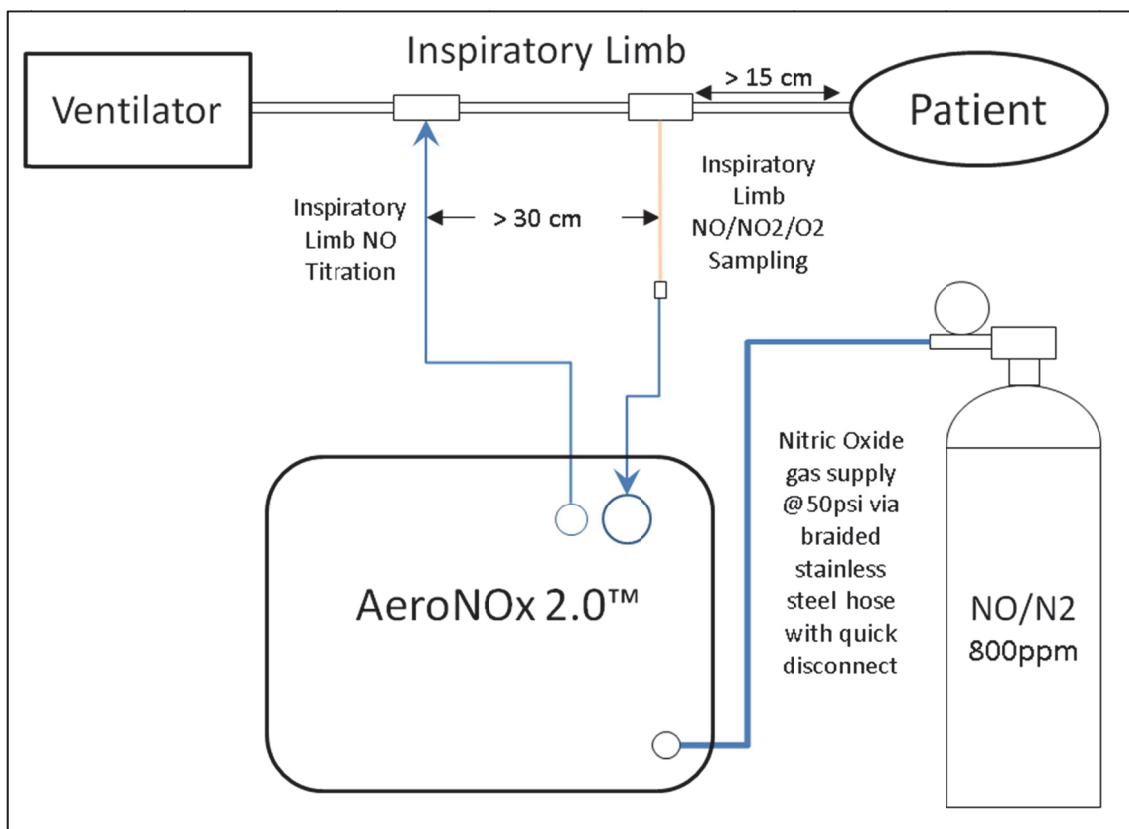
#### 3.1. Before Operation

Complete pre-use procedures outlined in the Section 2. before connecting the AeroNOx 2.0™ to the patient's ventilator breathing circuit.

#### 3.2. Connection to Ventilator Circuit (General)

Connect the AeroNOx 2.0™ into the breathing circuit as shown in the appropriate connection diagrams. In general, the connection is as follows:

1. Splice the delivery line tee into the inspiratory limb of the ventilator circuit.
2. Splice the sample line tee into the inspiratory limb of the ventilator circuit so:
  - a. The distance between the delivery tee and sample tee is 30-40 cm (12-15 in).
  - b. The distance between the sample tee and the patient wye is at least 15-30 cm (6-12 in).



#### 3.3. INOstat Bagger backup NO Delivery System

The INOstat Kit is used to continue NO delivery in the event of electronic or mechanical failure of the ventilator or AeroNOx 2.0™ NO delivery system. The system consists of the INOstat Bagger and backup delivery regulator.

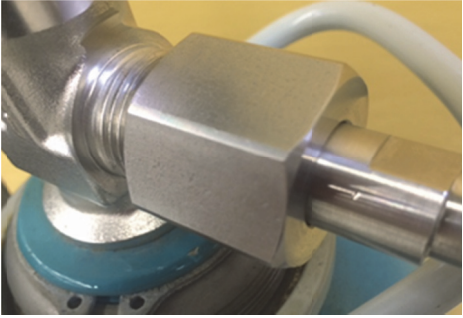

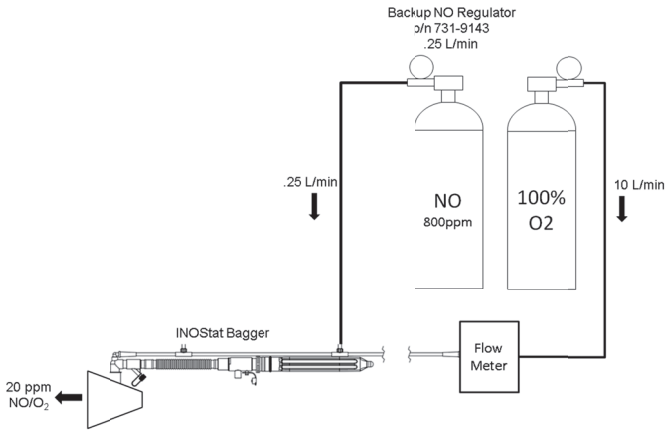

The INOstat Bagger is a manually operated, completely pneumatic device that does not depend on the AeroNOx 2.0™ to function.

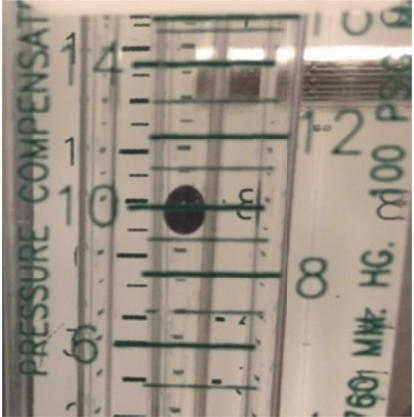
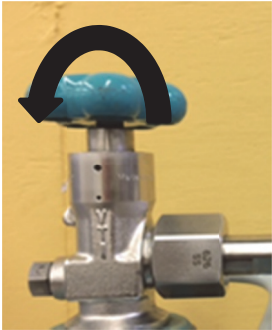
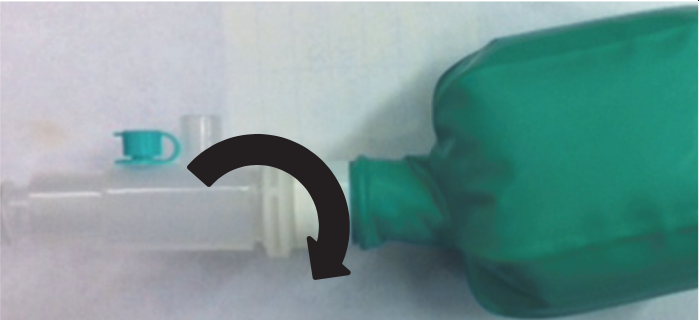
When connected to an NO cylinder, 0.25 L/min of NO gas is injected into the INOstat Bagger. When the INOstat Bagger is simultaneously connected to an oxygen gas source at 10 L/min, a 20 ppm concentration can be manually delivered to the patient.

3.4. INOstat Kit Pre-Use Checkout

Description	Step	Illustration
<p>Obtain and check NO gas cylinder for proper labels, concentration, and expiration date.</p>	<p>1</p>	
<p>Obtain high pressure backup delivery regulator preset to deliver 0.25 L/min NO.</p>	<p>2</p>	
<p>Inspect sealing nipple for cracks and chips, replace as necessary.</p>	<p>3</p>	

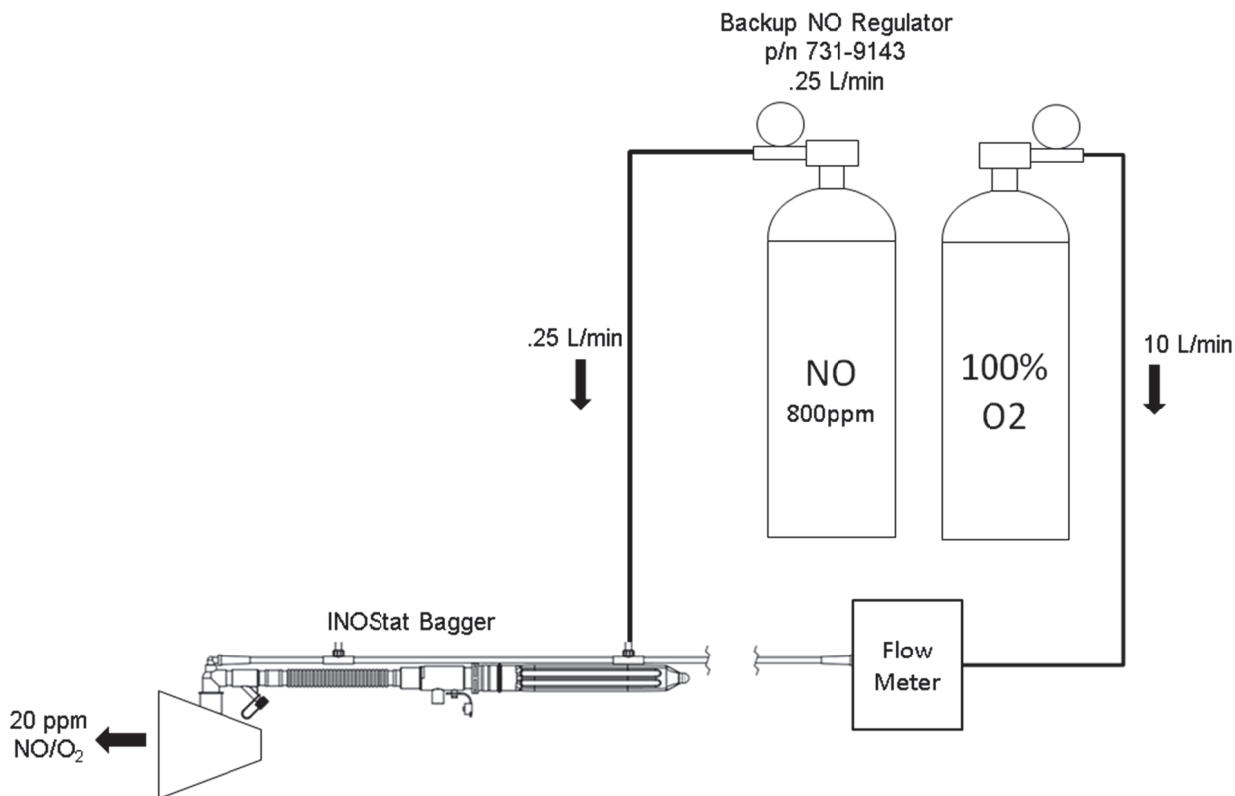


Description	Step	Illustration
<p>Connect regulator to NO cylinder and hand tighten.</p>	<p>4</p>	
<p>Obtain INOstat Bagger. 731-9919 (5-Pack)</p>	<p>5</p>	
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Connect oxygen tubing from INOstat Bagger to oxygen flowmeter.</li> <li>2. Connect INOstat Bagger delivery line to backup regulator.</li> <li>3. Verify gas sample connector is capped if present.</li> </ol>	<p>6</p>	
<p>Connect test lung to INOstat Bagger.</p>	<p>7</p>	

Description	Step	Illustration
<p>Set O<sub>2</sub> flowmeter to 10 L/min. Let oxygen flow for 30 seconds to flush system.</p>	8	
<p>Open NO cylinder by turning valve fully counterclockwise.</p>	9	
<p>Adjust outflow from bag by rotating valve until desired inflation is achieved.  Squeeze INOstat Bagger bag and verify test lung inflates.</p>	10	
<p>INOstat Bagger pre-use checkout is complete, perform the following:</p>	11	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Close NO cylinder.</li> <li>2. Remove backup regulator from NO cylinder.</li> <li>3. Allow O<sub>2</sub> to flow for 30 seconds to flush INOstat Bagger system then turn O<sub>2</sub> off.</li> <li>4. Stow system where it is accessible for emergency use</li> </ol>

### 3.5. INOstat Kit Instructions for Use

1. Ensure pre-use checkout has been performed.
2. Connect oxygen tubing from INOstat Bagger to O<sub>2</sub> flowmeter.
3. Connect INOstat Bagger delivery line to backup regulator.
4. Verify gas sample connector is capped.
5. Connect backup regulator to NO cylinder and hand tighten.
6. Set O<sub>2</sub> flowmeter to 10 L/min.
7. Let oxygen flow for 30 seconds to flush system.
8. Connect test lung to INOstat Bagger.
9. Adjust outflow from bag by rotating valve until desired inflation of test lung is reached.
10. Begin manually ventilating patient. The delivered dose will be 20 ppm.



### 3.6. Connection to Various Breathing Systems

#### 3.6.1. **Conventional Sample/Delivery Kit, AeroNOx 2.0™**



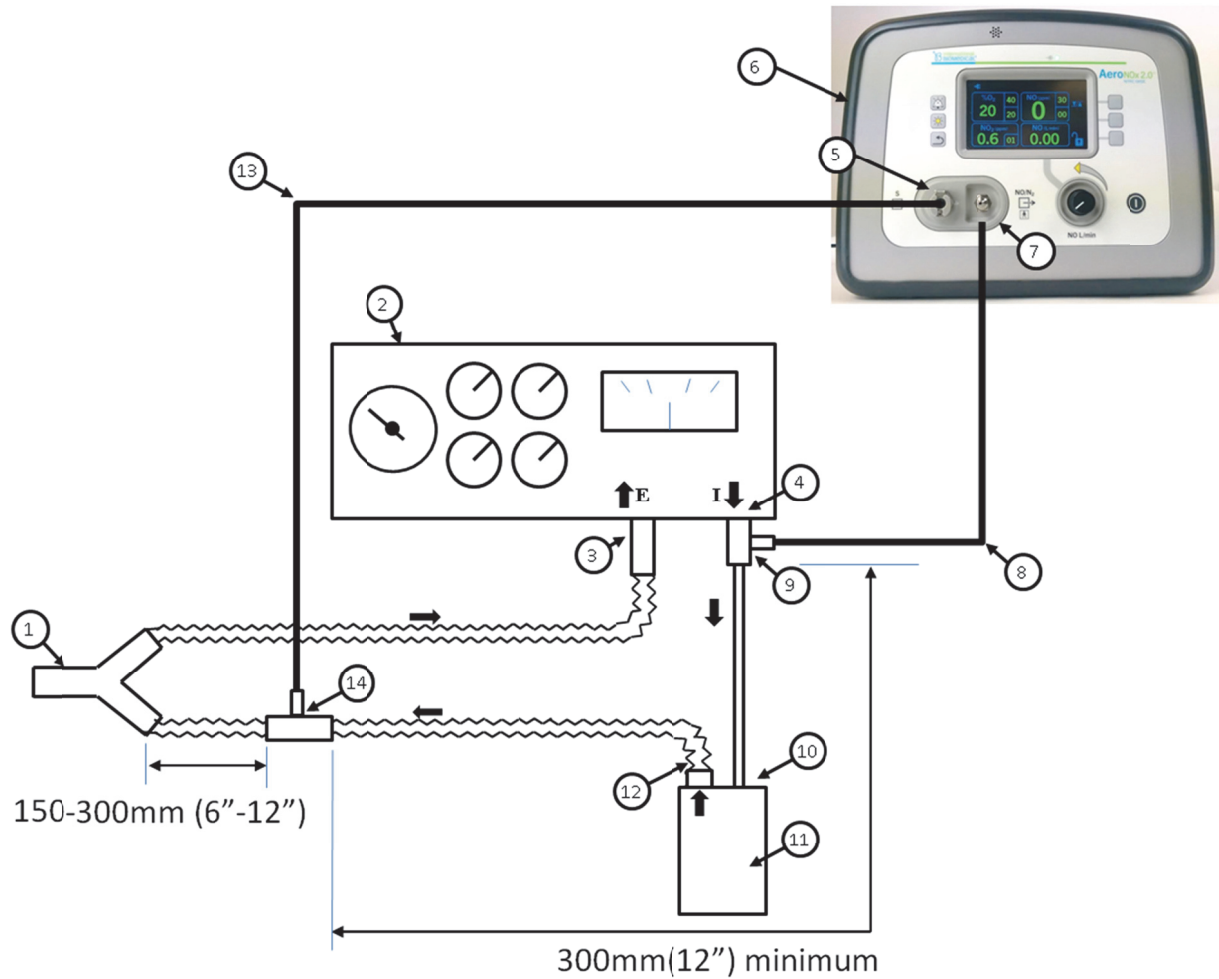
The Sample/Delivery Line Kit contains one sample line and one delivery line. The sample line is used to connect the AeroNOx 2.0™ to the inspiratory limb of a ventilator breathing circuit approximately 20-30 cm (10-12 in) upstream of the patient wye.

The AeroNOx 2.0™ side of the sample line is a quick disconnect 5-micron hydrophobic filter. Push into the sample port to connect. Press the release button and pull to remove. The other end of the sample line has Nafion® tubing for removing condensing humidity. It connects to an inline tee or other sample line adapter, pending identification of what ventilator is being used.

The Delivery Line is used to connect the AeroNOx 2.0™ to the inspiratory limb of the ventilator breathing circuit, approximately 20-30 cm upstream of the Sample Line.

To connect the delivery line, push the quick disconnect onto the delivery fitting. Pinch the fitting at the blue buttons to release. The other end of the sample line can connect to an inline tee or other sample line adapter, pending identification of what ventilator is being used.

### 3.7. Connection DIAGRAM - ICU Ventilator Circuit



1	Patient Wye
2	Ventilator
3	Ventilator Expiratory Port
4	Ventilator Inspiratory Port
5	Gas Sample Input Connection
6	AeroNOx 2.0™
7	Gas Delivery Port Connection
8	Patient Gas Delivery Line
9	Delivery Tee
10	Humidifier Inlet (Optional)
11	Humidifier (Optional)
12	Humidifier Outlet (Optional)
13	Patient Gas Sample Line
14	Gas Sample Tee

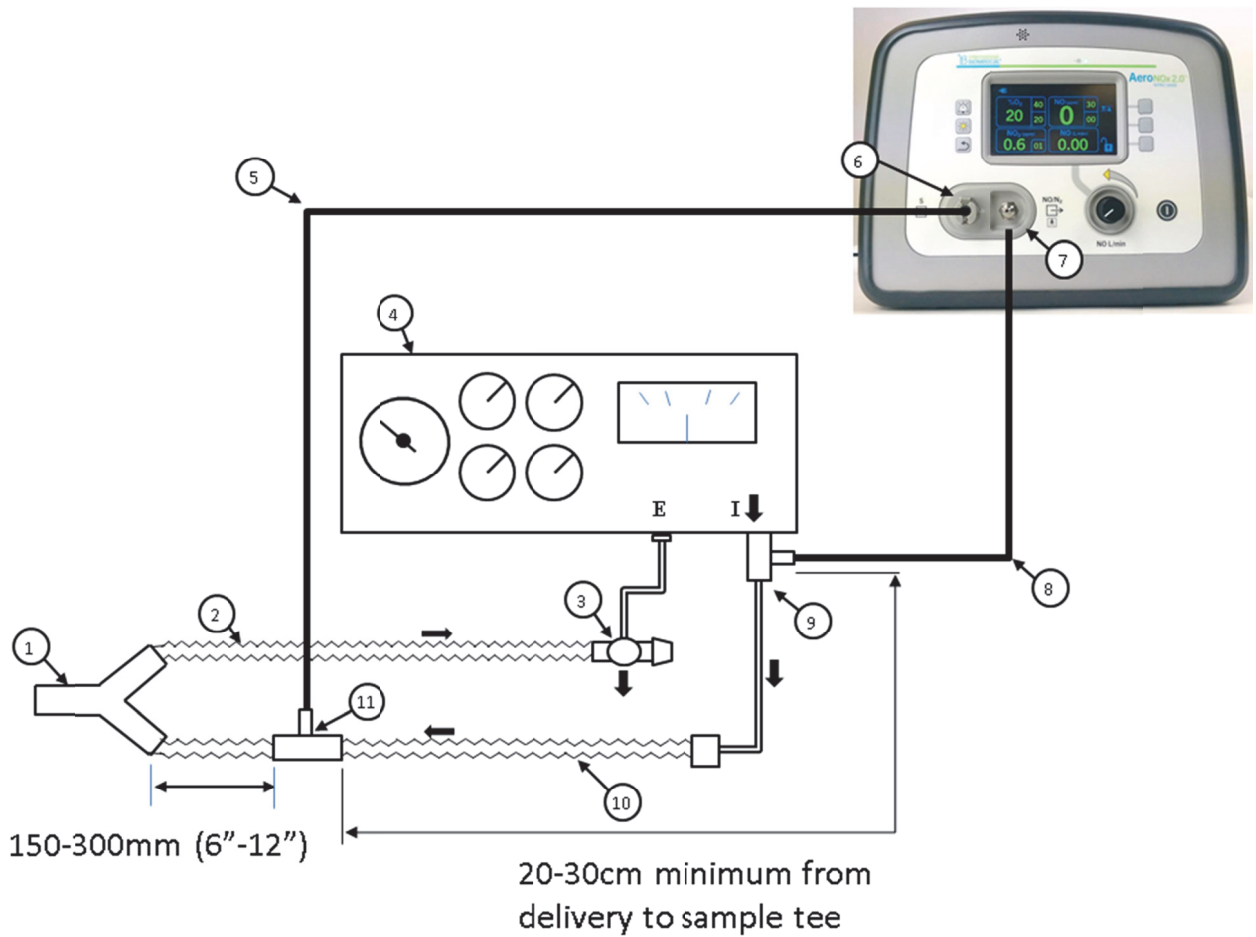
### 3.7.1. Steps to Connect to an ICU Ventilator Circuit

1. Perform pre-use checkout and alarm verification, Section 2.
2. Attach NO Worries sample and delivery lines to AeroNOx 2.0™ and ventilator circuit per Section 3.
3. Connect test lung to ventilator wye.
4. Set-up ventilator per hospital guidelines.
5. Ventilate test lung.
6. Inactivate Safety Shut Off System (Section 4., ALARMS).
7. Turn on NO gas cylinder.
8. Note approximate flow rate on ventilator
9. Calculate approximate NO flowrate using the following formula:

$$\text{NO Flow (LPM)} = \frac{\text{Vent Flow (LPM)} \times [\text{NO}]_{\text{Desired}}}{\text{Source } [\text{NO}]_{\text{in Tank}}}$$

10. Once NO has stabilized and NO<sub>2</sub> is at an acceptable level, adjust NO flow for desired NO ppm.
11. Calculated NO flow should be compared with analyzed NO dose. If there is >10% difference between the two, the cause must be determined and corrected immediately (Section 5., CALCULATIONS & TROUBLESHOOTING).
12. Activate Safety Shut Off System (Section 4., ALARMS).
13. Connect ventilator to patient according to institution protocol.

3.8. Connection DIAGRAM - Transport Ventilator Circuit



1	Patient Wye
2	Ventilator Expiratory Limb
3	Exhalation Valve
4	Ventilator
5	Gas Sample Line
6	Gas Sample Port Connection
7	Gas Delivery Port Connection
8	Delivery Line
9	Delivery Tee
10	Inspiratory Limb
11	Gas Sample Tee



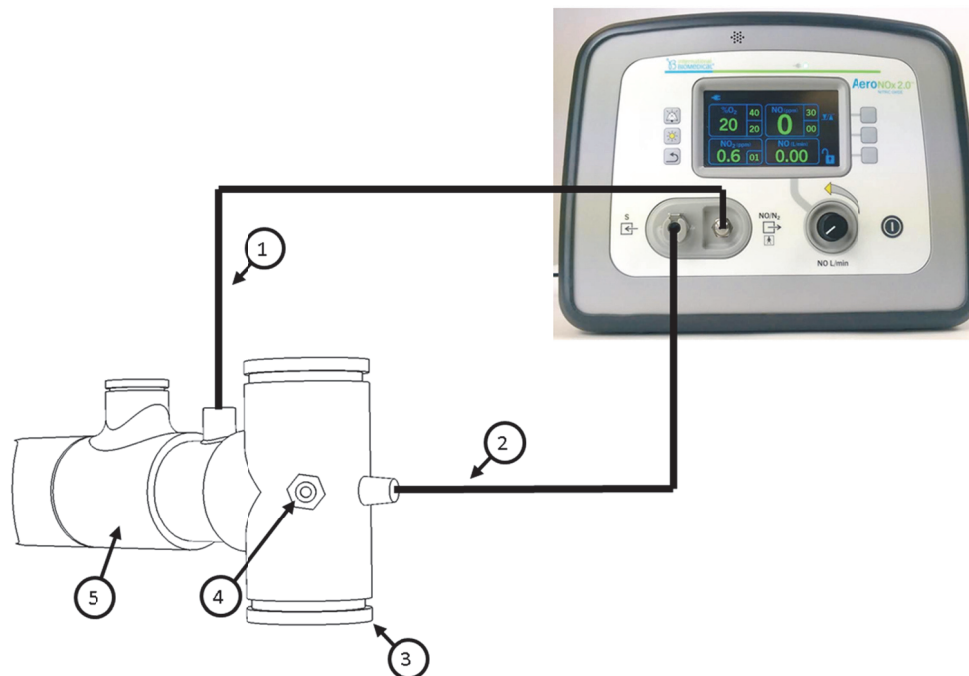
### 3.8.1. Steps to Connect to a Transport Ventilator Circuit

1. Perform pre-use checkout and alarm verification, Section 2.
2. Attach NO Worries sample and delivery lines to AeroNOx 2.0™ and ventilator circuit per Section 3.
3. Connect test lung to ventilator wye.
4. Set-up ventilator per hospital guidelines.
5. Ventilate test lung.
6. Inactivate Safety Shut Off System (Section 4., ALARMS).
7. Turn on NO gas cylinder.
8. Take note of flowrate set on the ventilator.
9. Calculate approximate NO flowrate using the following formula:

$$\text{NO Flow (LPM)} = \frac{\text{Vent Flow (LPM)} \times [\text{NO}]_{\text{Desired}}}{\text{Source } [\text{NO}]_{\text{in Tank}}}$$

10. Once NO has stabilized and NO<sub>2</sub> is at an acceptable level, adjust NO flow for desired NO ppm.
11. Calculated NO flow should be compared with analyzed NO dose. If there is >10% difference between the two, the cause must be determined and corrected immediately, see Section 5., CALCULATIONS & TROUBLESHOOTING.
12. Activate Safety Shut Off System (Section 4., ALARMS).
13. Connect ventilator to patient according to institution protocol.

### 3.9. Connection Diagram - High Frequency TXP-2D Phasitron



1	Gas Delivery Line
2	Gas Sample Line
3	Patient Connection
4	Proximal Airway Port
5	Phasitron

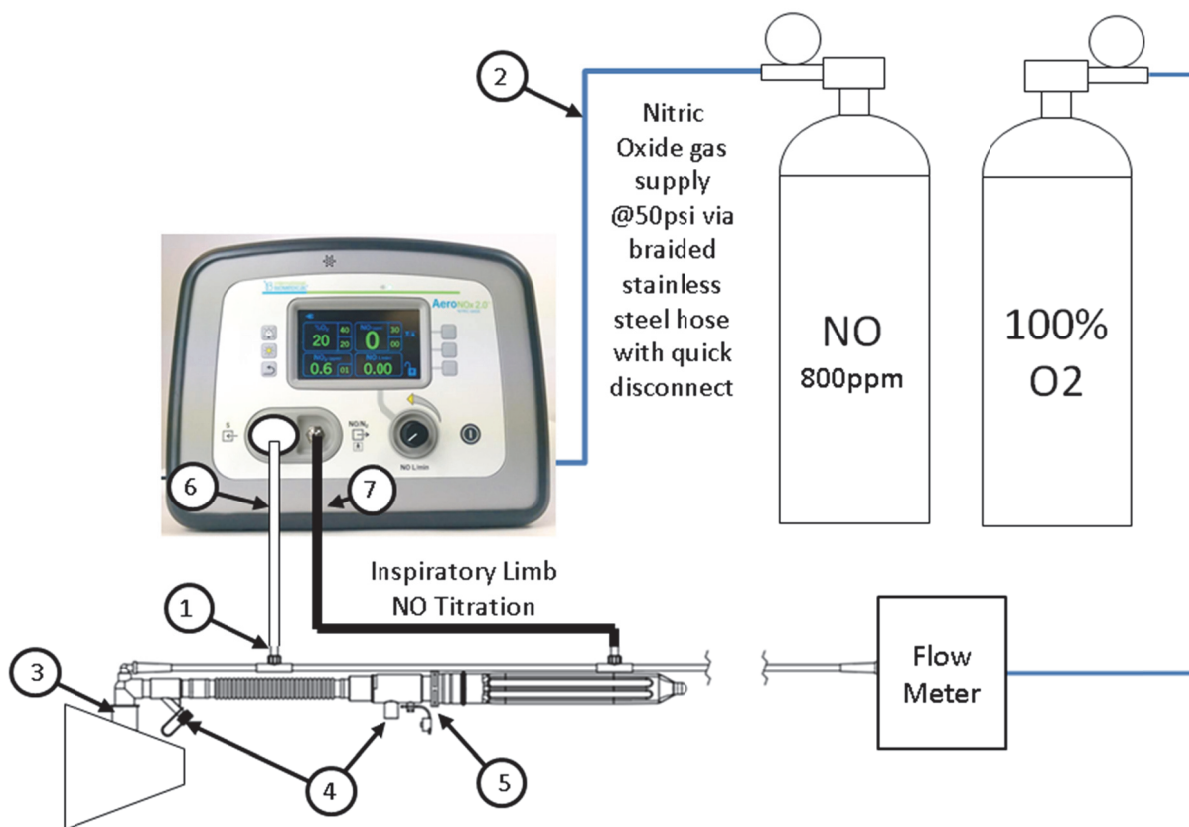
#### 3.9.1. **Steps to Connect to a High Frequency TXP-2D Phasitron**

1. Perform pre-use checkout and alarm verification, Section 2.
2. Replace standard Phasitron swivel tee with NO swivel tee (if applicable).
3. Connect NO Worries delivery and sample line to AeroNOx 2.0™.
4. Connect AeroNOx 2.0™ delivery line to Phasitron.
5. Connect AeroNOx 2.0™ sample line to Phasitron.
6. Connect proximal airway port from TXP-2D unit to proximal airway monitoring port on the Phasitron.
7. Connect to TXP-2D to test lung.
8. Set desired TXP-2D settings.
9. Inactivate Safety Shut Off System (Section 4., ALARMS).
10. Turn on NO gas cylinder.
11. Set desired AeroNOx 2.0™ settings (Start at 0.25 L/min).
12. Once NO has stabilized and NO<sub>2</sub> is at an acceptable level, adjust NO flow for desired NO ppm.
13. Activate Safety Shut Off System (Section 4., ALARMS).
14. Connect ventilator to patient according to institution protocol.

### 3.10. Connection Diagram - AeroNOx 2.0™ Bagger

The AeroNOx 2.0™ Bagger is used to continue NO delivery in place of, or in the event of electronic or mechanical failure of, the ventilator.

The AeroNOx 2.0™ Bagger is intended to be connected directly to the patient's endotracheal tube.



1	Gas Sample Port
2	Gas Supply Tubing
3	Patient Connection
4	Proximal Airway Ports
5	Adjustable Flow Valve
6	Gas Sample Line
7	Gas Delivery Line

#### 3.10.1. Steps to Connect to AeroNOx 2.0™ Bagger

1. Ensure pre-use checkout has been performed, Section 2.
2. Connect oxygen tubing from AeroNOx 2.0™ Bagger to oxygen flowmeter.
3. Connect AeroNOx 2.0™ Bagger delivery line to AeroNOx 2.0™.
4. Connect AeroNOx 2.0™ Bagger sample line to AeroNOx 2.0™.
5. Connect test lung to AeroNOx 2.0™ Bagger.
6. Set O<sub>2</sub> flowmeter to 10 L/min.
7. Adjust outflow from bag by rotating valve until desired inflation of test lung is reached.
8. Let oxygen flow for 30 seconds to flush system.

9. Set NO flow on AeroNOx 2.0™ to 0.25 L/min.
10. Adjust settings as necessary.
11. Wait for all parameters to stabilize.
12. Connect AeroNOx 2.0™ Bagger to patient and follow institution protocols.

#### 4. **ALARMS**

##### 4.1. General Alarm Information

A listing of alarm messages is provided at the end of this section.

All alarms have audible tones with associated visual cues.


##### 4.2. Priority Alarms

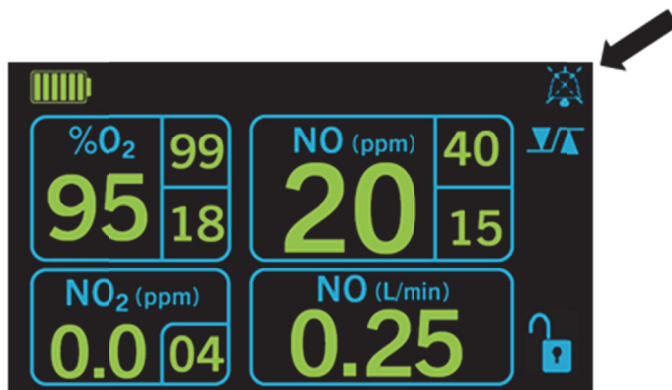
The following table provides the audible alarm tone information for low, medium, and high priority alarms. Volume is not adjustable.

AUDITORY ALARM TONES			
PRIORITY	DESCRIPTION	COMMENT	
High	10 Pulse Burst	Repeats if not silenced	
Medium	3 Pulse Burst	Repeats if not silenced	
Low	1 Pulse Burst	Repeats if not silenced	
VISUAL ALARM CUES			
PRIORITY	FREQUENCY	Color	Duty Cycle
High	2.1 Hz	Red	20% to 60% on
Medium	0.6 Hz	Yellow	20% to 60% on
Low	Constant (On)	Yellow	100% on


##### 4.3. Alarm Silencing



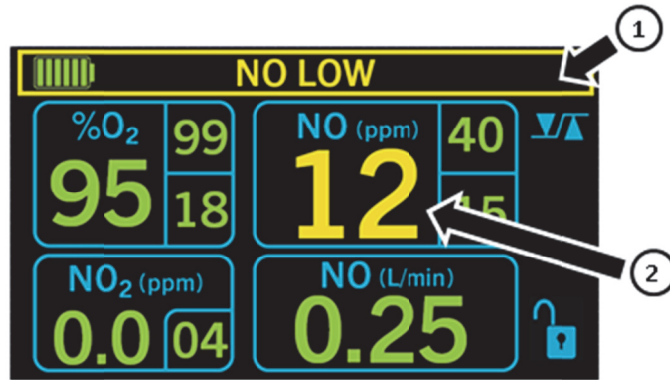
Pushing the alarm silence button  silences existing alarms for 60 seconds. When silenced, the alarm silence icon will appear as shown below.



If a new alarm condition occurs, the icon disappears and the audible alarm becomes active again.

Pushing the alarm silence button  while alarms are silenced will cancel the alarm silence.

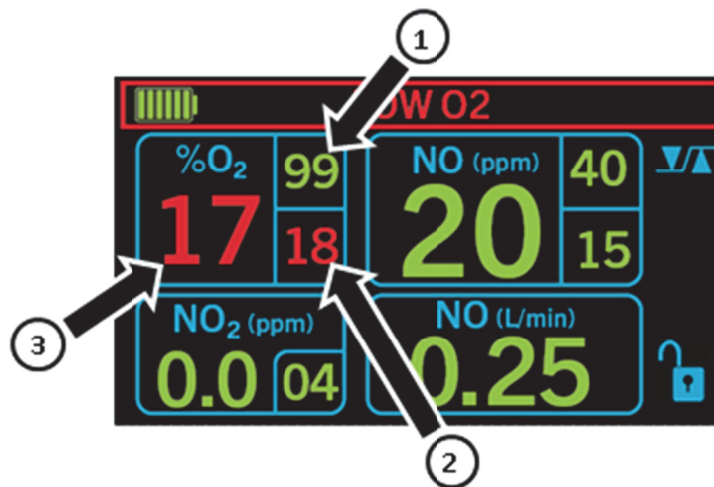
Pushing the alarm silence button  with no active alarms will have no effect.



1	Alarm Silence Icon Cleared
2	Violated Value Alarm Limit

#### 4.4. User Adjustable Monitor Alarms

The NO, NO<sub>2</sub>, and O<sub>2</sub> monitors have adjustable alarm settings that are displayed to the side of the monitored value. When an alarm occurs for %O<sub>2</sub> below 18%, the displayed value flashes red.



1	High Alarm Setting
2	Low Alarm Setting
3	Violated Alarm Setting

1. To adjust an alarm level to a new value, press alarm control key.
2. Press key of desired parameter NO, NO<sub>2</sub>, or O<sub>2</sub> to be changed.
3. High alarm limit of parameter selected becomes highlighted.

4. Use up/down arrows to adjust to the new level.
5. Press alarm control key.
6. Low alarm limit of parameter selected becomes highlighted.
7. Use up/down arrows to adjust low alarm limit to the new level.
8. Press back button key twice to enter main screen.

The adjustment range for these alarm settings are shown in the table below.

Alarm	Adjustment	Default	Priority
High NO (ppm)	1-99	30	Medium
Low NO (ppm)	1-99	10	Low
High NO <sub>2</sub> (ppm)	0-9	01	High
High O <sub>2</sub> (%)	21-100	40	Medium
Low O <sub>2</sub> (%)	19-99	20	Medium
Low O <sub>2</sub> (%)	18	18	High
Nitric Off	Auto	NO + 5 ppm above High NO alarm setting or 99 ppm whichever is lesser value.	Medium
Nitric Off	Auto	NO <sub>2</sub> + 1 ppm above High NO <sub>2</sub> alarm or 9 ppm whichever is lesser value.	High

#### 4.5. Safety Shut Off

The AeroNOx 2.0™ has an incorporated safety shut off system for NO gas. The system is designed to avoid inadvertent high doses of NO being delivered to the patient. The system is activated by either NO or NO<sub>2</sub> analyzed levels. First, if the NO concentration measured is 5 ppm above high set alarm value or 99 ppm whichever is the lesser value, NO delivery will cease. Second, if the NO<sub>2</sub> concentration measured is 1 ppm above that which has been set on the high NO<sub>2</sub> alarm or 9 ppm whichever is the lesser value, NO delivery will cease. The system will restore NO delivery if analyzed NO or NO<sub>2</sub> values drop back below 5 ppm and 1 ppm alarm levels respectively. The default of the safety shut off system is activated; no action is required to enable the safety system.

If the safety shut off is activated, an alarm will occur with audible and visual alarms in addition to a "NITRIC OFF" message. During this time the patient will not be receiving NO gas and it is recommended to manually ventilate using the backup NO delivery system outlined in Section 3.

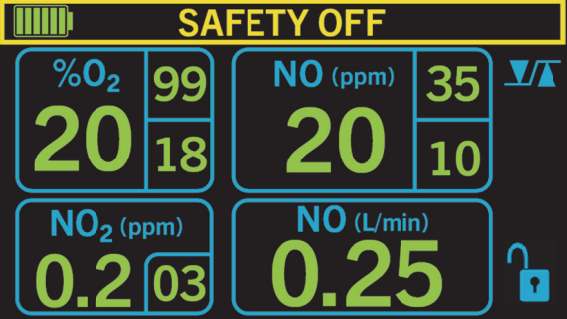

During AeroNOx 2.0™ setup, it may be necessary to override the safety shut off system until monitored gases equilibrate and stabilize. To override or deactivate the safety shut off, press and hold the Alarm Silence and Back keys simultaneously for 5 seconds. The monitor screen will continuously flash "SAFETY OFF". "SAFETY ON" will automatically be restored after 5 minutes or press and hold the Alarm Silence and Back keys simultaneously for 5 seconds. Additionally, if AeroNOx 2.0™ is turned off and then back on "SAFETY ON" will be restored.

#### 4.6. Alarm Table

The following alarm table provides a list of the systems alarms along with a graphic representation. (See Section 5., CALCULATIONS & TROUBLESHOOTING, for a description of each alarm).

High Priority Alarms		
O <sub>2</sub> < 18%		
NO <sub>2</sub> High NO <sub>2</sub> > NO <sub>2</sub> limit + 1 ppm (Alternating)		
NO <sub>2</sub> High NO <sub>2</sub> > NO <sub>2</sub> limit		
Medium Priority Alarms		
NO High NO > NO limit + 5ppm (Alternating)		
NO High NO > NO limit		
Sample line Blocked		
Power Supply Failure (Alternating)		
Low Priority Alarms		
Low Battery		



Other Messages		
SAFETY OFF		 <p>The display shows a battery level icon, the text "SAFETY OFF", and four data boxes: %O<sub>2</sub> 99 (20/18), NO (ppm) 35 (20/10), NO<sub>2</sub> (ppm) 0.2 (03), and NO (L/min) 0.25. There is a lock icon on the right.</p>
SAFETY ON		 <p>The display shows a battery level icon, the text "SAFETY ON", and four data boxes: %O<sub>2</sub> 99 (20/18), NO (ppm) 35 (20/10), NO<sub>2</sub> (ppm) 0.2 (03), and NO (L/min) 0.25. There is an unlocked lock icon on the right.</p>
INTERNAL ERROR		<p><b>INTERNAL ERROR</b></p> <p>An internal error has occurred. Please reboot the system and attempt the operation again. If the error persists, please contact International Biomedical for technical support.</p> <p>ERROR CODE: 0x01</p>

## 5. CALCULATIONS & TROUBLESHOOTING

### 1. **CALCULATIONS FOR NITRIC OXIDE DELIVERY**

#### ***Where to start?***

How to estimate initial NO flow

#### ***What is the diluted FiO<sub>2</sub>?***

Estimating your FiO<sub>2</sub> after dilution with NO gas

#### ***How are we doing?***

Oxygen Index Calculation

### 2. **CYLINDER DURATION NOMOGRAMS**

How long will this tank last?

### 3. **AERONOX 2.0™ TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE**

When all else fails, read the manual...

#### 5.1. Calculations for Nitric Oxide Delivery

##### 5.1.1. **Where to start?**

It is imperative that you determine what NO flow to set, and what the NO flow reading should be during NO administration for the desired dose.

To determine the initial nitric oxide (NO) flow rate, given your NO source gas concentration, [NO], ventilator minute ventilation & desired NO dose, use the formula below.

To determine NO flow for use with the AeroNOx 2.0™ Bagger or other respiratory gas administration systems, substitute O<sub>2</sub> flow for ventilator flow in the equation below.

$$\text{Initial NO Flow (LPM)} = \frac{\text{Vent Flow (LPM)} \times \text{Desired [NO]ppm}}{\text{Source Tank [NO]ppm}}$$

#### **Example:**

Minute volume, or ventilator flow = 10 LPM.

Nitric oxide source tank = 800 ppm

You want to deliver 25 ppm to your patient.

$$\text{Initial NO Flow (LPM)} = \frac{10 \text{ LPM} \times 25 \text{ ppm Desired [NO]}}{800 \text{ ppm Tank [NO]}} = \frac{250}{800} = 0.31 \text{ LPM}$$

**Set 800 ppm NO source gas flow @ 0.31 LPM to get ~ 25 ppm NO diluted in 10 LPM fresh gas flow.**

The chart below was developed using the previous calculations. You may use it as a starting point for setting your NO flow rate. **Please note that these are reference points only. The actual dose delivered must be measured by the analysis portion of the AeroNOx 2.0™.**

**Minute Volume / Ventilator / Bagger Flow**

<b>[NO]</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>20</b>
<b>5 ppm</b>	0.03	0.06	0.09	0.13
<b>10 ppm</b>	0.06	0.13	0.19	0.25
<b>20 ppm</b>	0.13	0.25	0.38	0.50
<b>40 ppm</b>	0.25	0.50	0.75	1.00
<b>80 ppm</b>	0.50	1.00	1.50	2.00

**NO Flow in LPM**

The following table represents the average NO<sub>2</sub> value measured at a FiO<sub>2</sub> of 1.0 during testing with the ventilators listed in this manual. Use it as a reference for what NO<sub>2</sub> values you can expect when delivering the NO concentrations listed in the column on the left.

**Minute Volume / Ventilator Flow**

<b>[NO]</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>20</b>
<b>5 ppm</b>	0.5	0.1	0.1	0.1
<b>10 ppm</b>	0.5	0.2	0.2	0.1
<b>20 ppm</b>	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2
<b>40 ppm</b>	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.4
<b>80 ppm</b>	2.0	1.5	1.2	1.1

**NO<sub>2</sub> in ppm**

The tables above are for reference only. Factors such as the accuracy of the ventilator flow, percent error in delivery apparatus, and human error, may all affect the actual delivered patient dose. The calculated NO flow should be compared with the analyzed NO dose to confirm accurate NO dosing. Should the actual NO flow differ from the calculated NO flow by more than 10% beyond published specifications, the cause must be determined and corrected immediately. If the cause cannot be immediately determined, ensure patient safety and contact International Biomedical at 1-512-873-0033 for further assistance.

**CAUTION!**  
**NO flow must be continually evaluated during nitric oxide administration to ensure accurate dosing!**

### 5.1.2. What is the diluted FiO<sub>2</sub>?

Estimating your FiO<sub>2</sub> after dilution with NO gas, given your NO flow setting, and total ventilator gas flow

$$\text{Estimated FiO}_2 = \text{Initial FiO}_2 - (\text{NO Flow} / \text{Total Flow O}_2 + \text{Total NO Flow}) \times 100$$

#### Example:

- Initial FiO<sub>2</sub> = 1.0 (100%)
- NO flow = 0.31 LPM (800 ppm gas, bal Nitrogen)
- Ventilator flow = 10 LPM
- Total flow = 10.31 LPM

$$\text{Estimated FiO}_2 = 1 - (0.31 / 10.31 \text{ LPM}) = 0.97$$

$$\text{Estimated \% O}_2 = 1 - (0.31 / 10.31 \text{ LPM}) \times 100 = 97\%$$

- **When delivering ~ 25 ppm NO (~ 0.31 LPM) in ~ 10 LPM of 100% oxygen, you can expect the % O<sub>2</sub> to be diluted by ~ 3%.**
- **In this case, the maximum FiO<sub>2</sub> you can expect is ~ 0.97.**

### 5.1.3. How are we doing?

#### **Oxygen Index Calculation:**

$$\text{Oxygen Index (OI)} = \text{Paw} \times \text{FiO}_2 \times 100 / \text{PaO}_2, (\text{mmHg})$$

**Interpretation:** Most centers interpret less than 15 as good.

- Mean airway pressure in cmH<sub>2</sub>O = Paw
- Fraction of inspired oxygen = FiO<sub>2</sub>
- Arterial oxygen tension in mmHg = PaO<sub>2</sub>

#### **Example: Pre nitric oxide Data**

- FiO<sub>2</sub> = 1.0 (100%)
- PaO<sub>2</sub> = 65 mmHg
- Paw (Mean Airway Pressure) = 15 cmH<sub>2</sub>O

$$\text{Oxygen Index (OI)} = 15 \times 1 \times 100 / 65 = 23$$

#### **Post nitric oxide Data**

- FiO<sub>2</sub> = 0.55 (55%)
- PaO<sub>2</sub> = 75 mmHg
- Paw = 12 mmHg

$$\text{Oxygen Index (OI)} = 12 \times 0.55 \times 100 / 75 = 8.8$$

***In this example, OI improved markedly (23 to 8.8) after inhaled nitric oxide administration.***

#### 5.1.4. Calculation of Cylinder Duration

##### How long will this tank last?

- The volume of gas in your cylinder(s) is a function of the filling pressure and the capacity (size) of the cylinder. For compressed gases, this relationship is linear and can be expressed as a tank factor which is equal to cylinder volume / pressure expressed in LPM.

#### 5.2. Gas Supply

##### e.g. Large NO Cylinders

- Capacity (L): 2040
- Maximum Pressure (full): 2000 psig

$$\text{Tank Factor} = \frac{2040 \text{ L}}{2000 \text{ psig}} = 1.02 \text{ L/psig}$$

The amount of therapeutic gas remaining in a cylinder can be estimated in minutes or hours, provided that three things are known:

1. **Tank Factor**
2. **Tank Pressure**
3. **Flow Rate**

$$\text{Cylinder Duration (Minutes)} = \frac{\text{Cylinder Pressure (psig)} \times \text{Factor (L/psig)}}{\text{Flow Rate (LPM)}}$$

The two following nomograms can be used to estimate cylinder duration.

---

#### CYLINDER DURATION

Below you will find an example of how to determine cylinder duration based on the following:

- Rounded down to the nearest quarter hour
- Based on set flow rate and tank pressure
- Time listed is time to run the cylinder dry (cylinders should be changed out at 250 psig)

e.g. #1 - Cylinder Duration for a Cylinder with 2040 L @ 2000 psig

- Tank Factor = 2040 L Cylinder @ 2000 psig = 1.02 L/psig



**Flow Rate (LPM)**

Pressure	.125	.25	.5	.75	1.0	1.5
2000	272	136	68	45.25	34	22.5
1500	204	102	51	34	25.5	17
1000	136	69	34	22.5	17	11.25
500	68	34	17	11.25	8.5	5.5
250	34	17	8.5	5.5	4.25	2.75

Time in Hours

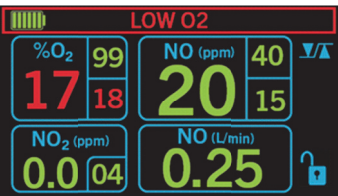
**How much calibration gas do I need?**

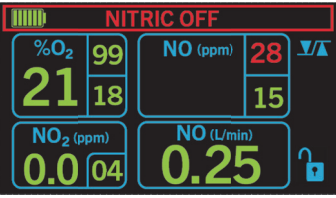

Calibration gas regulators have a preset flow of 0.5 LPM. Since sensor stabilization usually takes ~ 2 - 4 minutes, one sensor calibration should take ~ 2 - 4 minutes and use ~ 2 L of calibration gas.

**AeroNOx 2.0™ Fails to Operate Properly:**


1. Check patient (if applicable) and take action according to institution protocol.
2. Verify system is setup properly and pre-use check as outlined in Section 2. and Section 3.
3. If necessary use INOstat Bagger see Section 2.
4. Find alarm or message in troubleshooting table and follow recommended actions.
5. If problem cannot be corrected, contact customer service at International Biomedical.


5.3. Troubleshooting Guide



High Priority Alarms		
High Priority Alarms	Possible Cause	Recommended Action
 <p><b>O<sub>2</sub> Low &lt; 18%</b></p>	1. Alarm is set inappropriately	Make sure alarm is set appropriately for the O <sub>2</sub> setting delivered on the ventilator.
	2. O <sub>2</sub> calibration may have drifted.	a. Perform a low and high range calibration on the O <sub>2</sub> sensor. b. Change the O <sub>2</sub> sensor if the unit fails to calibrate. c. Contact International Biomedical Tech Support.
	3. The O <sub>2</sub> sensor may not be seated properly	Make sure sensor is seated with O-ring sealing to manifold.
	4. O <sub>2</sub> displaced by NO, N <sub>2</sub> , or NO <sub>2</sub> in ventilator circuit.	Remove patient from circuit and ventilate with INOstat Bagger.

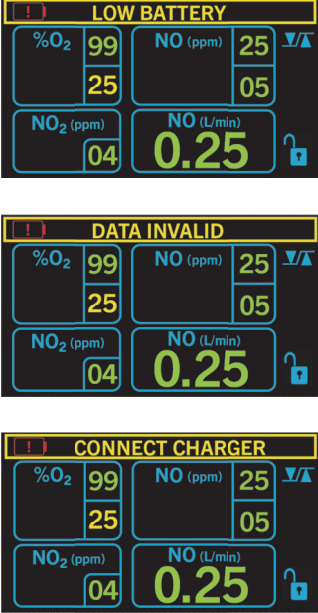
High Priority Alarms		
High Priority Alarms	Possible Cause	Recommended Action
 <p><b>Nitric Off</b></p>	1. NO analyzed has exceeded set high NO alarm limit by 5 ppm.	a. Disconnect patient and manually ventilate with INOstat Bagger. Section 3. b. See NO high alarm recommended action above.
	2. NO analyzed has exceeded 99 ppm	a. Disconnect patient and manually ventilate with INOstat Bagger. Section 3. b. See NO high alarm recommended action above.
	3. NO <sub>2</sub> analyzed has exceeded set high NO <sub>2</sub> alarm limit by 1 ppm.	a. Disconnect patient and manually ventilate with INOstat Bagger. Section 3. b. See NO <sub>2</sub> high alarm recommended action above.
	4. NO <sub>2</sub> analyzed has exceeded 9ppm.	a. Disconnect patient and manually ventilate with INOstat Bagger. See Section 3. b. See NO <sub>2</sub> high alarm recommended action above.
 <p><b>O<sub>2</sub> Low</b></p>	1. Alarm is set inappropriately	a. Make sure alarm is set appropriately for the O <sub>2</sub> setting delivered on the ventilator.
	2. O <sub>2</sub> calibration may have drifted.	a. Perform a low and high range calibration on the O <sub>2</sub> sensor. b. Change the O <sub>2</sub> sensor if the unit fails to calibrate. c. Contact International Biomedical Tech Support.
	3. O <sub>2</sub> concentration on the ventilator was reduced.	Make sure O <sub>2</sub> setting on the ventilator is correct for the O <sub>2</sub> setting on the AeroNOx 2.0™.
	4. The O <sub>2</sub> sensor may not be seated properly	Make sure sensor is seated and with O-rings and housing cover fully closed.



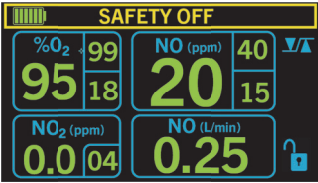


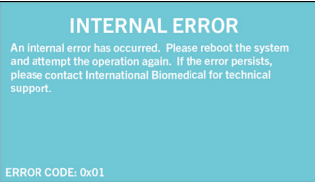
High Priority Alarms		
High Priority Alarms	Possible Cause	Recommended Action
 <p><b>NO<sub>2</sub> High</b></p>	1. Incomplete purge of system.	Perform purge. See Section 2., PRE-USE CHECKOUT/ALARM VERIFICATION.
	2. Ventilator flow stopped	Allow ventilator gas to flush circuit and stabilize before connecting to patient.
	3. NO <sub>2</sub> alarm limit is set too low.	Make sure NO <sub>2</sub> alarm limit is set to appropriate level.
	4. NO <sub>2</sub> calibration may have drifted.	Perform a low and high range calibration on the NO <sub>2</sub> sensor.
	5. Out of date or wrong calibration gas used.	a. Verify gas calibration date. b. Replace calibration gas and perform a low and high range calibration on the NO <sub>2</sub> sensor.
	6. The patient circuit setup is incorrect.	Ensure circuit is setup according to Section 3.
	7. Sample line blocked.	Confirm if NO <sub>2</sub> high alarm occurs concurrently with "SAMPLE BLOCKED" message.
	8. The AeroNOx 2.0™ may have failed.	a. Contact International Biomedical Technical Support. b. Replace delivery system if in use.

Medium Priority Alarms		
Medium Priority Alarms	Possible Cause	Recommended Action
 <p><b>SAMPLE BLOCKED</b></p>	1. Water contaminates sample line or filter.	Replace filter or sample line.
	2. Sample line may be blocked or pinched.	a. Make sure sample line an outlet ports are not obstructed. b. Change sample line.

Medium Priority Alarms		
Medium Priority Alarms	Possible Cause	Recommended Action
 <p><b>O<sub>2</sub> High</b></p>	1. Alarm is set inappropriately	a. Make sure alarm is set appropriately for the O <sub>2</sub> setting delivered on the ventilator.
	2. O <sub>2</sub> calibration may have drifted.	a. Perform a low and high range calibration on the O <sub>2</sub> sensor. b. Change the O <sub>2</sub> sensor if the unit fails to calibrate. c. Contact International Biomedical Tech Support.
 <p><b>NO High</b></p>	1. New installed NO sensors will give a high reading until fully biased (72 hours) and calibrated.	a. After installation of NO sensor perform a high and low calibration. b. Wait 72 hours and repeat high and low calibration.
	2. The NO high alarm is inappropriately set.	Make sure the NO high alarm is set greater than measured value.
	3. The NO calibration may have drifted.	Perform a low and high range calibration of NO sensor.
	4. Circuit setup is incorrect.	Check circuit for correct setup.
	5. Out of date or wrong calibration gas used.	a. Verify gas calibration date. b. Replace calibration gas and perform a low and high range calibration on the NO sensor.

Medium Priority Alarms		
Medium Priority Alarms	Possible Cause	Recommended Action
 <p><b>LOW BATTERY</b></p> <p><b>DATA INVALID</b></p> <p><b>CONNECT CHARGER</b></p> <p><b>Alternating: Low Battery Connect Charger Data Invalid</b></p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Battery voltage has dropped to a point where data is no longer accurate.</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Disconnect patient and manually ventilate with INOstat Bagger. See Section 3.</li> <li>Plug AeroNOx 2.0™ into AC outlet.</li> </ol>

Low Priority Alarms		
Low Priority Alarms	Possible Cause	Recommended Action
<p><b>LOW BATTERY</b></p> <p>Low Battery</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Battery is running low approximately 5 minutes until depletion.</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Connect to AC power source.</li> <li>If connected to AC powers ensure green charging light is on and cord is fully inserted into socket.</li> </ol>
<p><b>NO LOW</b></p> <p>NO Low</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The patient gas sample line may be disconnected.</li> </ol>	Reconnect patient gas sample line.
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The NO low alarm may be inappropriately set.</li> </ol>	Make sure the set NO low value is above measured parameter.
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The NO calibration may have drifted.</li> </ol>	Perform a low and high range calibration on the sensor.
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The NO sensor may not be properly seated.</li> </ol>	Make sure sensor is seated and with O-rings and housing cover fully closed.
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Out of date or wrong calibration gas used.</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Verify gas calibration date.</li> <li>Replace calibration gas and perform a low and high range calibration on the NO sensor.</li> </ol>

Other Messages		
Indicator	Cause	Recommended Action
	Safety Shut Off system has been deactivated. See Section 4., ALARMS.	a. To reactivate push and hold <b>Silence Alarm</b> and <b>Back</b> buttons simultaneously.
 <p><b>Battery Power Indicator</b></p>	Device is running on battery	a. Connect to A/C power source when available. b. Make sure power cord is fully inserted into socket and green LED power light is illuminated.
 <p><b>A/C Power Indicator</b></p>	Device is running on A/C power and charging	a. N/A
 <p><b>INTERNAL ERROR</b></p>	Internal failure	Contact International Biomedical for service.

## 6. CALIBRATION

### 6.1. Low Range (ZERO) Calibration (Daily)

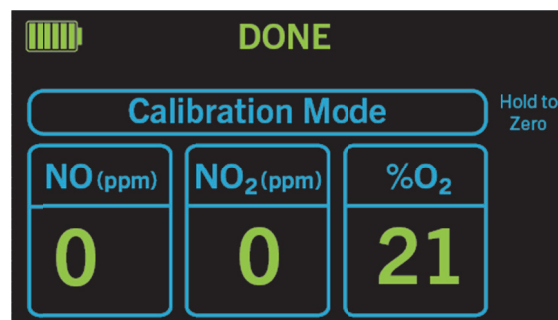
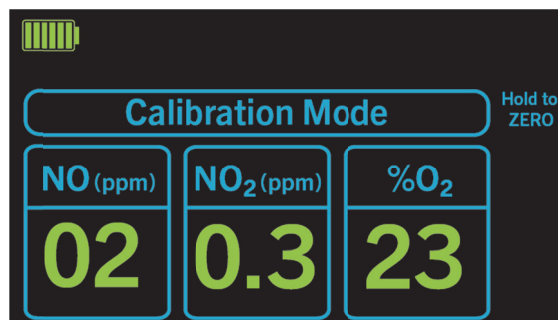
The low range calibration of the AeroNOx 2.0™ uses room air to calibrate the NO, NO<sub>2</sub>, and O<sub>2</sub> sensors at the same time. The system draws in room air from the sample port. This must also be done during the weekly high calibration.

<b>Low Range Calibration</b>	
<p>If unit is on, turn unit off and back on again using power button on front of AeroNOx 2.0™.</p>	
<p>During startup press and hold the “BACK” soft key to enter calibration mode. It will only be available for ~5 seconds.</p>	
<p>Press “Zero Cal” soft key to enter low range calibration.</p>	

### Low Range Calibration

Press and hold **“Hold to ZERO”** soft key until timer completes (~3 seconds). When zero cal is finished, it will read **“DONE”**. Monitor should indicate:

NO - 0 ppm  
 NO<sub>2</sub> - 0 ppm  
 %O<sub>2</sub> - 21%

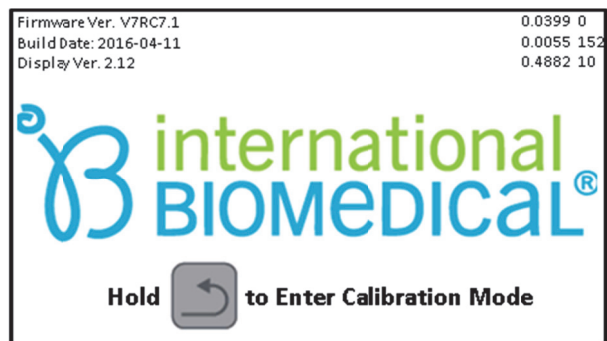


### 6.2. O<sub>2</sub> High Range Calibration (WEEKLY)

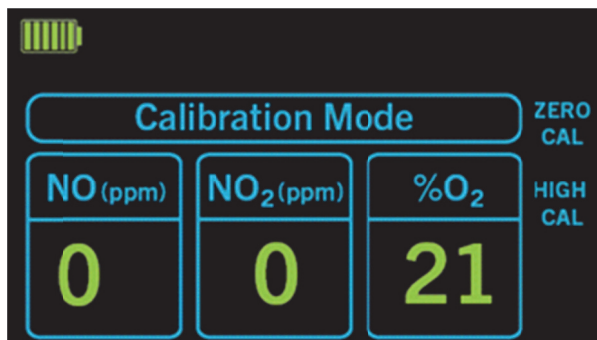
High range calibration requires a 100% O<sub>2</sub> user supplied gas source. Low Range calibration must be performed first.

### O<sub>2</sub> High Range Calibration

Enter Calibration Mode by holding **“BACK”** button on startup.



Press **“High Cal”** soft key.



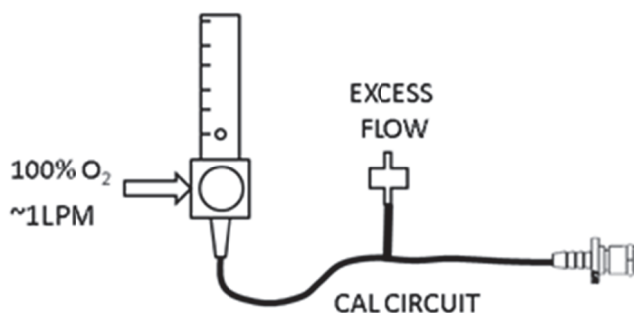


## O<sub>2</sub> High Range Calibration

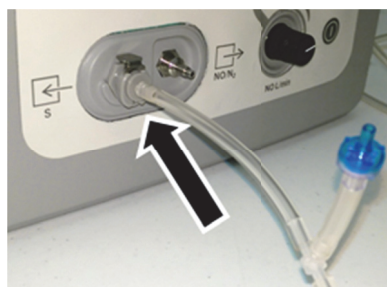
Connect calibration circuit (P/N 738-1850) to 100% O<sub>2</sub> gas source.

Set O<sub>2</sub> to ~1 L/Min.

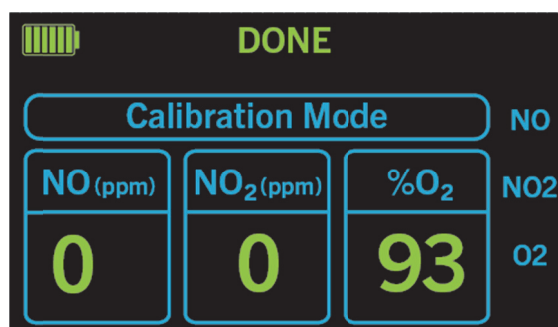
**NOTE:** Check valve will dump excess flow if oversupply of O<sub>2</sub> is given.



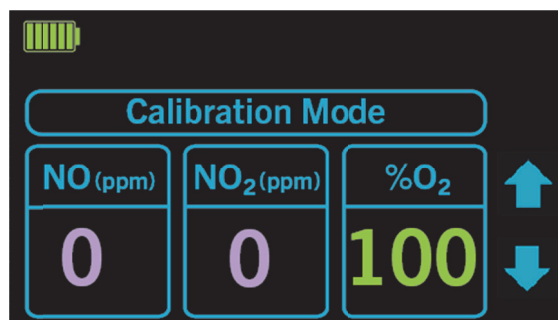
Connect sample line plug of calibration circuit into AeroNOx 2.0™ sample port.



Press “O<sub>2</sub>” soft key.


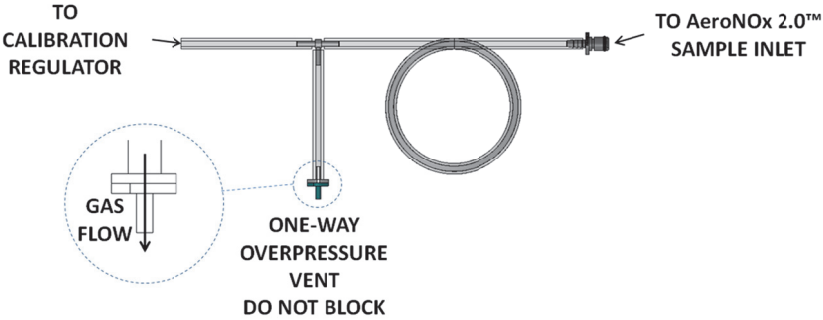
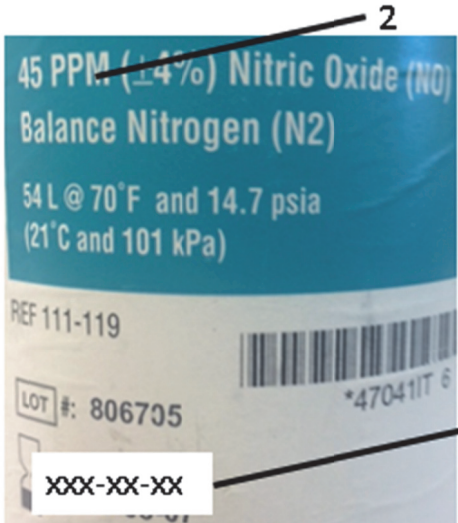


O<sub>2</sub>% becomes highlighted and displays current measured value. When display has stabilized after 2-4 minutes, use “UP AND DOWN” arrow keys to adjust reading to 100% O<sub>2</sub>.



6.3. NO High Range Calibration (WEEKLY)

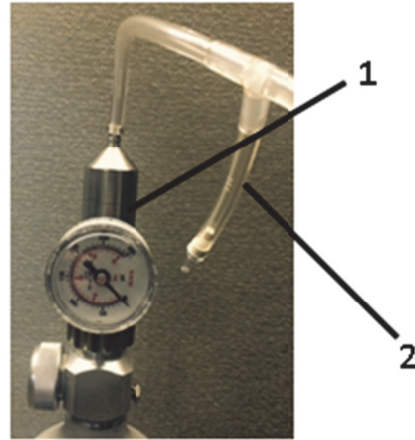
Perform low range calibration first.

<b>NO High Range Calibration</b>	
<p>Enter Calibration Mode by holding "BACK" button on startup.</p>	
<p>Locate calibration circuit.</p> <p><b>NOTE:</b> Same calibration circuit from O<sub>2</sub> may be used.</p>	
<p>Obtain NO Calibration gas and calibration regulator, confirm the following from the label:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Exp. Date</li> <li>2. Concentration</li> </ol>	

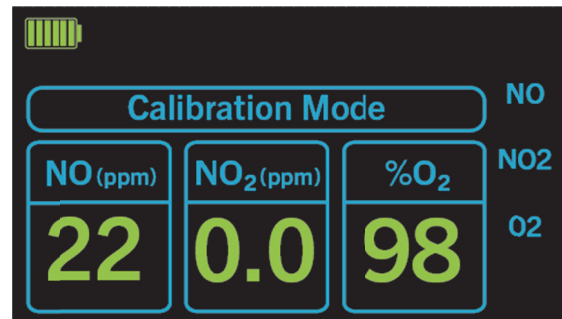
## NO High Range Calibration

Connect calibration regulator to NO cal gas. Connect calibration circuit to calibration regulator.

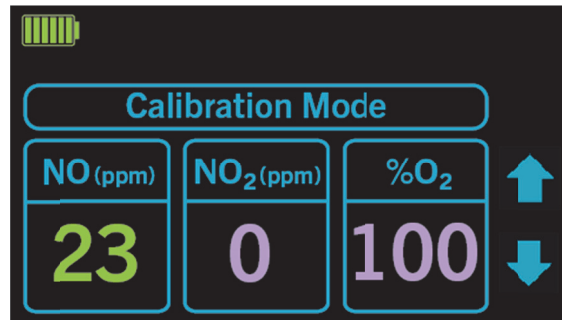
1. Cal regulator (P/N 731-9141)
2. Calibration Circuit (738-1850)



Press “NO” soft key.



NO ppm becomes highlighted and displays current measured value.

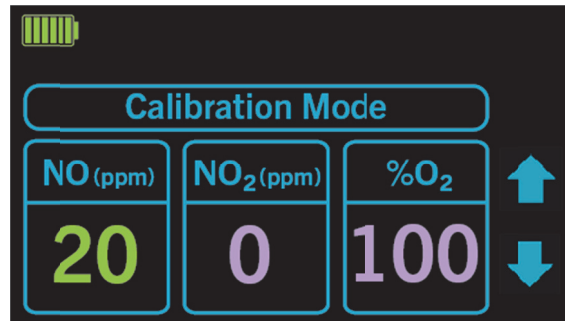


Turn cylinder on. (Replace cylinder if pressure is below 500 psi).  
Attach calibration circuit to AeroNOx 2.0™ sample inlet.



### NO High Range Calibration

When NO display has stabilized after 2-4 minutes, use “UP/DOWN” arrow keys to adjust reading to concentration on label (i.e., 20 ppm).

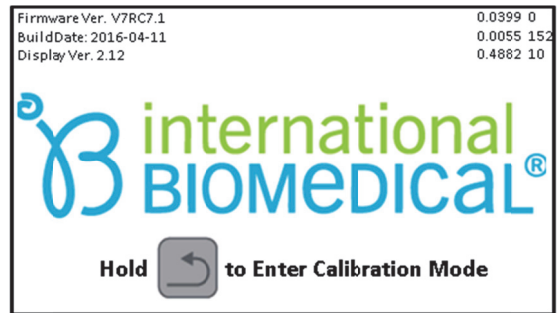


#### 6.4. NO<sub>2</sub> High Range Calibration (WEEKLY)

Perform low range calibration first.

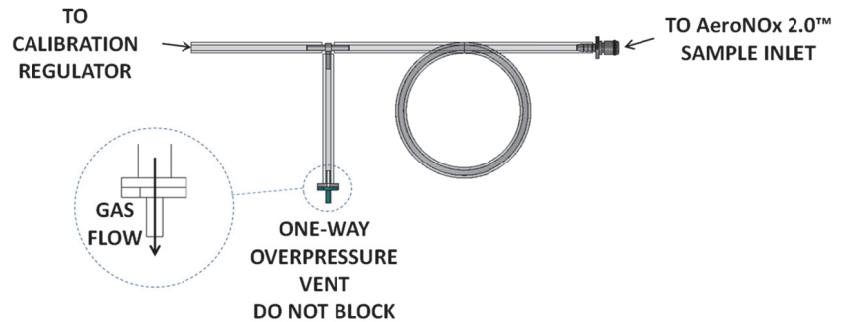
### NO<sub>2</sub> High Range Calibration

Enter Calibration Mode by holding “BACK” button on startup.



Locate calibration circuit.

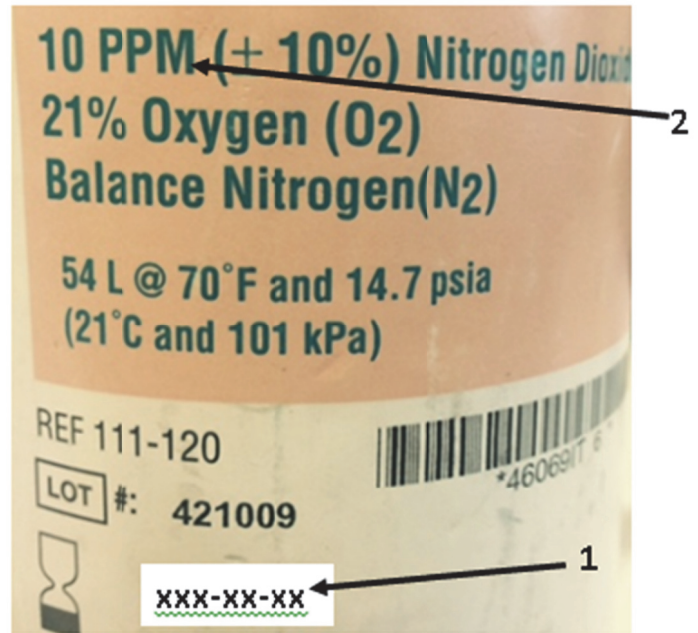
**NOTE:** Same calibration circuit from O<sub>2</sub> and NO may be used.



## NO<sub>2</sub> High Range Calibration

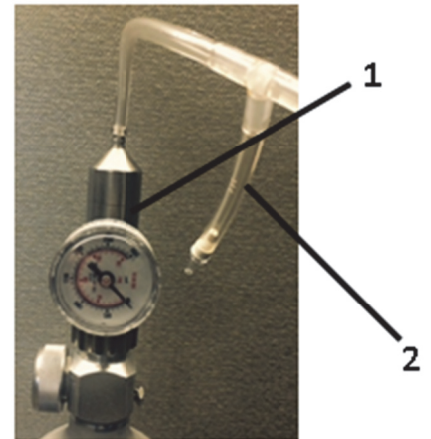
Obtain NO<sub>2</sub> Calibration gas, confirm the following from the label:

1. Exp. Date
2. Concentration

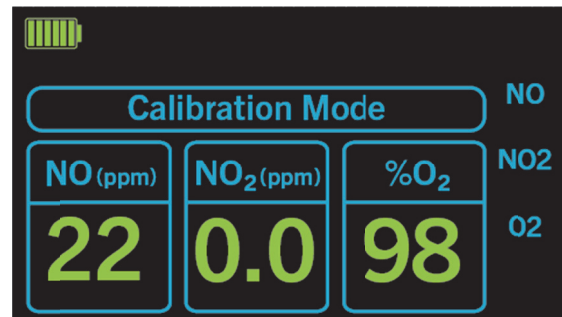


Connect calibration regulator to NO<sub>2</sub> cal gas. Connect calibration circuit to calibration regulator.

1. Cal Regulator (731-9141)
2. Calibration Circuit (738-1850)

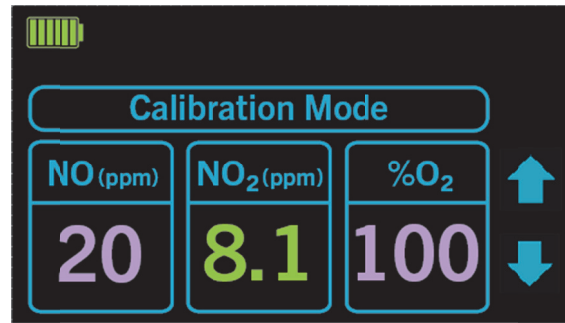


Press "NO<sub>2</sub>" soft key.

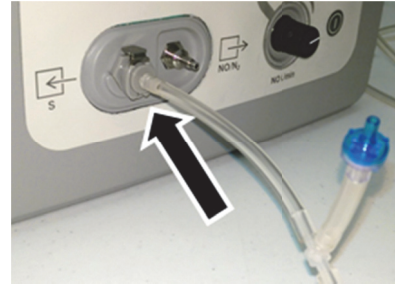


## NO<sub>2</sub> High Range Calibration

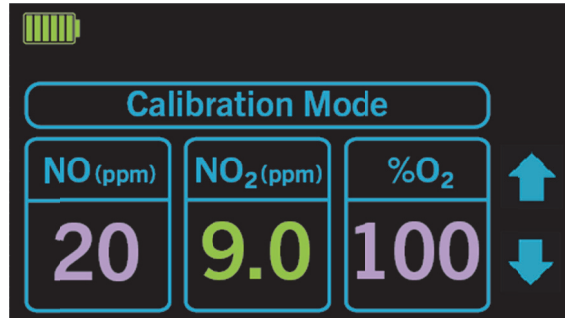
NO<sub>2</sub> ppm becomes highlighted and displays current measured value.



Turn cylinder on. (Replace cylinder if pressure is below 500 psi.)  
Attach calibration circuit to AeroNOx 2.0™ sample inlet.



When NO<sub>2</sub> display has stabilized after 2-4 minutes, use “**UP/DOWN**” arrow soft keys to adjust reading to concentration on label (i.e., 9.0 ppm).



The AeroNOx 2.0™ is calibrated and ready for use.

## 7. **MAINTENANCE**

### 7.1. User Maintenance Schedule

<b>Frequency</b>	<b>Maintenance</b>
Daily	Perform low range calibration.
Start of each patient	Perform pre-use check.
Between each patient	1. Disinfect unit. 2. Ensure unit is plugged into A/C power. 3. Replace single use items used.
Weekly	Perform high range calibration
Annually	Preventive Maintenance

### 7.2. Cleaning the AeroNOx 2.0™

- a. Disconnect external power before cleaning.
- b. Apply cleaning solution to a cloth and wipe down outer surface and cable.
- c. Use only the following cleaning agents.
- d. Allow unit to dry thoroughly before use. Immediate use after exposure to excessive cleaning agents such as Isopropyl Alcohol can affect sensor performance. Take particular care around the sample inlet.

<b>Cleaning Agent</b>	<b>Active Ingredients</b>
Soap/Water (Various)	Phenols Phospholipid surfactant
Cavicide or Cavi Wipes	Diisobutylphenoxyethoxethyl dimethyl benzyl ammonium chloride 0.07%  Isopropyl alcohol 17.2%  Inert ingredients 82.5%
Isopropyl Alcohol	Up to 100% Isopropyl Alcohol
Ethanol	Up to 100% Ethanol
Bacillol 30 or Bacillol 30 Wipes	Ethanol Propan-2-ol Propan-1-ol n-alkyl-aminopropyl-glycine



### 7.3. Preventive Maintenance

Schedule		
Description	Section	Maintenance Interval
NO, NO <sub>2</sub> , and O <sub>2</sub> sensor replacement	Section 7.	1 Year
Calibration of sample flow rate	Service Manual	1 Year
Calibration of NO delivery flow rate	Service Manual	1 Year
Battery replacement	Section 7.	1 Year
Inspection of Exterior	N/A	1 Year
Inspection of Power Input Connection	N/A	1 Year

All routine maintenance, repairs, and replacement of standard parts should be conducted according to procedures outlined in the Service Manual. For all clinical or technical issues not addressed in the manual, please contact International Biomedical directly at:

**Call 1-512-873-0033**  
**FAX: 1- 512-873-9090**

### **CUSTOMER SERVICE**

Should you need clinical or technical information, please feel free to contact International Biomedical. To help us to help you, please have the following information available:



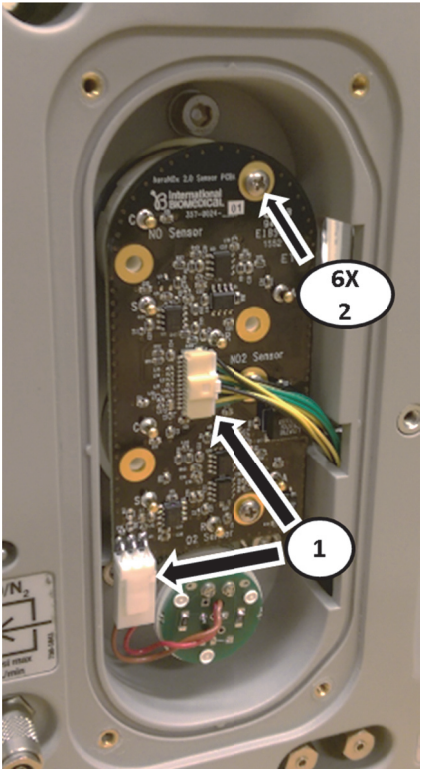
- A complete description of the problem / observation
- Model #
- Serial #
- Your Institution address
- Your fax #

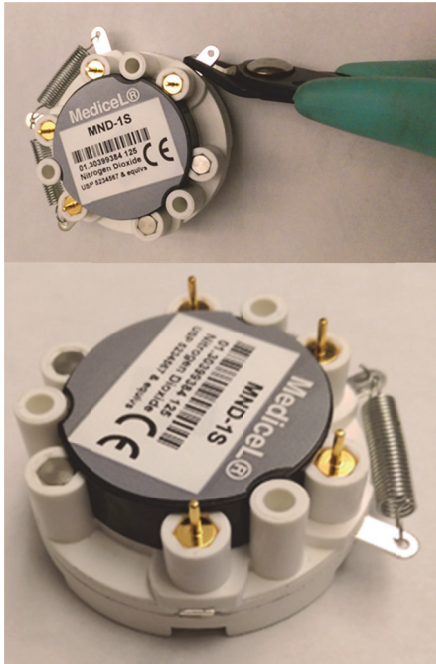
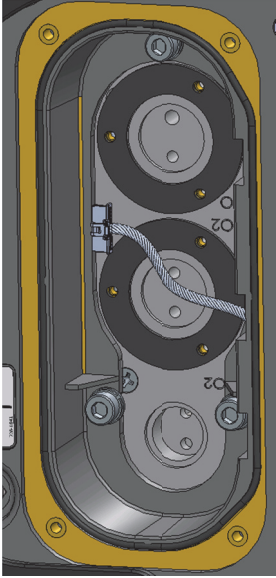
The above information is necessary to determine warranty status as well as to gather the information necessary for us to fill out a Return Merchandise Authorization (RMA) should you need to send anything back for repair. **Any equipment sent to International Biomedical without an RMA will not be accepted for delivery.** Do not ship any products to International Biomedical without first obtaining an RMA.

### 7.4. Return Merchandise Authorization

- a. To return AeroNOx 2.0™, contact customer service at International Biomedical.
- b. Pack device properly or contact customer service at International Biomedical for proper packaging.
- c. Disconnect battery.
- d. Pack AeroNOx 2.0™ as requested by customer service along with any requested accessories.
- e. Put RMA number on outside of packaging and send to location specified by customer service.

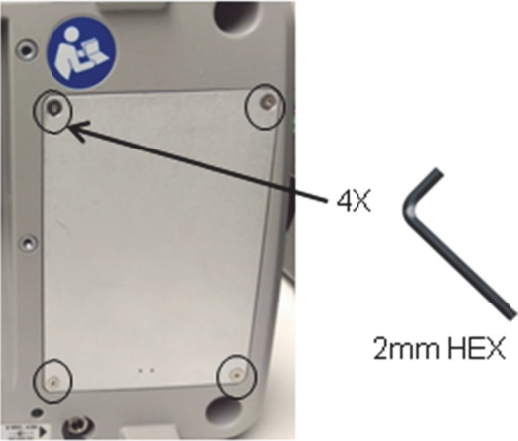

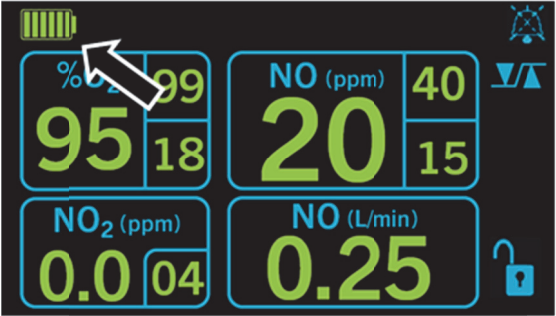
7.5. Replacing NO, NO<sub>2</sub>, and O<sub>2</sub> Sensors

Sensor Replacement		
Description	Step	Illustration
<p><b>CAUTION: DISCONNECT BATTERY AND EXTERNAL POWER BEFORE SERVICE.</b></p>  <p>Remove rear sensor cover by loosening the 4 screws (2 mm hex wrench).</p>	<p>1</p>	
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Remove both connectors.</li> <li>2. Remove six screws retaining circuit board.</li> <li>3. Lift circuit board out and remove sensors.</li> </ol> <p><b>NOTE:</b> Sensors are socketed to the circuit board but may stick to manifold and/or gaskets. Keep both gaskets for re-use.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>4. O<sub>2</sub> sensor is removed by unscrewing body counterclockwise. Be careful not to cross thread.</li> </ol>	<p>2</p>	


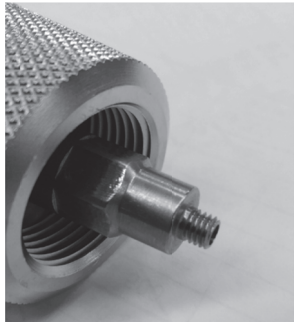

Sensor Replacement		
Description	Step	Illustration
<p>1. Unpackage new sensors and remove shorting springs, wires, or bias board from sensor if present.</p> <p>2. Carefully clip tabs from sides of sensors to flush with sensor body.</p> <p>DO NOT CLIP VERTICAL PINS</p>	3	
<p>Re-use gaskets for NO and NO<sub>2</sub> sensors.</p> <p>Use new O-ring supplied with O<sub>2</sub> sensor (already attached).</p>	4	

Sensor Replacement		
Description	Step	Illustration
<p>Install new sensors in reverse order of removal. Be sure NO and NO<sub>2</sub> sensors are placed in their respective locations.</p> <p>DO NOT overtighten screws.</p> <p>Both sensors have the same physical pin configuration but are NOT interchangeable.</p>	5	
<p>Replace sensor housing and tighten screws.</p>	6	
<p>Re-connect battery, connect external power supply, and wait up to 72 hours for the new sensors to bias themselves. Then proceed to Section 6., CALIBRATION. Both Low and High Cal must be performed.</p>	7	

## 7.6. Battery Replacement

Description	Illustration
<p>The AeroNOx 2.0™ is supplied with an internal rechargeable 6.0 volt lead acid battery. It does not require maintenance by anyone other than service personnel according the maintenance schedule.</p> <p>To prevent discharge it is shipped disconnected.</p> <p>To access battery, remove four M3 screws securing battery compartment panel (2 mm HEX wrench).</p>	 <p>4X</p> <p>2mm HEX</p>
<p>Connect the loose battery cable connection in the battery compartment. Tuck mated connection into space next to battery.</p> <p>Replace cover.</p> <p>Reverse operations to remove battery.</p>	
<p>When operating on internal battery power, a battery icon is located on the screen.</p> <p>A fully charged battery will normally run the AeroNOx 2.0™ for five (5) hours in optimal conditions.</p>	

7.7. Replacing the Tip on the AeroNOx 2.0™ Delivery Regulators

<b>Replacing the Tip on Regulator</b>	
<b>Description</b>	<b>Illustration</b>
<p>Remove worn-out tip on Delivery or Backup Regulators (CGA 626) by turning counterclockwise.</p> <p><b><u>NOTE:</u></b> <i>Threads are left-handed for CGA 625 Calibration Regulator.</i></p>	
<p>Ensure threads are clean.</p>	
<p>Install new tip hand tight. Do not use tools that may damage the sealing surface.</p>	



## 7.8. Parts and Accessories

<b>Parts/Accessories</b>	<b>IB Part Number</b>
Delivery Regulator with CGA 626 Fitting	731-9142
INostat Kit	731-9147
Calibration Regulator with CGA 625 Fitting	731-9141
NO Sensor, AeroNOx 2.0™ (4-Pin)	700-0002
NO <sub>2</sub> Sensor, AeroNOx 2.0™ (4-Pin)	700-0003
Oxygen Sensor, AeroNOx	700-0600
Seal Nipple (CGA 626), 5 Pack Delivery	731-9374
AeroNOx 2.0™ Calibration Circuit	738-1850
AeroNOx 2.0™ Test Circuit	738-1889
AeroNOx Rechargeable Battery Assembly	888-0115
AeroNOx 2.0™ NO Supply Hose, 3'	738-1861
AeroNOx 2.0™ NO Supply Hose, 6'	738-1862
Dual Input NO Kit, AeroNOx 2.0™	738-1868
Power Supply Assembly, 9 V, AeroNOx 2.0™	293-0011
Power Cord, Incubator, NEMA 1-15P to IEC60320 C7, 6' (North America)	738-1916
Power Cord, Incubator, C18 to C7, 18", AeroNOx 2.0™	738-1914
Power Cord, Incubator, C18 to C7, 36", AeroNOx 2.0™	738-1913
Power Cord, Incubator, C18 to C7, 52", AeroNOx 2.0™	738-1915
Back-Up Nitric Oxide Delivery Regulator	731-9143
AeroNOx "NO Worries"™ Connector Sample Pack	731-9373
Seal Nipple (CGA 625), 5 Pack Calibration	731-9375
AeroNOx 2.0™ Calibration Kit	731-0274

<b>Single Use Disposables</b>	<b>IB Part Number</b>
AeroNOx 2.0™ Sample/Delivery Kit, Pack of 5	731-0276
AeroNOx 2.0™ TXP HFV Sample/Delivery Kit, Pack of 5	731-0277
INostat Baggers, 5 Pack	731-9919
AeroNOx 2.0™ Bagger, Pack of 5	731-0278

## 7.9. Mounting Options

Two means of mounting the AeroNOx 2.0™ to other devices are provided. Other than the accessories and external power supply specified in this manual, no other devices are intended to be mounted to the AeroNOx 2.0™.

### 7.9.1. **Dovetail**

The dovetail mount is used for quick attachment to a compatible receptacle. This mount does not have positive retention in all directions, so it is not acceptable for use during transport outside the hospital.

If the AeroNOx 2.0™ is mounted to a cart or other device using the Dovetail mount, the user is responsible for ensuring the safety and stability of the system.



### 7.9.2. **VESA 75mm**

A commonly available VESA compliant M4 × 75 mm square pattern is provided on the back of the device for more robust or permanent installations. The available pattern of M4 inserts is supported with a reinforced internal nut plate which is resistant to vibration and higher loads expected during transport. There is a wide variety of mounts for televisions, monitors, and other electronics that are compatible. The surface or device to which the AeroNOx 2.0™ is attached should be analyzed to ensure sufficient strength for the expected environment. Four M4 screws with lock washers and at least five threads of engagement are recommended. Exact length must be determined depending on the thickness of the mounting plate used.

### 7.10. Disposal

Disposable single-patient-use accessories and sensors should be discarded in accordance with institution procedures. The device contains a lead acid battery and must be recycled or returned to International Biomedical for proper disposal at end of life. DO NOT discard in trash. The remainder of the device may be disposed of per your hospital's policy for non-hazardous materials.

## 8. WARRANTY

Subject to the *exceptions*\* and upon the *conditions*\* stated below, International Biomedical warrants that the products sold under this sales order shall be free from defects in workmanship and materials for **one year** after delivery of the products to the original Buyer by International Biomedical, and if any such products should prove to be defective within such one year period International Biomedical agrees, at its option, (i) to correct by repair or at International Biomedical's election, by replacement with equivalent product any such defective product, provided that investigation and factory inspection discloses that such defect developed under normal and proper use (ii) to refund the purchase price.

The *exceptions*\* and *conditions*\* mentioned above are as follows:

- a) Exchange, and/or factory repaired components are warranted for ninety (90) days from ship date, from factory.
- b) Upgraded parts are warranted for 6 (six) months from ship date from factory.
- c) Electrochemical sensors are warranted for 6 (six) months from ship date to the original buyer.
- d) Components or accessories manufactured by International Biomedical, which by their nature are not intended to and will not function for one year, are warranted only to give reasonable service: what constitutes reasonable shall be determined solely by International Biomedical. A complete list of such components and accessories is maintained at the factory.
- e) International Biomedical makes no warranty with respect to components or accessories not manufactured by it in the event of defect in any such component or accessory. International Biomedical will give reasonable assistance to the Buyer in obtaining from the respective manufacturer whatever adjustment is authorized by the manufacturer's own warranty.
- f) Any International Biomedical product claimed to be defective must, if required by International Biomedical, be returned to the factory, transportation charges prepaid, and will be returned to Buyer with transportation charges collect unless the product is found to be defective due to workmanship or materials, in which case International Biomedical will pay all transportation charges, subject to receipt of original shipping invoices. The customer will be responsible for duty, taxes, border charges, or claims resulting from but not limited to the improper processing of customs documents. Any damage incurred during transit from the Buyer to International Biomedical due to poor or insufficient packaging will be the responsibility of the Buyer.
- g) If the product is a disposable or the like, it is warranted only to conform to the quantity and content and for the period stated on the label at the time of delivery.
- h) International Biomedical may from time to time provide a special printed warranty with respect to a certain product, and where applicable, such warranty shall be deemed incorporated herein by reference.
- i) International Biomedical shall be released from all obligations under all warranties, either expressed or implied, if any product covered hereby is repaired or modified by persons other than its own authorized service personnel unless such repair by others is made with the written consent of International Biomedical.

IT IS EXPRESSLY AGREED THAT THE ABOVE WARRANTY SHALL BE IN LIEU OF ALL WARRANTIES OF FITNESS AND OF THE WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY AND THAT INTERNATIONAL BIOMEDICAL SHALL HAVE NO LIABILITY FOR SPECIAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES OF ANY KIND OR FORM ANY CAUSE WHATSOEVER ARISING OUT OF THE MANUFACTURE, USE, INABILITY TO USE, SALE, HANDLING, REPAIR, MAINTENANCE, OR REPLACEMENT OF ANY OF THE PRODUCTS SOLD UNDER THIS SALES ORDER.

Representations and warranties made by any person, including dealers and representatives of International Biomedical, which are inconsistent or in conflict with the terms of this warranty, shall not be binding upon International Biomedical unless reduced to writing and approved by an expressly authorized officer of International Biomedical.

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Website: [int-bio.com](http://int-bio.com)**

## 9. PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

### 9.1. Ventilator Compatibility

The AeroNOx 2.0™ has been validated with the following ventilators:

#### Conventional:

1. Bio-Med Devices MVP-10 (CMV/IMV Mode)
2. Bio-Med Devices CV2i+ (CMV/IMV Mode)
3. Accutronic Fabian/TV-1 Evolution (IPPV Mode)
4. HAMILTON-T1 (PCV Mode)
5. Bio-Med Devices TV-100 (IPPV Mode)

#### High Frequency:

1. Percussionaire TXP-2D (frequencies between 5 Hz (300 bpm) and 8.3 Hz (500 bpm) and amplitude less than 30 cmH<sub>2</sub>O with mean airway pressures of 8-18 cmH<sub>2</sub>O)

### 9.2. Measurement Range and Accuracy

Parameter	Measurement Range	Meter Resolution	Sensor Accuracy	Device <sup>1</sup> Accuracy
NO	0-99 ppm	1 ppm	± 1 ppm	± 2 ppm
NO <sub>2</sub>	0-9 ppm	0.1 ppm	± 0.1 ppm	± 2 ppm
O <sub>2</sub>	18-100%	± 1% O <sub>2</sub>	± 2% O <sub>2</sub>	± 3% O <sub>2</sub>
NO/N <sub>2</sub> Flow	0-2 L/min	0.01 L/min	± 0.045 L/min	± 0.1 L/min

### 9.3. Backup Delivery Regulator

Parameter	Specification
Inlet Pressure	14-155 bar
Outlet Flowrate	0.25 L/Min Fixed flow of NO/N <sub>2</sub>
Cylinder Valve Connection	CGA 626

### 9.4. INOstat Bagger

Parameter	Specification
O <sub>2</sub> Gas Flow	10 L/Min
NO Gas Flow	0.25 L/Min
Delivered NO	20 ppm
NO <sub>2</sub> Generated	0.2 ppm Maximum 20 ppm NO Delivered
Reservoir Volume	0.5 L
Bagger Dimensions	Approximately 30 cm length
Tidal Volume	500 ml Max Tidal Volume
Breath Rate	Maximum 100 bpm at PIP 18 cmH <sub>2</sub> O PEEP 5 cmH <sub>2</sub> O. Maximum 50 bpm at PIP 40 cmH <sub>2</sub> O PEEP 5 cmH <sub>2</sub> O
I:E Ratio	Variable

<sup>1</sup> Device accuracy is affected by the ventilator that is attached.

9.5. AeroNOx 2.0™ Delivery Regulator

Parameter	Specification
Inlet Pressure	14-155 Bar
Outlet Pressure	1.7-2.3 Bar
Cylinder Valve Connection	CGA 626

9.6. AeroNOx 2.0™ Physical Specifications

Parameter	Specification
Weight (device + protective cover only)	4.0 kg
W × D × H	33 cm × 14 cm × 25 cm
Precision Metering Valve	~12 turns to fully open
Service Life	8 years with preventative maintenance
Gas Supply	Recommend NO @ 800ppm Balance N2
Alarm Sound Pressure Level	High Alarm - 56dB Max @ 1m Medium Alarm – 54dB Max @ 1m

9.7. AeroNOx 2.0™ Environmental Specifications

	Operating	Transport/Storage	Transient
Temperature	0° C to 39° C	-40° C to 5° C 5° to 35° C up to 90% RH 35° C to 70° C vapor pressure up to 50hPa	-20° C to 50° C
Humidity	15-90% RH non-condensing	See above	15-90% RH non-condensing
Ambient Pressure	62-120 kPa	62-120 kPa	Not rated
Altitude	3657 m (12,000 ft.)	3657 m (12,000 ft.)	Not rated
Ingress Protection AeroNOx 2.0™ Power Supply	IP33 <sup>2</sup> IP22 <sup>3</sup>	IP33 <sup>2</sup> IP22 <sup>3</sup>	Not rated Not rated

<sup>2</sup> (Falling liquid spray 60° from vertical for 5 min and 2.5 mm object protection)

<sup>3</sup> (Dripping water at 15° from vertical for 2.5 min, and 12.5 mm object protection)

## 9.8. AeroNOx 2.0™ Electrical Specifications

Parameter	Specification
Medical Rated A/C Supply	Meanwell GSM40B09-P1J
Input Fuse	2A Self-resetting
Classification	Class II, 2 × MOPP
AeroNOx 2.0™ Input Voltage	120-240VAC, 50/60 Hz
Battery	Sealed lead acid 6 V, 4.5 Ah battery provides standalone power for 5 hours. IB P/N 888-0115. 1 year life.
Standards	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>60601-1 (General Requirements for basic safety and essential performance)</li> <li>60601-1-2 (Electromagnetic Compatibility)</li> <li>60601-1-8 (Alarms)</li> <li>60601-1-12 (EMS Environment)</li> </ol>

## 9.9. Sensor Specifications

	NO	NO <sub>2</sub>	O <sub>2</sub>	Flow
Max Overload	1500 ppm	200 ppm	N/A	N/A
Linearity	Linear	Linear	< 3% error	N/A
Response Time (T <sub>90</sub> )	< 10 s	< 50 s	≤ 13 s	10 ms
Effect of Temp on Accuracy	N/A	N/A	N/A	Compensated 0 to 50° C

For further sensor details visit the datasheets in Section 10., APPENDIX.

## 9.10. EMC Compliance

The AeroNOx 2.0™ has been tested and found to comply with limits for electromagnetic interference and susceptibility as defined by IEC60601-1-2. However, this equipment may radiate radio frequency (RF) energy and may cause harmful interference to other devices. The AeroNOx 2.0™ is intended for use in an electromagnetic environment in which radiated RF disturbances are controlled. The customer or the user of the AeroNOx 2.0™ can help prevent electromagnetic interference by operating the device in the environments and with the minimum separation distances specified below. Additionally, periodic maintenance as specified by International Biomedical will allow the device to continue to provide basic safety and essential performance.

## GUIDANCE AND MANUFACTURER'S DECLARATION - EMISSIONS

The AeroNOx 2.0™ is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer or user of the AeroNOx 2.0™ should ensure that it is used in such an environment.		
EMISSIONS TEST	COMPLIANCE	ELECTROMAGNETIC ENVIRONMENT - GUIDANCE
RF Emissions CISPR 11	Group 1	The AeroNOx 2.0™ does not use RF energy for its internal function. Therefore, its RF emissions are very low and are not likely to cause any interference in nearby electronic equipment.
Conducted Emissions CISPR 11	Class B	The AeroNOx 2.0™ is suitable for use in all establishments, including domestic, and those directly connected to the public low-voltage power supply network that supplies buildings used for domestic purposes.
Harmonics IEC 61000-3-2	Class A	
Flicker IEC 61000-3-3	Complies	
RTCA/DO-160F Section 21	Category M	Maximum level of conducted RF interface-Power line
RTCA/DO-160F Section 21	Category M	Maximum level of radiated RF interface

## GUIDANCE AND MANUFACTURER'S DECLARATION - IMMUNITY

The AeroNOx 2.0™ is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer or user of the AeroNOx 2.0™ should ensure that it is used in such an environment.			
IMMUNITY TEST	IEC 60601 TEST LEVEL	COMPLIANCE LEVEL	ELECTROMAGNETIC ENVIRONMENT - GUIDANCE
ESD IEC 61000-4-2	± 8 kV Contact ± 2/4/8/15 kV Air	± 8 kV Contact ± 2/4/8/15 kV Air	Floors should be wood, concrete, or ceramic tile. If floors are synthetic, the r/h should be at least 30%.
Surge IEC 61000-4-5	± 0.5/1 kV Differential ± 0.5/1/2 kV Common	± 0.5/1 kV Differential ± 0.5/1/2 kV Common	Mains power quality should be that of a typical commercial or hospital environment.
Power Frequency 50/60 Hz Magnetic Field IEC 61000-4-8	30 A/m	30 A/m	Power Frequency magnetic fields should be that of a typical commercial or hospital environment.



## GUIDANCE AND MANUFACTURER'S DECLARATION - IMMUNITY

The AeroNOx 2.0™ is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer or user of the AeroNOx 2.0™ should ensure that it is used in such an environment.

IMMUNITY TEST	IEC 60601 TEST LEVEL	COMPLIANCE LEVEL	ELECTROMAGNETIC ENVIRONMENT - GUIDANCE
Conducted RF IEC 61000-4-6	3 Vrms 150 kHz to 80 MHz (AC/DC)	3 Vrms 150 kHz to 80 MHz (AC/DC)	Portable and mobile communications equipment should be separated from the Transport Incubator by no less than the distances calculated/listed below:  $D = \frac{3.5}{V_1} \sqrt{P}$
	6 Vrms (in ISM Bands between 150kHz and 80MHz)	6 Vrms (in ISM Bands between 150kHz and 80MHz)	$D = \frac{3.5}{E_1} \sqrt{P}$ 80 to 800 MHz
			$D = \frac{7}{E_1} \sqrt{P}$ 800 MHz to 2.7 GHz
Radiated RF IEC 61000-4-3	10 V/m 80 MHz to 2.7 GHz	10 V/m 80 MHz to 2.7 GHz	Where P is the max power in watts and D is the recommended separation distance in meters.
		(V <sub>1</sub> ) Vrms	Field strengths from fixed transmitters, as determined by an electromagnetic site survey, should be less than the compliance levels (V <sub>1</sub> and E <sub>1</sub> ).
		(E <sub>1</sub> ) V/m	Interference may occur in the vicinity of equipment containing a transmitter.
Proximity fields from RF Wireless Communication Equipment IEC61000-4-3	See IEC60601-1-2:2014 8.10	See IEC60601-1-2:2014 8.10	This equipment should be placed no closer than 30cm from the nearest RF Wireless communication device.

9.11. Essential Performance

COMPONENT	REQUIREMENT
<b>O<sub>2</sub> Alarm Limits</b>	If the concentration is above or below the alarm limits, the condition must be detected and the operator informed through an alarm.
<b>Power Supply</b>	When the external Power supply falls outside of the limits for normal operation, the AeroNOx 2.0™ will switch to internal power. The operator will be informed of the power state.
<b>Alarm</b>	Alarm annunciation is critical to the device safety. Alarms are generated both audibly and visually. The alarm annunciator and display are critical elements of the device.

## 10. APPENDIX

### 10.1. NO<sub>2</sub> Sensor Datasheet

# Product Data Sheet

## MND-1S MediceL<sup>®</sup>

Nitrogen Dioxide (NO<sub>2</sub>) Gas Sensor  
Part Number: AG010-H00

### Key Features & Benefits:

- Capable of continuous measurement
- 4th electrode for additional temperature stability

### Technical Specifications

#### MEASUREMENT

Operating Principle	4-electrode electrochemical
Measurement Range	0-50 ppm NO <sub>2</sub>
Maximum Overload	200 ppm
Output Signal	0.5 ± 0.1 µA/ppm
Response Time (T <sub>90</sub> )	< 50 seconds
Typical Baseline Offset (clean air)	-0.75 to +0.75 ppm equivalent
Repeatability	2% of signal
Linearity	Linear

#### ELECTRICAL

Recommended Load Resistor	10 Ω
Bias Voltage	Not Required
Recommended Gain	0.8

#### MECHANICAL

Weight	21 g (nominal)
Housing Material	20% glass-filled polypropylene
Colour Coded Ring	Black
Orientation	Any

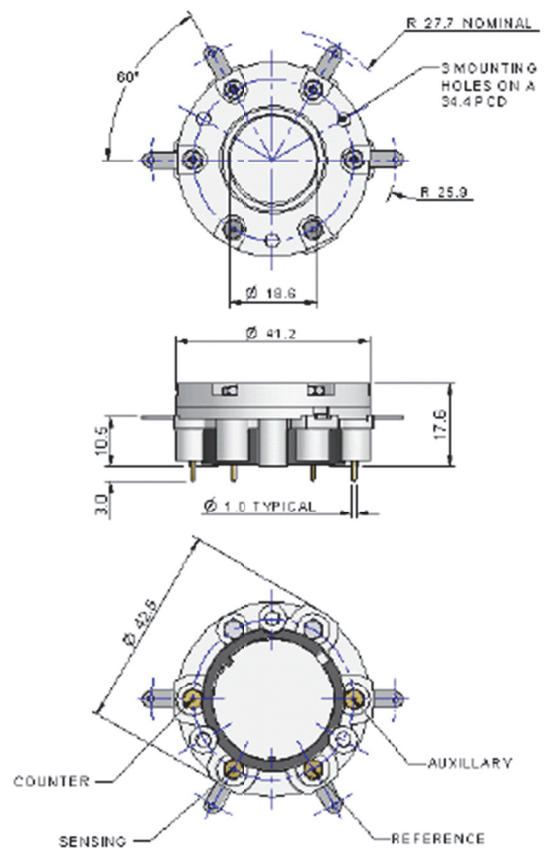
#### ENVIRONMENTAL

Typical Applications	Inhaled Nitric Oxide Therapy
Operating Temperature Range	-20°C to +50°C
Recommended Storage Temp	0°C to +20°C
Operating Pressure Range	800 - 1200 mBar
Differential Pressure Range	±100 mBar
Storage Temperature Range	800 - 1200 mBar
Operating Humidity Range	15% to 90% RH non-condensing

#### LIFETIME

Typical Long Term Output Drift	2% signal loss/month
Expected Operating Life	1 year
Standard Warranty	12 months from date of despatch

### Product Dimensions



All dimensions in mm  
All tolerances ±0.15 mm  
unless otherwise stated

### IMPORTANT NOTE:

Connection should be made via recommended mating parts only. Soldering to the sensor will damage it and invalidate the warranty.

All performance data is based on measurements made with cylinder gases using a flow rate of 100 mls/min. Conditions at 20°C, 50% RH and 1013 mBar, using City Technology recommended circuitry. For sensor performance data under other conditions, contact City Technology.

# Product Data Sheet

## Poisoning

CiTiceLs are designed for operation in a wide range of environments and harsh conditions, however it is important that exposure to high concentrations of solvent vapours is avoided, both during storage, fitting into instruments and operation.

When using sensors with printed circuit boards (PCBs), degreasing agents should be used before the sensor is fitted. Do not glue directly on or near the CiTiceL as the solvent may cause crazing of the plastic.

## Cross Sensitivity Table

Whilst CiTiceLs are designed to be highly specific to the gas they are intended to measure, they will still respond to some degree to various gases. The table below is not exclusive and other gases not included in the table may still cause a sensor to react.

<u>Gas</u>	<u>Response</u>
Carbon Monoxide (CO)	None
Nitrous Oxide (N <sub>2</sub> O)	None
Nitric Oxide (NO)	None
Desflurane	None
Isoflurane	None
Halothane	None

The cross-sensitivity values quoted are based on tests conducted on a small number of sensors. They are intended to indicate sensor response to gases other than the target gas. Sensors may behave differently with changes in ambient conditions and any batch may show significant variation from the values quoted.

N.B. Unaffected by operation in 100% oxygen

**WARNING:** By the nature of the technology used, any electrochemical or catalytic bead sensor can potentially fail to meet specification without warning. Although City Technology makes every effort to ensure the reliability of our products of this type, where life safety is a performance requirement of the product, and we recommend that all sensors and all instruments using these sensors are checked for response to gas before use.

Every effort has been made to ensure the accuracy of this document at the time of printing. In accordance with the company's policy of continued product improvement City Technology Limited reserves the right to make product changes without notice. No liability is accepted for any consequential losses, injury or damage resulting from the use of this document or from any omissions or errors herein. The data is given for guidance only. It does not constitute a specification or an offer for sale. The products are always subject to a programme of improvement and testing which may result in some changes in the characteristics quoted. As the products may be used by the client in circumstances beyond the knowledge and control of City Technology Limited, we cannot give any warranty as to the relevance of these particulars to an application. It is the clients' responsibility to carry out the necessary tests to determine the usefulness of the products and to ensure their safety of operation in a particular application.

Performance characteristics on this data sheet outline the performance of newly supplied sensors. Output signal can drift below the lower limit over time.

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2<sup>nd</sup> December 2010

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**Product Data Sheet** **MNO-1 & MNO-1B MediceLs<sup>®</sup>**

Nitric Oxide (NO) Gas Sensor

Part Numbers: AF0F4-H00 (standard) AF0F7-H00 (with Bias Board)

**Key Features & Benefits:**

- Capable of continuous measurement
- 4th electrode for additional temperature stability

**Technical Specifications****MEASUREMENT**

<b>Operating Principle</b>	4-electrode electrochemical
<b>Measurement Range</b>	0-100 ppm
<b>Maximum Overload</b>	1500 ppm
<b>Output Signal</b>	0.25 ± 0.05 µA/ppm
<b>Response Time (T<sub>90</sub>)</b>	< 10 seconds
<b>Typical Baseline Offset (clean air)</b>	-1 to +1 ppm equivalent
<b>Repeatability</b>	2% of signal
<b>Linearity</b>	Linear

**ELECTRICAL**

<b>Recommended Load Resistor</b>	10 Ω
<b>Bias Voltage</b>	+300 mV
<b>Recommended Gain</b>	1.1

**MECHANICAL**

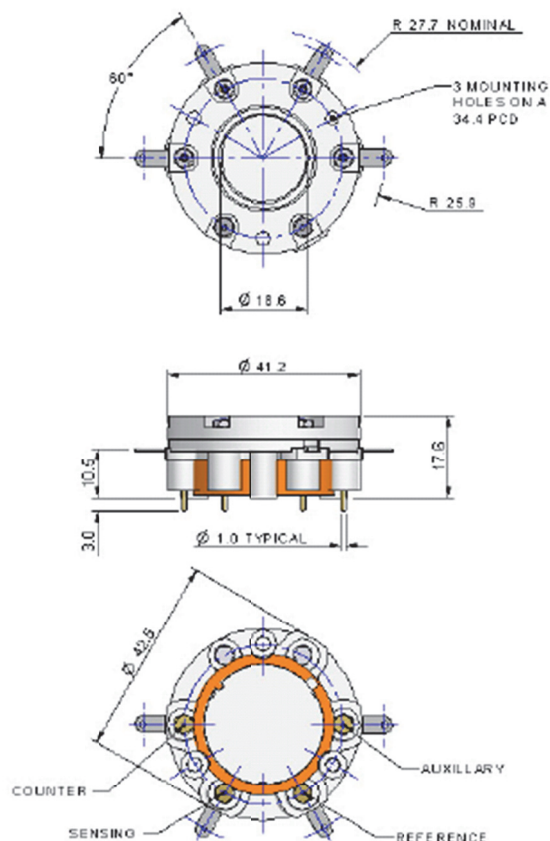
<b>Weight</b>	21 g (nominal)
<b>Housing Material</b>	20% glass-filled polypropylene
<b>Colour Coded Ring</b>	Orange
<b>Orientation</b>	Any

**ENVIRONMENTAL**

<b>Typical Applications</b>	Inhaled Nitric Oxide Therapy
<b>Operating Temperature Range</b>	-20°C to +50°C
<b>Recommended Storage Temp</b>	0°C to +20°C
<b>Operating Pressure Range</b>	800 - 1200 mBar
<b>Differential Pressure Range</b>	±100 mBar
<b>Storage Pressure Range</b>	800 - 1200 mBar
<b>Operating Humidity Range</b>	15% to 90% RH non-condensing

**LIFETIME**

<b>Long Term Output Drift</b>	Depends on usage level
<b>Expected Operating Life</b>	1 year
<b>Standard Warranty</b>	12 months from date of despatch

**Product Dimensions**

All dimensions in mm  
All tolerances ±0.15 mm  
unless otherwise stated

**IMPORTANT NOTE:**

Connection should be made via recommended mating parts only. Soldering to the sensor will damage it and invalidate the warranty.

All performance data is based on measurements made with cylinder gases using a flow rate of 100 ml/min. Conditions at 20°C, 50% RH and 1013 mBar, using City Technology recommended circuitry. For sensor performance data under other conditions, contact City Technology.

# Product Data Sheet

## Continuous Exposure

After continuous exposure to high concentrations of NO for several days the sensor may take some time to stabilise in fresh air before further use is advised. During this recovery period high baseline offsets may be seen. City Technology recommend 24 hours recovery period before reuse following exposures which exceed 4 days at levels of 80 ppm or above.

## Poisoning

CiTiceLs are designed for operation in a wide range of environments and harsh conditions. However, it is important that exposure to high concentrations of solvent vapours is avoided, both during storage, fitting into instruments and operation.

When using sensors with printed circuit boards (PCBs), degreasing agents should be used before the sensor is fitted. Do not glue directly on or near the CiTiceL as the solvent may cause crazing of the plastic.

## Cross Sensitivity Table

Whilst CiTiceLs are designed to be highly specific to the gas they are intended to measure, they will still respond to some degree to various gases. The table below is not exclusive and other gases not included in the table may still cause a sensor to react.

<u>Gas</u>	<u>Response</u>
Carbon Monoxide (CO)	None
Nitrous Oxide (N <sub>2</sub> O)	None
Nitrogen Dioxide (NO <sub>2</sub> )	<25%
Desflurane	None
Isoflurane	None
Halothane	None

### **SAFETY NOTE**

Although this product is not designed for use in life safety applications, if it is used in such applications it is a requirement that the function of the device is confirmed by exposure to target gas (bump check) before each use of the sensor and/or instrument, to ensure that the sensor and/or instrument in which it is used, are operating properly. Failure to carry out such tests may jeopardize the safety of people and property.

Every effort has been made to ensure the accuracy of this document at the time of printing. In accordance with the company's policy of continued product improvement City Technology Limited reserves the right to make product changes without notice. No liability is accepted for any consequential losses, injury or damage resulting from the use of this document or from any omissions or errors herein. The data is given for guidance only. It does not constitute a specification or an offer for sale. The products are always subject to a programme of improvement and testing which may result in some changes in the characteristics quoted. As the products may be used by the client in circumstances beyond the knowledge and control of City Technology Limited, we cannot give any warranty as to the relevance of these particulars to an application. It is the clients' responsibility to carry out the necessary tests to determine the usefulness of the products and to ensure their safety of operation in a particular application.

Performance characteristics on this data sheet outline the performance of newly supplied sensors. Output signal can drift below the lower limit over time.



# 10.3. Oxygen Sensor Datasheet

REV	DCO'S AFFECTING THIS DRAWING	DATE	APPROVED
A	INITIAL REL. #1209	4/5/99	D.L.
C	DCO # 3808 REVISED STORAGE TEMPERATURE	8/24/11	D.L.

ALL PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS ARE APPLICABLE AT STANDARD CONDITIONS:  
1013 MILLIBAR, 25° C DRY AIR.

- Output:  
9.0 to 13.0 mV
- Operation:  
Temperature: 0° – 40° C  
Pressure: 600 – 1750 mBar  
Relative Humidity: up to 100% RH  
(Condensing atmosphere over several hours)
- Storage Temperature Range:  
–20° to 50 °C  
5° to 30°C Recommended
- Range of Measurement (Full Scale):  
0 to 100% oxygen
- Zero Offset:  
Less than or equal to 0.20 mV when exposed to 100% nitrogen for 5 minutes
- 90% Response Time:  
Less than or equal to 13 seconds
- Linearity:  
<3% error
- Stability:  
Less than 1% of full scale over an 8 hour period between 20% and 100% Oxygen.
- Repeatability:  
±1% volume oxygen @ 100% oxygen applied for 5 minutes
- Interference:  
Less than 0.5% oxygen response to 80% Nitrous oxide  
Less than 0.5% oxygen response to 7.5% Halothane  
Less than 0.5% oxygen response to 7.5% Isoflurane  
Less than 0.5% oxygen response to 7.5% Enflurane  
Less than 0.5% oxygen response to 9% Sevoflurane  
Less than 0.5% oxygen response to 20% Desflurane  
Less than 0.5% oxygen response to 10% Carbon Dioxide
- Nominal Life:  
> 1,000,000% oxygen hours under normal operating conditions
- Warm-up Time:  
Less than 30 minutes after replacement of sensor
- Electrical Interface:  
3 Pin, Female, Molex Connector

UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES AND PER ANSI Y14.5-1982		<b>maxtec®</b> SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH 84109	
XX = ±.01	ANGLES ±1°30'	SPECIFICATIONS	
.XX = ±.05		MAX-14 OXYGEN SENSOR	
.XXX = ±.002		SIZE	NUMBER
PREP D. LARSEN	3/26/99	B	R116P81
CHKR D. GOETZ	4/5/99	SCALE	NONE
ENC C. CINDRICH	8/10/11	SHEET 1 OF 2	

#### 10.4. Competency Based Performance Check-off Tool

##### **Introduction**

In order to ensure patient safety, safe operation of clinical equipment is a necessity. Each employer is encouraged to have documented proof of employee competency in the operation of clinical equipment. For this purpose, International Biomedical has made available this competency based performance check-off. This clinical check-off is based on criterion-referenced performance. Employee performance is measured against pre-established standards of behavior. These behaviors are called critical elements. Critical elements are single, discrete, observable behaviors that are mandatory for meeting the standards of acceptability. Since competency in equipment operations is required, all critical elements must be performed as specified in order to pass. 100% accuracy is recommended for completion of the clinical performance check-off. Employees are strongly encouraged to review the Operating manual for the **AeroNOx 2.0™ Nitric Oxide Titration & Monitoring System** in order to familiarize themselves with the equipment functions, and to practice performing these functions independently as per the competency based check-off prior to the actual check-off by a clinician. During the actual check-off, the clinician is to merely observe the employee perform the required functions as per the check-off without offering assistance. As each function is performed, and if the criterion for performing the specified critical element is met, the clinician can tick off that item in the “criterion met” column. It may be necessary to provide teaching sessions or supervised practice sessions to staff prior to the clinical competency based check-off.

**The following two competency based check-off tools are designed for:**

- 1) *Routine (Weekly) AeroNOx 2.0™ Calibration*
- 2) *AeroNOx 2.0™ bedside or portable NO titration & analysis with a portable ventilator.*



# AeroNOx 2.0™

## 1) Routine (Weekly) AeroNOx 2.0™ Calibration

### COMPETENCY BASED PERFORMANCE CHECK-OFF #1 of 2

Employee Name:
Date of Check-Off:
Supervised by:

<b>LOW CALIBRATE O<sub>2</sub>, NO, &amp; NO<sub>2</sub> SENSORS</b>	<b>Check</b>
1. Turn <b>Power</b> on and hold <b>BACK</b> button to enter calibration.	
2. Disconnect Sample Line if present and allow device to sample room air for 1-2 minutes.	
3. Enter zero calibration mode by pressing <b>ZERO CAL</b> button. Press and hold the <b>Hold to Zero</b> button until the timer completes and <b>DONE</b> appears.	
4. Verify that %O <sub>2</sub> = 21%, NO=0, and NO <sub>2</sub> =0	
5. Exit Zero Cal by pressing <b>BACK</b> button	
<b>HIGH CALIBRATE NO SENSOR</b>	
6. Connect tube end of calibration circuit to calibrated NO source. <i>(Use only IB P/N 738-1850)</i>	
7. Connect the quick disconnect end of calibration circuit to the sample inlet of the AeroNOx 2.0™.	
8. Run NO through the cal. circuit @ approximately 0.5 LPM.	
9. Allow the NO reading to stabilize for 2 - 4 minutes.	
10. Enter high calibration mode by pressing <b>HIGH CAL</b> button.	
11. Select <b>NO</b> by pressing the corresponding button.	
12. Press <b>UP/DOWN</b> buttons until display matches corresponding NO bottle calibration (e.g., 80 ppm)	
13. Exit NO by hitting <b>BACK</b> button	
<b>HIGH CALIBRATE NO<sub>2</sub> SENSOR</b>	
14. Connect tube end of calibration circuit to calibrated NO <sub>2</sub> source.	
15. Run NO <sub>2</sub> through the cal. circuit @ approximately 0.5 LPM.	
16. Allow the NO <sub>2</sub> reading to stabilize for 2 - 4 minutes.	
17. Select <b>NO<sub>2</sub></b> by pressing the corresponding button.	
18. Press <b>UP/DOWN</b> buttons until display matches corresponding NO <sub>2</sub> bottle calibration (e.g., 8.9 ppm)	
19. Exit NO <sub>2</sub> by hitting <b>BACK</b> button	
<b>HIGH CALIBRATE O<sub>2</sub> SENSOR</b>	
20. Connect tube end of calibration circuit to wall 100% O <sub>2</sub> source.	
21. Run wall O <sub>2</sub> through the cal. circuit @ approximately 0.5 LPM.	
22. Allow the O <sub>2</sub> reading to stabilize for 2 - 4 minutes.	
23. Select <b>O<sub>2</sub></b> by pressing the corresponding button.	
24. Press <b>UP/DOWN</b> buttons until display reads 100% O <sub>2</sub> .	
25. Exit O <sub>2</sub> by hitting <b>BACK</b> button	
<b>PURGE SENSORS</b>	
26. Disconnect the calibration circuit and allow room air to be sampled into the AeroNOx 2.0™ until the NO and NO <sub>2</sub> displays return to zero and the Oxygen sensor reads 21%. This will flush out any calibration gas remaining in the AeroNOx 2.0™ sampling circuit after calibration. This step will help ensure the longevity of the AeroNOx 2.0™ sensors.	
<b>READY TO GO</b>	
The AeroNOx 2.0™ is calibrated and ready for use.	<b>Done</b>

**NAME:** \_\_\_\_\_, employee # \_\_\_\_\_ has successfully completed the AeroNOx 2.0™ Calibration competency.

**Date:** \_\_\_\_\_ **Signature:** \_\_\_\_\_

## 2) AeroNOx 2.0™ Set-Up

### COMPETENCY BASED PERFORMANCE CHECK-OFF #2 of 2

Employee Name:
Date of Check-Off:
Supervised by:

CRITICAL ELEMENTS	Check
1. Completed Calibration check off	
2. <b>AeroNOx 2.0™ SET-UP: TRANSPORT or BEDSIDE</b> Attach regulators to 800 ppm NO tanks	
3. <b>SOURCE GAS:</b> Attach high pressure quick connect from regulator(s) to AeroNOx 2.0™.	
4. <b>DELIVERY:</b> Attach delivery tubing from kit (P/N 738-1853) from AeroNOx 2.0™ to pt. circuit at least 30 - 40 cm upstream from the sampling site.	
5. <b>SAMPLING:</b> Attach sample line from kit (P/N 738-1853) from AeroNOx 2.0™ to inspiratory limb / bagger near patient connection.	
6. <b>Double check [NO] of the cylinder &amp; record = ____ ppm</b>	
7. <b>Double check NO tank pressure = ____ psig</b>	
8. Calculate initial NO flow to achieve the desired [NO] (see Section 5.).	
9. <b>Ventilator flow / gas flow = LPM</b>	
10. <b>Tank [NO] = _____ ppm</b>	
11. <b>Desired [NO] = _____ ppm</b>	
12. <b>Calculated Initial NO flow = _____ LPM</b>	
13. Calculate maximal FiO <sub>2</sub> (see Section 5.). <b>Maximum FiO<sub>2</sub> = _____</b>	
14. Perform flush procedure.	
15. Set NO flow @ the initial flow rate you calculated (# 12).	
16. After readings stabilize, record the following from the AeroNOx 2.0™ <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Record [NO] _____ ppm</b></li> <li>• <b>Record [NO<sub>2</sub>] _____ ppm</b></li> <li>• <b>Record % O<sub>2</sub> _____</b></li> </ul>	
17. <b>Calculate the cylinder NO duration in hours &amp; minutes (see Section 5.).</b>  This _____ L tank of NO gas @ _____ psig will last _____ Hrs. _____ Min @ _____ LPM.	

**NAME:** \_\_\_\_\_, employee # \_\_\_\_\_ has successfully completed the AeroNOx 2.0™ Set-Up competency.

**Date:** \_\_\_\_\_ **Signature:** \_\_\_\_\_