

Title: NxtGen Service Manual

Controlled Document No:

715-0132

Revision Level:

H

Page 1 of 151



Confidential

This document discloses subject matter in which International Biomedical has proprietary rights. Neither receipt nor possession thereof confers or transfers any right to reproduce or disclose the document, any part thereof, any information contained therein, or any physical article or device, or to practice any method or process except by written permission from or written agreement with International Biomedical.

Rev	ECO	Date	App
A	NDR 3657	06/17/21	JG
B	14272	07/15/21	TAM
C	14367	02/16/22	BB
D	14432	08/26/22	TAM
E	14725	05/21/24	CM
F	14765	10/10/24	NRB
G	14788	11/21/25	NRB
H	14984	5-19-26	NRB

ORIGINAL

NOTES:

1. Do not duplicate this cover sheet with manual.
2. Front and rear cover paper to be 100 # Cover Stock: Luster Offset - dull or equivalent - White 8 1/2" x 11"
3. First page of document is to be printed in color on the front cover.
4. Remainder of contents to be printed double-sided in color on #70 bond white paper, minimum brightness: 92
5. Spiral Bind - comb binding optional

Class Code

715

International Biomedical

8206 Cross Park Drive

Austin, Texas 78754

ENGR

NXT ASY

USED ON

CHECK

NB

041621

APPLICATION

ORIG

teh

040821

SIZE

A

SCALE

NONE

AirBORNE®

**NxtGen Transport Incubator
Service Manual**

AirBORNE[®]

NxtGen Transport Incubator

Service Manual

- **Phone:** (512) 873-0033
- **Fax:** (512) 873-9090
- **E-Mail:** sales@int-bio.com
- **Website:** <http://www.int-bio.com>

- **Manufacturer name, address, and mailing address:**

***International Biomedical
8206 Cross Park Dr.
Austin, TX 78754
USA***

- **Authorized representative in Europe for Regulatory Affairs:**

EC REP

***Emergo Europe
Westervoortsedijk 60
6827 AT
Arnhem, The Netherlands***

- **Authorized representative in Switzerland:**

CH REP

***MedEnvoy Global BV
Gotthardstrasse 28
6302 Zug
Switzerland***



TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.	GENERAL INFORMATION	12
1.1.	Introduction	12
1.2.	Intended Use.....	12
1.3.	Indications for Use	12
1.4.	Classification.....	13
1.5.	CE Marking Information	13
1.6.	Safety Summary	14
1.7.	Safety Notice.....	14
1.8.	Important Safety Considerations.....	14
1.9.	Symbols	27
2.	INITIAL SETUP	29
2.1.	Unpacking Instructions.....	29
2.2.	Mounting Provisions.....	30
3.	SYSTEM OVERVIEW	31
3.1.	Physical Description.....	31
3.1.1.	Transport Incubator	31
3.1.2.	Rear Electronics Panel	32
3.1.3.	Patient Connector Panel (Located on left or right end panel)	33
3.2.	System Power.....	33
3.2.1.	AC Power	33
3.2.2.	DC Power	33
3.2.3.	Battery Power	34
3.3.	External Power Connections.....	34
3.3.1.	External AC Power	34
3.3.2.	External DC Power	35
3.3.3.	Multiple Socket Outlets	35
3.3.4.	DC Power Outlet	36
4.	PRE-USE CHECKOUT	36
4.1.	Pre-Use Checkout.....	36
4.1.1.	Operational Check	36
4.1.2.	Infant Chamber Check	37
4.1.3.	Accessories	37
4.1.4.	Sensors and Cables	37
5.	OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS	37
5.1.	Power On.....	37
5.2.	Power On Self-Test.....	37
5.3.	Pre-Heat Mode.....	38
5.4.	Administrator Menu.....	38
5.5.	Service Menu	43
6.	NORMAL OPERATION.....	49
6.1.	Main Screen Navigation	50
6.2.	Thermal Operation	52
6.3.	Thermal Control System Description	53
6.4.	Setup.....	53
6.4.1.	Skin Temperature Probes	53
6.5.	Admitting a Patient.....	60
6.5.1.	Patient Positioning Straps Installation and Application	61
7.	MESSAGE CENTER.....	62
7.1.	Indicators	62
7.2.	Power off the Device	64

TABLE OF CONTENTS

8.	GENERAL ALARM INFORMATION.....	65
8.1.	Alarm Types.....	65
8.2.	Alarm Dropdown.....	66
8.3.	Alarm Audio Pause.....	68
8.4.	Technical Error.....	68
8.5.	Alarm Verification.....	69
8.5.1.	Test of Temperature Alarms	69
8.5.2.	Test of SpO₂ Alarms	69
8.5.3.	Test of O₂ Alarms	70
8.5.4.	Test of Heated Mattress Alarms	70
9.	DATA STORAGE.....	70
9.1.	Introduction.....	70
9.2.	Setup.....	71
9.3.	General Operation.....	71
10.	PULSEOX (OPTIONAL).....	71
10.1.	Introduction.....	71
10.2.	Pulse Oximetry Theory of Operation.....	72
10.3.	Setup.....	73
10.4.	General Operation.....	73
10.5.	Setting Alarm Limits - %SpO ₂	75
10.6.	Setting Alarm Limits - Pulse Rate.....	76
10.7.	Signal Strength.....	77
10.8.	Perfusion Index (Masimo Only).....	77
10.9.	Pulse Rate (BPM).....	77
10.10.	Sensors.....	78
10.11.	Pulse Oximetry Testers / Simulators.....	78
11.	PHOTOTHERAPY.....	78
11.1.	Introduction.....	78
11.2.	Setup.....	79
11.2.1.	Check Intensity	79
11.2.2.	Prepare the Infant	79
11.3.	General Operation.....	79
11.3.1.	Effective Surface Area	81
11.3.2.	Phototherapy Light Lifetime Indicator	82
12.	OBSERVATION LIGHT.....	82
12.1.	Introduction.....	82
12.2.	Setup.....	82
12.3.	General Operation.....	83
12.3.1.	Turning the Observation Light ON	84
12.3.2.	Turning the Observation Light OFF	85
12.3.3.	Adjusting the Observation Light Intensity	85
12.3.4.	Observation Light System Interactions with the Optional Phototherapy System	85
13.	AMBIENT OXYGEN MONITOR.....	85
13.1.	Introduction.....	85
13.1.1.	Temperature	85
13.1.2.	Pressure	86
13.1.3.	Humidity	86
13.1.4.	Oxygen Sensors	86
13.2.	Setup.....	86
13.2.1.	Calibration	87

TABLE OF CONTENTS

13.3.	General Operation	88
14.	HEATED MATTRESS	89
14.1.	Introduction.....	89
14.2.	Setup.....	89
14.3.	General Operation	90
15.	SUCTION	91
15.1.	Introduction.....	91
15.2.	Setup.....	91
15.3.	General Operation	92
16.	TIMERS	94
16.1.	Introduction.....	94
16.2.	General Operation	94
17.	DEVICE SETTINGS	97
17.1.	Introduction.....	97
17.2.	General Operation	97
18.	CLEANING	100
18.1.	Introduction.....	100
18.2.	Inspection	100
18.3.	Cleaning of Oxygen Sensor (Optional Equipment).....	102
18.4.	Cleaning of Cables (Optional Equipment)	102
18.5.	Cleaning of Patient Temperature Probes	102
18.6.	Cleaning of Pulse Ox Sensor (Optional Equipment).....	102
18.7.	Cleaning of Mattress/Heated Mattress	103
18.8.	Cleaning of Suction	103
19.	PREVENTATIVE MAINTENANCE	103
19.1.	Introduction.....	103
19.2.	Pre-Use Checkout.....	103
19.2.1.	Operational Check	103
19.2.2.	Infant Chamber Check	104
19.2.3.	Mattress Tray Check	104
19.2.4.	Light Bar	104
19.2.5.	Accessories	104
19.2.6.	Sensors and Cables	105
19.3.	Monthly Maintenance	105
19.3.1.	Infant Chamber Inspection and Cleaning	105
19.3.2.	Air Flow System Inspection and Cleaning	105
19.3.3.	Phototherapy	105
19.4.	Annual Maintenance.....	105
19.4.1.	Alarm Verification	105
19.4.2.	Airflow Tray Filter Replacement	106
19.4.3.	Suction Module Functional Check	106
19.5.	Battery Maintenance.....	107
19.5.1.	Battery Removal	107
19.6.	Calibration Schedule	107
19.7.	Phototherapy Light Lifetime Indicator	108
20.	TROUBLESHOOTING	108
20.1.	General.....	108
20.2.	Power On Self-Test.....	109
20.2.1.	Power on Self-Test Images	110
21.	ACCESSORIES.....	110

TABLE OF CONTENTS

22.	INTERNAL COMPONENT ACCESS	115
22.1.	Electronics Location and Description.....	116
22.2.	Electronics Compartment Access.....	116
22.3.	Power Module Removal	118
22.4.	Touch Screen Assembly Removal	119
22.5.	Knob Assembly Removal	120
22.6.	Suction Removal	121
22.7.	Connector Bay Removal.....	121
22.8.	PulseOx Sensor Board Removal (Optional Equipment)	121
22.9.	Auxiliary Medical Devices.....	122
23.	REPAIR POLICY	122
24.	WARRANTY	123
25.	SCHEMATICS	124
	Operating, Storage, and Transport Environment.....	125
	General Mechanical Specifications.....	125
	Electrical Specifications	126
	Operational Specifications	126
	Pulse Oximeter Specifications (Optional Feature)	126
	Range	126
	Resolution	127
	Sensor Peak Wavelengths	127
	Sensor Maximum Power Output	127
	Masimo Sensor Accuracy [™]	128
	Nellcor Sensor Accuracy ⁶	131
	Interfering Substances	133
	Ambient Oxygen Monitor Specifications (Optional Feature)	133
	Interfering Substances	133
	Phototherapy Specifications	134
	Observation Light Specifications.....	134
	Suction Specifications.....	134
	Environmental Requirements.....	145

LANGUAGE DISCLAIMER



WARNING:

This service manual is available in English only.

- (EN)
- If a customer's service provider requires a language other than English, it is the customer's responsibility to provide translation services.
 - Do not attempt to service the equipment unless this service manual has been consulted and is understood.
 - Failure to heed this warning may result in injury to the service provider, operator, or patient from electric shock, mechanical hazards, or other hazards.
-



VÝSTRAHA

Tento provozní návod existuje pouze v anglickém jazyce.

- (CS)
- V případě, že externí služba zákazníkům potřebuje návod v jiném jazyce, je zajištění překladu do odpovídajícího jazyka úkolem zákazníka.
 - Nesnažte se o údržbu tohoto zařízení, aniž byste si přečetli tento provozní návod a pochopili jeho obsah.
 - V případě nedodržování této výstrahy může dojít k poranění pracovníka prodejního servisu, obslužného personálu nebo pacientů vlivem elektrického proudu, respektive vlivem mechanických či jiných rizik.
-



ADVARSEL

Denne servicemanual findes kun på engelsk.

- (DA)
- Hvis en kundes tekniker har brug for et andet sprog end engelsk, er det kundens ansvar at sørge for oversættelse.
 - Forsøg ikke at servicere udstyret uden at læse og forstå denne servicemanual.
 - Manglende overholdelse af denne advarsel kan medføre skade på grund af elektrisk stød, mekanisk eller anden fare for teknikeren, operatøren eller patienten.
-



WAARSCHUWING

Deze onderhoudshandleiding is enkel in het Engels verkrijgbaar.

- (NL)
- Als het onderhoudspersoneel een andere taal vereist, dan is de klant verantwoordelijk voor de vertaling ervan.
 - Probeer de apparatuur niet te onderhouden alvorens deze onderhoudshandleiding werd geraadpleegd en begrepen is.
 - Indien deze waarschuwing niet wordt opgevolgd, zou het onderhoudspersoneel, de operator of een patiënt gewond kunnen raken als gevolg van een elektrische schok, mechanische of andere gevaren.
-

LANGUAGE DISCLAIMER



ПРЕДУПРЕЖДЕНИЕ

Това упътване за работа е налично само на английски език.

- (BG)
- Ако доставчикът на услугата на клиента изиска друг език, задължение на клиента е да осигури превод.
 - Не използвайте оборудването, преди да сте се консултирали и разбрали упътването за работа.
 - Неспазването на това предупреждение може да доведе до нараняване на доставчика на услугата, оператора или пациента в резултат на токов удар, механична или друга опасност.
-



警告

本维修手册仅提供英文版本。

- (ZH-CN)
- 如果客户的维修服务人员需要非英文版本，则客户需自行提供翻译服务。
 - 未详细阅读和完全理解本维修手册之前，不得进行维修。
 - 忽略本警告可能对维修服务人员、操作人员或患者造成电击、机械伤害或其他形式的伤害。
-



警告

本服務手冊僅提供英文版本。

- (ZH-HK)
- 倘若客戶的服務供應商需要英文以外之服務手冊，客戶有責任提供翻譯服務。
 - 除非已參閱本服務手冊及明白其內容，否則切勿嘗試維修設備。
 - 不遵從本警告或會令服務供應商、網絡供應商或病人受到觸電、機械性或其他危險。
-



警告

本維修手冊僅有英文版。

- (ZH-TW)
- 若客戶的維修廠商需要英文版以外的語言，應由客戶自行提供翻譯服務。
 - 請勿試圖維修本設備，除非您已查閱並瞭解本維修手冊。
 - 若未留意本警告，可能導致維修廠商、操作員或病患因觸電、機械或其他危險而受傷。
-



UPOZORENJE

Ovaj servisni priručnik dostupan je na engleskom jeziku.

- (HR)
- Ako davatelj usluge klijenta treba neki drugi jezik, klijent je dužan osigurati prijevod.
 - Ne pokušavajte servisirati opremu ako niste u potpunosti pročitali i razumjeli ovaj servisni priručnik.
 - Zanimarite li ovo upozorenje, može doći do ozljede davatelja usluge, operatera ili pacijenta uslijed strujnog udara, mehaničkih ili drugih rizika.
-

LANGUAGE DISCLAIMER



HOIATUS

See teenindusjuhend on saadaval ainult inglise keeles

- (ET)
- Kui klienditeeninduse osutaja nõuab juhendit inglise keelest erinevas keeles, vastutab klient tõlketeenuse osutamise eest.
 - Ärge üritage seadmeid teenindada enne eelnevalt käesoleva teenindusjuhendiga tutvumist ja sellest aru saamist.
 - Käesoleva hoiatuse eiramine võib põhjustada teenuseosutaja, operaatori või patsiendi vigastamist elektrilöögi, mehaanilise või muu ohu tagajärjel.
-



VAROITUS

Tämä huolto-ohje on saatavilla vain englanniksi.

- (FI)
- Jos asiakkaan huoltohenkilöstö vaatii muuta kuin englanninkielistä materiaalia, tarvittavan käännöksen hankkiminen on asiakkaan vastuulla.
 - Älä yritä korjata laitteistoa ennen kuin olet varmasti lukenut ja ymmärtänyt tämän huolto-ohjeen.
 - Mikäli tätä varoitusta ei noudateta, seurauksena voi olla huoltohenkilöstön, laitteiston käyttäjän tai potilaan vahingoittuminen sähköiskun, mekaanisen vian tai muun vaaratilanteen vuoksi.
-



ATTENTION

Ce manuel d'installation et de maintenance est disponible uniquement en anglais.

- (FR)
- Si le technicien d'un client a besoin de ce manuel dans une langue autre que l'anglais, il incombe au client de le faire traduire.
 - Ne pas tenter d'intervenir sur les équipements tant que ce manuel d'installation et de maintenance n'a pas été consulté et compris.
 - Le non-respect de cet avertissement peut entraîner chez le technicien, l'opérateur ou le patient des blessures dues à des dangers électriques, mécaniques ou autres.
-



WARNUNG

Diese Serviceanleitung existiert nur in englischer Sprache.

- (DE)
- Falls ein fremder Kundendienst eine andere Sprache benötigt, ist es Aufgabe des Kunden für eine entsprechende Übersetzung zu sorgen.
 - Versuchen Sie nicht diese Anlage zu warten, ohne diese Serviceanleitung gelesen und verstanden zu haben.
 - Wird diese Warnung nicht beachtet, so kann es zu Verletzungen des Kundendiensttechnikers, des Bedieners oder des Patienten durch Stromschläge, mechanische oder sonstige Gefahren kommen.
-

LANGUAGE DISCLAIMER



ΠΡΟΕΙΔΟΠΟΙΗΣΗ

Το παρόν εγχειρίδιο σέρβις διατίθεται μόνο στα αγγλικά.

- (EL)
- Εάν ο τεχνικός σέρβις ενός πελάτη απαιτεί το παρόν εγχειρίδιο σε γλώσσα εκτός των αγγλικών, αποτελεί ευθύνη του πελάτη να παρέχει τις υπηρεσίες μετάφρασης.
 - Μην επιχειρήσετε την εκτέλεση εργασιών σέρβις στον εξοπλισμό αν δεν έχετε συμβουλευτεί και κατανοήσει το παρόν εγχειρίδιο σέρβις.
 - Αν δεν προσέξετε την προειδοποίηση αυτή, ενδέχεται να προκληθεί τραυματισμός στον τεχνικό σέρβις, στο χειριστή ή στον ασθενή από ηλεκτροπληξία, μηχανικούς ή άλλους κινδύνους.



FIGYELMEZTETÉS

Ezen karbantartási kézikönyv kizárólag angol nyelven érhető el.

- (HU)
- Ha a vevő szolgáltatója angoltól eltérő nyelvre tart igényt, akkor a vevő felelőssége a fordítás elkészítése.
 - Ne próbálja elkezdni használni a berendezést, amíg a karbantartási kézikönyvben leírtakat nem értelmezték.
 - Ezen figyelmeztetés figyelmen kívül hagyása a szolgáltató, működtető vagy a beteg áramütés, mechanikai vagy egyéb veszélyhelyzet miatti sérülését eredményezheti.



AÐVÖRUN

Þessi þjónustuhandbók er aðeins fánleg á ensku.

- (IS)
- Ef að þjónustuveitandi viðskiptamanns þarfnast annas tungumáls en ensku, er það skylda viðskiptamanns að skaffa tungumálþjónustu.
 - Reynið ekki að afgreiða tækið nema að þessi þjónustuhandbók hefur verið skoðuð og skilin.
 - Brot á sinna þessari aðvörun getur leitt til meiðsla á þjónustuveitanda, stjórnanda eða sjúklings frá raflosti, vélrænu eða öðrum áhættum.



AVVERTENZA

Il presente manuale di manutenzione è disponibile soltanto in lingua inglese.

- (IT)
- Se un addetto alla manutenzione richiede il manuale in una lingua diversa, il cliente è tenuto a provvedere direttamente alla traduzione.
 - Procedere alla manutenzione dell'apparecchiatura solo dopo aver consultato il presente manuale ed averne compreso il contenuto.
 - Il mancato rispetto della presente avvertenza potrebbe causare lesioni all'addetto alla manutenzione, all'operatore o ai pazienti provocate da scosse elettriche, urti meccanici o altri rischi.



警告

このサービスマニュアルには英語版しかありません。

- (JA)
- サービスを担当される業者が英語以外の言語を要求される場合、翻訳作業はその業者の責任で行うものとさせていただきます。
 - このサービスマニュアルを熟読し理解せずに、装置のサービスを行わないでください。
 - この警告に従わない場合、サービスを担当される方、操作員あるいは患者さんが、感電や機械的又はその他の危険により負傷する可能性があります。

LANGUAGE DISCLAIMER



경고

본 서비스 매뉴얼은 영어로만 이용하실 수 있습니다.

- (KO)
- 고객의 서비스 제공자가 영어 이외의 언어를 요구할 경우, 번역 서비스를 제공하는 것은 고객의 책임입니다.
 - 본 서비스 매뉴얼을 참조하여 숙지하지 않은 이상 해당 장비를 수리하려고 시도하지 마십시오.
 - 본 경고 사항에 유의하지 않으면 전기 쇼크, 기계적 위험, 또는 기타 위험으로 인해 서비스 제공자, 사용자 또는 환자에게 부상을 입힐 수 있습니다.
-



BRĪDINĀJUMS

Šī apkopes rokasgrāmata ir pieejama tikai angļu valodā.

- (LV)
- Ja klienta apkopes sniedzējam nepieciešama informācija citā valodā, klienta pienākums ir nodrošināt tulkojumu.
 - Neveiciet aprīkojuma apkopi bez apkopes rokasgrāmatas izlasīšanas un saprašanas.
 - Šī brīdinājuma neievērošanas rezultātā var rasties elektriskās strāvas triecienu, mehānisku vai citu faktoru izraisītu traumu risks apkopes sniedzējam, operatoram vai pacientam.
-



ISPĒJIMAS

Šis ekspluatavimo vadovas yra tik anglų kalba.

- (LT)
- Jei kliento paslaugų tiekėjas reikalauja vadovo kita kalba – ne anglų, suteikti vertimo paslaugas privalo klientas.
 - Nemėginkite atlikti įrangos techninės priežiūros, jei neperskaitėte ar nesupratote šio ekspluatavimo vadovo.
 - Jei nepaisysite šio įspėjimo, galimi paslaugų tiekėjo, operatoriaus ar paciento sužalojimai dėl elektros šoko, mechaninių ar kitų pavojų.
-



ADVARSEL

Denne servicehåndboken finnes bare på engelsk.

- (NO)
- Hvis kundens serviceleverandør har bruk for et annet språk, er det kundens ansvar å sørge for oversettelse.
 - Ikke forsøk å reparere utstyret uten at denne servicehåndboken er lest og forstått.
 - Manglende hensyn til denne advarselen kan føre til at serviceleverandøren, operatøren eller pasienten skades på grunn av elektrisk støt, mekaniske eller andre farer.
-



OSTRZEŻENIE

Niniejszy podręcznik serwisowy dostępny jest jedynie w języku angielskim.

- (PL)
- Jeśli serwisant klienta wymaga języka innego niż angielski, zapewnienie usługi tłumaczenia jest obowiązkiem klienta.
 - Nie próbować serwisować urządzenia bez zapoznania się z niniejszym podręcznikiem serwisowym i zrozumienia go.
 - Niezastosowanie się do tego ostrzeżenia może doprowadzić do obrażeń serwisanta, operatora lub pacjenta w wyniku porażenia prądem elektrycznym, zagrożenia mechanicznego bądź innego.
-

LANGUAGE DISCLAIMER



AVISO

Este manual de assistência técnica encontra-se disponível unicamente em inglês.

- (PT-BR)
- Se outro serviço de assistência técnica solicitar a tradução deste manual, caberá ao cliente fornecer os serviços de tradução.
 - Não tente reparar o equipamento sem ter consultado e compreendido este manual de assistência técnica.
 - A não observância deste aviso pode ocasionar ferimentos no técnico, operador ou paciente decorrentes de choques elétricos, mecânicos ou outros.
-



ATENÇÃO

Este manual de assistência técnica só se encontra disponível em inglês.

- (PT-PT)
- Se qualquer outro serviço de assistência técnica solicitar este manual noutro idioma, é da responsabilidade do cliente fornecer os serviços de tradução.
 - Não tente reparar o equipamento sem ter consultado e compreendido este manual de assistência técnica.
 - O não cumprimento deste aviso pode colocar em perigo a segurança do técnico, do operador ou do paciente devido a choques eléctricos, mecânicos ou outros.
-



ATENTIE

Acest manual de service este disponibil doar în limba engleză.

- (RO)
- Dacă un furnizor de servicii pentru clienți necesită o altă limbă decât cea engleză, este de datoria clientului să furnizeze o traducere.
 - Nu încercați să reparați echipamentul decât ulterior consultării și înțelegerii acestui manual de service.
 - Ignorarea acestui avertisment ar putea duce la rănirea depanatorului, operatorului sau pacientului în urma pericolelor de electrocutare, mecanice sau de altă natură.
-



ОСТОРОЖНО!

Данное руководство по техническому обслуживанию представлено только на английском языке.

- (RU)
- Если сервисному персоналу клиента необходимо руководство не на английском, а на каком-то другом языке, клиенту следует самостоятельно обеспечить перевод.
 - Перед техническим обслуживанием оборудования обязательно обратитесь к данному руководству и поймите изложенные в нем сведения.
 - Несоблюдение требований данного предупреждения может привести к тому, что специалист по техобслуживанию, оператор или пациент получит удар электрическим током, механическую травму или другое повреждение.
-



UPOZORENJE

Ovo servisno uputstvo je dostupno samo na engleskom jeziku.

- (SR)
- Ako klijentov serviser zahteva neki drugi jezik, klijent je dužan da obezbedi prevodilačke usluge.
 - Ne pokušavajte da opravite uređaj ako niste pročitali i razumeli ovo servisno uputstvo.
 - Zanemarivanje ovog upozorenja može dovesti do povređivanja servisera, rukovaoca ili pacijenta usled strujnog udara ili mehaničkih i drugih opasnosti.
-

LANGUAGE DISCLAIMER



UPOZORNENIE

Tento návod na obsluhu je k dispozícii len v angličtine.

- (SK)
- Ak zákazníkovi poskytovateľ služieb vyžaduje iný jazyk ako angličtinu, poskytnutie prekladateľských služieb je zodpovednosťou zákazníka.
 - Nepokúšajte sa o obsluhu zariadenia, kým si neprečítate návod na obsluhu a neporozumiete mu.
 - Zanedbanie tohto upozornenia môže spôsobiť zranenie poskytovateľa služieb, obsluhujúcej osoby alebo pacienta elektrickým prúdom, mechanické alebo iné ohrozenie.
-



ATENCION

Este manual de servicio sólo existe en inglés.

- (ES)
- Si el encargado de mantenimiento de un cliente necesita un idioma que no sea el inglés, el cliente deberá encargarse de la traducción del manual.
 - No se deberá dar servicio técnico al equipo, sin haber consultado y comprendido este manual de servicio.
 - La no observancia del presente aviso puede dar lugar a que el proveedor de servicios, el operador o el paciente sufran lesiones provocadas por causas eléctricas, mecánicas o de otra naturaleza.
-



VARNING

Den här servicehandboken finns bara tillgänglig på engelska.

- (SV)
- Om en kunds servicetekniker har behov av ett annat språk än engelska, ansvarar kunden för att tillhandahålla översättningstjänster.
 - Försök inte utföra service på utrustningen om du inte har läst och förstår den här servicehandboken.
 - Om du inte tar hänsyn till den här varningen kan det resultera i skador på serviceteknikern, operatören eller patienten till följd av elektriska stötar, mekaniska faror eller andra faror.
-



OPOZORILO

Ta servisni priročnik je na voljo samo v angleškem jeziku.

- (SL)
- Če ponudnik storitve stranke potrebuje priročnik v drugem jeziku, mora stranka zagotoviti prevod.
 - Ne poskušajte servisirati opreme, če tega priročnika niste v celoti prebrali in razumeli.
 - Če tega opozorila ne upoštevate, se lahko zaradi električnega udara, mehanskih ali drugih nevarnosti poškoduje ponudnik storitev, operater ali bolnik.
-



DİKKAT

Bu servis kılavuzunun sadece ingilizcesi mevcuttur.

- (TR)
- Eğer müşteri teknisyeni bu kılavuzu ingilizce dışında bir başka lisandan talep ederse, bunu tercüme ettirmek müşteriye düşer.
 - Servis kılavuzunu okuyup anlamadan ekipmanlara müdahale etmeyiniz.
 - Bu uyarıya uyulmaması, elektrik, mekanik veya diğer tehlikelerden dolayı teknisyen, operatör veya hastanın yaralanmasına yol açabilir.
-

1. **GENERAL INFORMATION**

1.1. Introduction

This service manual describes the system, setup, operation, cleaning, maintenance, troubleshooting, and technical specifications for the NxtGen Transport Incubator. Read the NxtGen manual thoroughly to understand all instructions, warnings, cautions, and notes before operating the device. International Biomedical is not responsible for any malfunction due to improper use or service by unauthorized International Biomedical personnel. For any technical problem, contact your International Biomedical representative. There are no known contraindications associated with the NxtGen Transport Incubator.

1.2. Intended Use

The NxtGen Transport Incubator is intended for use by personnel trained in neonatal care to facilitate the movements of neonates by air or ambulance. The Transport Incubator provides heat in a controlled manner to neonates through an enclosed temperature controlled environment. The Transport Incubator is also intended to carry equipment designed for airway management and monitoring of the neonatal infant's status. The device provides two modes of heat: Manual (Operator) Controlled or Skin (Servo) Controlled. All Transport Incubators may be optionally configured with pulse oximetry, a suction device, and an integrated heated mattress. In addition, the NxtGen Transport Incubator may be configured with optional blue LED phototherapy to treat indirect hyperbilirubinemia.

1.3. Indications for Use

Device	Indication For Use	Clinical Benefit
Transport Incubator	Facilitate the movement of neonates who require critical care and continuous monitoring by air or ambulance.	Provide a safe and secure environment for infants during transport.
	Support infants who have limited capacity to thermoregulate and are prone to decreased core temperature.	Prevent hypothermia by providing a stable thermal environment.
	Provide an enclosed environment for infants requiring critical care and continuous monitoring.	Reduce risk of heat loss and support infant body thermoregulation.
Accessories	Indication For Use	Clinical Benefit
Phototherapy Light	Treat neonatal hyperbilirubinemia.	Treat neonatal hyperbilirubinemia.
Suction Device	Assist infant neonates when unable to effectively move secretions from the respiratory tract due to increase in carbon dioxide, increase in oxygen needs, or excessive production of secretions.	Allow infant airway to be clear of secretions.
Heated Mattress	Support infants who have limited capacity to thermoregulate and are prone to decreased core temperature.	Prevent hypothermia by providing a stable thermal environment.
Pulse Oximetry	Monitor blood oxygen level and heart rate for infants with altered cardiac output and/or respiratory dysfunction.	Detect medical conditions relating heart rate and oxygen blood saturation.

Integrated Oxygen Monitor	Monitor ambient oxygen level of infant's environment.	Prevent an unsafe breathing air ambient environment.
---------------------------	-------------------------------------------------------	------------------------------------------------------

1.4. Classification

According to the standard IEC 60601-1 of the International Electrotechnical Commission, *Medical electrical equipment, Part 1: General requirements for safety*, the infant Transport Incubator is classified as follows:

- Class II / Internally Powered, according to the type of protection against electric shock
- The NxtGen Transport Incubator and its applied parts are Type BF equipment. T1 and T2 patient probes, Pulse oximeter probe, ambient oxygen sensor, and the mattresses are applied parts. Care must be taken that additional equipment connected to the baby is electrically safe. To ensure patient electrical isolation, connect only to other equipment with electronically isolated circuits.
- IP33, according to the degree of protection against harmful ingress of water
- Equipment is not suitable for use in the presence of a flammable anesthetic mixture with air or with oxygen or nitrous oxide.
- Continuous operation for the mode of operation

1.5. CE Marking Information

This Instructions for Use (IFU) covers multiple device variants that fall under different conformity assessment routes in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2017/745 (MDR).

The applicable CE marking either with or without a Notified Body (NB) number depends on the classification of each device

Device Name	Device Class	Conformity Assessment	CE Marking
NxtGen Transport Incubator	Class IIb	NB conformity assessment	CE 2797
Electronic Suction Device	Class IIb	NB conformity assessment	CE 2797
Patient Skin Temp Sensor	Class IIb	NB conformity assessment	CE 2797
Phototherapy and Observation Light	Class IIb	NB conformity assessment	CE 2797
Heated Mattress	Class IIb	NB conformity assessment	CE 2797
Oxygen Monitor Sensor Cable	Class IIb	NB conformity assessment	CE 2797
Infant Positioning Straps	Class I	Self-Certified by Manufacturer	CE
Infant Eye Shields	Class I	Self-Certified by Manufacturer	CE

1.6. Safety Summary

The NxtGen Transport Incubator is intended to be used by trained clinicians and operated in a manner consistent with the instructions contained in this manual. Refer to any additional training, procedures, requirements, or documentation beyond those identified here for operation and policies required within the institution. All personnel operating the Transport Incubator must be familiar with the warnings and operating procedures contained in this manual. International Biomedical is not to be held responsible if the Transport Incubator is used in a manner inconsistent with the instructions herein.

Any serious incident that occurs in relation to this device should be reported to International Biomedical and the competent authority of the appropriate member state.

1.7. Safety Notice

The Transport Incubator has been tested and found to comply with limits for electromagnetic interference and susceptibility as defined by IEC 60601-1-2. However, this equipment can radiate radio frequency (RF) energy and may cause harmful interference to other devices. The Transport Incubator may also be affected by interference from other devices. If RF interference is suspected, relocate or shield the Transport Incubator to reduce or eliminate the effects.

1.8. Important Safety Considerations

Within certain governmental jurisdictions, all interconnected accessory equipment must be labeled by an approved testing laboratory. After interconnection with accessory equipment, risk (leakage) current and grounding requirements must be maintained. Assembly of a Medical Electrical System and modifications to this device during the service life require evaluation to the requirements of 60601-1. Safety concerns or additional pertinent information will be displayed using warnings, cautions, and notes, having the following significance:



Maintenance or operating procedure, technique, etc., which may result in personal injury or loss of life if not carefully followed.



Maintenance or operating procedure, technique, etc., which may result in patient harm or damage to equipment if not carefully followed.

NOTES:

Maintenance or operating procedure, technique, etc., which is considered essential to emphasize.

The principal **WARNING** and **CAUTION** notices to be observed in use of this device are brought together here for emphasis.

WARNING

General

OBSERVE BEST PRACTICE: The instructions in this manual in no way supersede established medical procedures or staff preference concerning patient care.

As with all medical equipment, carefully route patient cabling to reduce the possibility of patient entanglement or strangulation.

Do not modify this equipment without proper authorization from International Biomedical.

The NxtGen Transport Incubator should be used by appropriately trained personnel and under the direction of qualified medical staff familiar with currently known risks and benefits of the NxtGen Transport Incubator use.

Skin temperature probe is not a rectal probe. The skin temperature sensor is not to be used as a rectal probe.

Warming transdermal medications can increase drug delivery and may result in patient danger.

Do not use the observation light, the pulse oximeter, heated mattress, or ambient oxygen monitor in the presence of flammable anesthetics or other flammable substance in combination with air, oxygen-enriched environments, or nitrous oxide.

USE OF OXYGEN INCREASES FIRE DANGER: Spark-producing auxiliary equipment should not be placed in or near the Transport Incubator.

USE OF OXYGEN INCREASES FIRE DANGER: Small amounts of flammable agent left in the incubator can cause fire.

Avoid direct sunlight or radiant heat, which can cause a dangerous increase in chamber's air temperature and affect the amount of irradiation being provided to the patient.

The use of oxygen may increase the noise level within the infant chamber.

Use of this equipment adjacent to or stacked with other equipment should be avoided because it could result in improper operation. If such use is necessary, this equipment and the other equipment should be observed to verify that they are operating normally.

Use of accessories, transducers, and cables other than those specified or provided by the manufacturer of this equipment could result in increased electromagnetic emissions or decreased electromagnetic immunity of this equipment and result in improper operation.

Varying ambient conditions, such as the ambient temperature and/or different radiation sources, may adversely affect the patient. Please refer to your institution's policy and procedure regarding appropriate ambient conditions.

Portable RF communications equipment (including peripherals such as antenna cables and external antennas) should be used no closer than 30 cm (12 inches) to any part of the NxtGen system, including cables specified by the manufacturer. Otherwise, degradation of the performance of this equipment could result.

Do not use the NxtGen system during magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) scanning. The NxtGen system may affect the MRI image and the MRI unit may affect the NxtGen system's operation.

Do not use liquids in or around the Transport Incubator.

Stop using the device if it is defective, indicate on the device that it is out of order, and contact your provider or International Biomedical representative.

Different alarm presets on the same or similar equipment in the same area could lead to operator confusion and patient danger.

DO NOT USE EXTENSION CORDS. If the integrity of the connection is in doubt, the Transport Incubator should be operated from its internal battery.

Do not position the Transport Incubator so that it is difficult to disconnect from the AC outlet.

External Power Connections

Only designated accessories are to be used with the provided multiple socket outlets.

Connecting electrical equipment to the multiple socket outlets effectively creates a medical electrical system and can result in a reduced level of safety.

The ground connection of the multiple socket outlet is not a protective earth.

Do not connect additional multiple socket outlets or extension cords to the multiple socket outlet.

Pre-Heat

Do not admit patient while in Pre-Heat Mode, all clinical alarms/alerts are disabled.

Alarm System

Do not rely exclusively on the audible alarm system. Setting alarm conditions to the extreme (example: on/off, too high/too low) may result in patient danger. The most valuable method of patient monitoring combines close personal assessment with correct operation of the device.

Check alarm limits each time the device is used to ensure that they are appropriate for the patient being monitored.

Auditory alarm signal sound pressure levels, which are less than ambient levels, can impede recognition of alarm signals and the NxtGen Transport Incubator provides a restricted means to configure the minimum operator adjustable alarm volume.

Pulse Oximeter

If using pulse oximetry during full body irradiation, keep the sensor out of the irradiation field. If the sensor is exposed to irradiation, the reading might be inaccurate or the unit might read zero for the duration of the active irradiation period.

The pulse oximeter should NOT be used as an apnea monitor.

Pulse rate measurement is based on the optical detection of a peripheral flow pulse and therefore may not detect arrhythmias. The pulse oximeter should not be used as a replacement or substitute for ECG based arrhythmia analysis.

Do not place the pulse oximeter or accessories in any position that might cause it to fall on the patient.

Misapplication of a PULSE OXIMETER PROBE with excessive pressure for prolonged periods can induce pressure injury.

INTERFERING SUBSTANCES: Dyes or any substance containing dyes that change usual blood pigmentation may cause erroneous SpO₂ readings.

The pulse oximeter may be used during defibrillation, but this may affect the accuracy or availability of the parameters and measurements.

The pulse oximeter may be used during electrocautery, but this may affect the accuracy or availability of the parameters and measurements.

The pulse oximeter should not be used for arrhythmia analysis.

SpO₂ is empirically calibrated in healthy adult volunteers with normal levels of carboxyhemoglobin (COHb) and methemoglobin (MetHb).

The pulse oximeter should not be used as the sole basis for medical decisions. It must be used in conjunction with clinical signs and symptoms.

Do not adjust, repair, open, disassemble, or modify the pulse oximeter or accessories. Injury to personnel or equipment damage could occur. Return the pulse oximeter for servicing if necessary.

To protect against damaging the device, follow the directions below:

- Avoid placing the device on surfaces with visible liquid spills.
- Do not soak or immerse the device in liquids.
- Do not attempt to sterilize the device.
- Use cleaning solutions only as instructed in this service manual.
- Do not attempt to clean the device while monitoring a patient.

Inaccurate SpO₂ readings may be caused by:

- Improper sensor application and placement
- Elevated levels of COHb or MetHb: High levels of COHb or MetHb may occur with a seemingly normal SpO₂. When elevated levels of COHb or MetHb are suspected, laboratory analysis (CO-Oximetry) of a blood sample should be performed.
- Elevated levels of bilirubin

- Elevated levels of dyshemoglobin
- Vasospastic disease, such as Raynaud's, and peripheral vascular disease
- Hemoglobinopathies and synthesis disorders such as thalassemias, Hb s, Hb c, sickle cell, etc.
- Hypocapnic or hypercapnic conditions
- Severe anemia
- Very low arterial perfusion
- Extreme motion artifact
- Abnormal venous pulsation or venous constriction
- Severe vasoconstriction or hypothermia
- Arterial catheters and intra-aortic balloon
- Intravascular dyes, such as indocyanine green or methylene blue
- Externally applied coloring and texture, such as nail polish, acrylic nails, glitter, etc.
- Birthmark(s), tattoos, skin discolorations, moisture on skin, deformed or abnormal fingers. etc.
- Skin color disorders

Do not start or operate the pulse oximeter unless the setup was verified to be correct.

If any measurement seems questionable, first check the patient's vital signs by alternate means and then check the pulse oximeter for proper functioning.

Do not use the pulse oximeter if it appears or is suspected to be damaged.

To protect from electric shock, always remove the sensor and completely disconnect the pulse oximeter before bathing the patient.

Phototherapy

Incorrect use of the light or the use of parts and accessories that are not manufactured or supplied by International Biomedical can damage the light and may cause injury to the patient and/or operator.

Do not look directly into the LEDs. During observation/phototherapy light use, always protect the patient's eyes with eye shields or equivalent. Per your institution's protocol, periodically verify that the baby's eyes are protected and free of infection.

Turn off the light bar and allow the light bar to cool before handling as the light bar can be hot.

The use of the baby or skin temperature probes is recommended to track the infant's temperature during phototherapy. In addition, use of reflective foils may cause hazardous body temperature. Monitor the infant's skin temperature per your institution's policy during phototherapy to avoid fluctuation in body temperature.

Always switch off the power and disconnect the power cord when cleaning the light bar.

Prior to administering phototherapy, ensure phototherapy has been prescribed for the infant.

Operators should avoid looking directly at the phototherapy light. Prolonged exposure may induce headache, nausea, or vertigo.

Bilirubin levels of infants receiving phototherapy should be regularly measured.

Phototherapy equipment should only be initiated and used by appropriately trained personnel and under the direction of qualified medical personnel familiar with currently known risks and benefits of infant phototherapy equipment.

The phototherapy light system can increase the patient's body temperature. Closely monitor the patient's body temperature and adjust the Transport Incubator's set point accordingly.

Sensitive individuals may experience headache, nausea, or mild vertigo if he/she stays too long in the irradiated area. Using the phototherapy system in a well-lit area or wearing glasses with yellow lenses can reduce side effects.

Bilirubin Photoisomers may cause toxic effects.

Intensive phototherapy may not be appropriate for all infants (i.e. preterm infants ≤ 1000 g).

Refer to the jaundice management guidelines or regulations in your country to determine the best treatment path for neonatal hyperbilirubinemia; such as the AAP Guidelines (American Academy of Pediatrics Clinical Practice Guideline - Management of Hyperbilirubinemia in the Newborn Infant 35 or More Weeks of Gestation); or NICE guidelines (National Institute for Health and Clinical Excellence - Neonatal Jaundice).

Heated Mattress

The surface of the heated mattress should be checked for mechanical damage before each use. Do not use heated mattress if there is any sign of damage.

Always monitor patient's temperature while using the heated mattress. Failure to monitor the patient's temperature can result in serious injury.

Do not use heated mattress in combination with additional heating elements.

Gel pads should not be used. Gel pads may cause decreased warming performance, as the mattress would first heat the gel pad.

The use of materials of good thermal conductivity, such as water, gel and similar substances, with the heated mattress not switched on can decrease the temperature of the body of a patient.

There is a risk of electrical shock, burns, or electromagnetic interference with use of HF surgical instruments or endocardial catheters while the heated mattress is in use.

Suction

Service the suction equipment if liquids or solids are drawn into the vacuum pump.

Suction equipment should only be used by persons who have received adequate instructions in its use.

Cleaning

Turn the power OFF, remove the power plug from the power outlet, and allow the heater to cool down before cleaning and disinfecting the device.

Ensure that the device is cleaned and disinfected before first use, between patients, and after maintenance.

Maintenance

Battery maintenance should be performed by service personnel only.

Battery should be removed if device it is not likely to be used for some time.

This Transport Incubator was calibrated with the infant chamber originally supplied. If this chamber is exchanged for an infant chamber of a different configuration or size, the temperature calibration will be affected. Consult International Biomedical before returning the Transport Incubator to service.

Periodically check the internal battery for excessive wear.



General

The Transport Incubator **MUST** be plugged into AC power and the battery recharged after any battery usage. The battery will sustain damage if drained of power and not recharged.

Verify temperature and oxygen settings after power outage, battery disconnection, or change in power supply.

After the patient is admitted, adjustments to the device operating parameters should not be made unless necessary.

Do not move the Transport Incubator by pushing on the infant chamber. The infant chamber is not designed to sustain the forces to push the Transport Incubator. Stress fractures in the infant chamber can occur.

The NxtGen Transport Incubator cannot differentiate between an increase in core temperature with cold skin (fever), and low core and skin temperature (hypothermia). Patient temperature should be verified with an axillary thermometer.

The NxtGen Transport Incubator does not control the level of humidity in the chamber.

DO NOT leave the cord attached to the DC connector of the Transport Incubator when not operating in DC power mode.

U. S. Federal and Canadian law restricts this device to sale by or on the order of a physician or other licensed medical practitioner. Outside Canada and the U. S., check with local laws for applicable restrictions.

Disposal of product - Comply with local laws in the disposal of the device and/or its accessories.

Always place a sheet or blanket between the patient and the mattress.

Positioning straps are intended to prevent the PATIENT from moving and should be inspected regularly with respect to their safety function.

Positioning straps are designed to be discarded after single patient use. Washing and reusing this product may put sequential patients at risk for:

- Skin irritation (breakdown of material or retention of soaps and chemicals)
- Viral, bacterial, or fungal infection
- Falls due to weakening of the fastening material and base fabric

Keep all positioning strap material away from patient neck area. Tightness of the strap should not impede chest expansion in any way.

Pulse Oximeter

Pulse oximeter probes and cables are designed for use with specific monitors. Only use Masimo sensors and patient cables for Masimo pulse oximetry model. Only use Nellcor sensors and patient cables for Nellcor pulse oximetry model. Verify the compatibility of the monitor, sensor, and cable before use, otherwise patient injury can result.

Replace the cable or sensor when a low SIQ message is consistently displayed while monitoring consecutive patients after completing troubleshooting steps listed in this manual.

When patients are undergoing photodynamic therapy they may be sensitive to light sources. Pulse oximetry may be used only under careful clinical supervision for short time periods to minimize interference with photodynamic therapy.

Do not place the pulse oximeter on electrical equipment that may affect the device, preventing it from working properly.

If SpO₂ values indicate hypoxemia, a laboratory blood sample should be taken to confirm the patient's condition.

If the Low Perfusion message is frequently displayed, find a better perfused monitoring site. In the interim, assess the patient and, if indicated, verify oxygenation status through other means.

Change the application site or replace the sensor and/or patient cable when a "Replace sensor" and/or "Replace patient cable", or a persistent poor signal quality message (such as "Low SIQ") is displayed on the host monitor. These messages may indicate that patient monitoring time is exhausted on the patient cable or sensor.

Variation in measurements may be profound and may be affected by sampling technique as well as the patient's physiological conditions. Any results exhibiting inconsistency with the patient's clinical status should be repeated and/or supplemented with additional test data. Blood samples should be analyzed by laboratory instruments prior to clinical decision making to completely understand the patient's condition.

Do not submerge the pulse oximeter in any cleaning solution or attempt to sterilize by autoclave, irradiation, steam, gas, ethylene oxide, or any other method. This will seriously damage the pulse oximeter.

To minimize radio interference, other electrical equipment that emits radio frequency transmissions should not be in close proximity to the pulse oximeter.

Phototherapy

The phototherapy light spectrum used can hinder clinical observations of skin color changes caused by cyanosis, etc. Care must be observed during assessments.

Phototherapy light system may disturb the patient's water balance.

Clear objects from the area in the pathway for the light emitted from the phototherapy light. Objects left in the light pathway may become overheated and cause burning.

Phototherapy light can adversely affect drugs and other infusion liquids. Drugs and infusion liquids shall not be stored in the radiation area. If intravenous delivery is performed during phototherapy, IV lines should be protected (covered).

Observation Light

The light system should be turned off when not in use.

Route the observation light power cord carefully to keep out of patient's reach.

Oxygen Monitor

Only use the approved International Biomedical cable and sensor for ambient oxygen monitoring.

Use the ambient oxygen monitor when oxygen is delivered to the infant.

The Maxtec MAX-250E oxygen sensor is a sealed device containing a mild acid electrolyte, lead (Pb), and lead acetate. Lead and lead acetate are hazardous waste constituents and should be disposed of properly, or returned to Maxtec or International Biomedical for proper disposal or recovery.

Calibrate the oxygen sensor daily when in use or if environmental conditions change significantly (i.e., Temperature, Humidity, or Barometric Pressure).

Dropping or severely jarring the oxygen sensor after calibration may shift the calibration point enough to require recalibration.

Heated Mattress

Polyurethane foams are combustible. Do not expose to flame or other ignition source.

Do not use the heated mattress without the heated mattress cover in place.

Suction

Use only ISO 8836 compliant suction catheters.

The suction system is supplied with a disposable Suction Canister and hydrophobic filter. It is the operator's responsibility to ensure a Suction Canister with overflow protection and a filter is included on subsequent Suction Canister and tubing changes.

The disposable Suction Canister supplied with the suction system should be checked frequently to prevent overflow.

A suction bulb should be kept on-hand.

Cleaning and Maintenance

Never immerse skin temperature probe in disinfectant or soap solution.

The Transport Incubator electronics contain static sensitive components that can be damaged by improper handling. Use approved grounding techniques for work areas and service personnel.

After cleaning and disinfecting the device, always dry completely before use.

Assemble the removed parts and check that the device operates normally after cleaning and disinfecting.

Do not spray cleaning solutions directly on the touch screen during cleaning.

Only use cleaning solutions listed in this manual. Unapproved cleaning solutions can damage the parts.

Do not allow sharp instruments to penetrate the mattress. Inspect surface before and after each use. Mattress should not be used if there is any sign of penetration or damage.

Replace battery only with an International Biomedical part.

Do not replace the battery unless properly trained.

NOTES:

Physical Description

Connector panel may be located on the right or left side of the device depending on the configuration.

The IP classification can be found on the device product label.

The NxtGen system does not contain natural rubber products.

All materials used on continuous contact surfaces with infant are designed using biocompatible materials.

Disable Device

Alarms associated with the disconnected or disabled feature will not be active until the feature is reconnected or reenabled.

Only a touch and hold of the icon will disable a feature.

SpO₂

The pulse oximeter should be considered an early warning device. As a trend towards patient hypoxemia is indicated, blood samples should be analyzed by a laboratory cooximeter to completely understand the patient's condition.

Peak wavelength information may be useful to clinicians, such as those performing photodynamic therapy.

Loss of pulse signal can occur for many reasons including, but not limited to, when the patient has hypotension, severe vasoconstriction, severe anemia, or hypothermia; there is arterial occlusion proximal to the sensor; or the patient is in cardiac arrest or is in shock.

A functional tester cannot be used to assess the accuracy of the pulse oximeter.

High-intensity extreme lights (such as pulsating strobe lights) directed on the sensor may not allow the pulse oximeter to obtain vital sign readings.

When using the Maximum Sensitivity SpO₂ setting, performance of the “Sensor Off” detection may be compromised. If the device is in this setting and the sensor becomes dislodged from the patient, the potential for false readings may occur due to environmental “noise” such as light, vibration, and excessive air movement.

Masimo Patents: www.masimo.com/patents.htm

Possession or purchase of this device does not convey any expressed or implied license to use the device with unauthorized sensors or cables which would, alone or in combination with this device, fall within the scope of one or more of the patents relating to this device.

Additional information specific to the Masimo sensors compatible with the pulse oximeter, including information about parameter/measurement performance during motion and low perfusion, may be found in the sensor’s directions for use (DFU).

Masimo Cables and sensors are provided with X-Cal™ technology to minimize the risk of inaccurate readings and unanticipated loss of patient monitoring. Refer to the Cable or Sensor DFU for the specified duration of the patient monitoring time.

Phototherapy Light

Only mount the light bar centered between the top of the inner and outer chambers where the patient cannot access unit. The distance between the light bar and the effective surface area is fixed for the low profile and XL chambers. If the distance between the light bar and the infant is increased, the irradiance intensity will decrease. If the distance between the light bar and the infant is decreased, the irradiance intensity will increase. Do not place the light bar inside the inner chamber.

Before installing the phototherapy light and administering phototherapy, read Section 11. of this manual carefully. There are safety considerations that should be read and understood before use.

The phototherapy unit uses a specific type of LED. Consult International Biomedical for repair and replacement of LEDs. Use of incorrect LEDs can adversely affect performance and/or damage the light.

If using pulse oximetry during phototherapy, keep the sensor out of the irradiation field. If the sensor is exposed to irradiation, the reading might be inaccurate or the unit might read zero for the duration of the active irradiation period.

Check irradiance intensity monthly with a calibrated meter (such as the ILT Light Meter; International Biomedical part number 736-0001, ILT part number ILT74INTERBI-CE) to ensure the light is outputting correctly.

The unit uses a specific type of LED. The use of incorrect LEDs can adversely affect performance and/or damage the light.

Ambient Oxygen Monitor

If the submenu exit is touched during the O₂ calibration process, the system will discard the current calibration information.

The oxygen sensor utilizes an electrochemical reaction and once exposed to the environment, the oxygen sensor will begin its degradation process.

Ambient oxygen monitor alarms will not be active during operator disabled state.

Cleaning

Clean and disinfect the device, as per the maintenance instructions, or whenever you notice any dirt or stain that may cause infection.

Do not use cleaning solutions with alcohol on the chamber. Repeated use may cause damage to the chamber over time.

If optional heated mattress is installed, disconnect from the connector bay prior to removal for cleaning.

Never use disinfectant solutions at concentrations above recommended values.

Never use any abrasive cloth or unapproved cleaning solution for disinfection.

Never autoclave removable parts.

Follow standard hospital cleaning/disinfecting procedures/protocol.

Visual inspection of device for cleanliness requires adequate lighting.

Maintenance

Medical institutions are responsible for performing routine maintenance as detailed in the operator manual.

Perform preventative maintenance procedures on all Accessory Equipment as recommended in the manual for each piece of equipment.

Specifications


























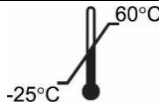

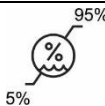

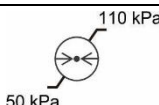
Dimensions and weights are approximate. Height dimensions are given such that when added the approximate total height is given.

Screen Locking













The device screen cannot be locked with an active alarm/alert. If an alarm/alert activates while the screen is locked, the screen will unlock.

1.9. Symbols

The following symbols are used on the device and its packaging.

Symbol	Description	Symbol	Description
	Type BF Equipment		Observation Light (Indicates Intensity)
	Patient Temperature		Power button
	Chamber Temperature		Recycle or Dispose of Properly
	Default Silent Alert		Heated Mattress
	Stopwatch		Suction
	Timer		Eye Protection Required
	Alarm Audio Pause		Manufacturing Date
	European Union Representative		Consult Accompanying Documents
	Catalog Number		Serial Number
	Medical Device		Unique Device Identifier
	High-frequency Ventilator		Removable Digital Media Port
	Manufacturer		Ingress Protection Rating
	AC Current		Shipping Temperature
	DC Current		Shipping Humidity
	Display Brightness		Shipping Pressure Limits

	Screen locked		Screen Settings
	Timer Play		Screen unlocked
	Configure		Timer Reset
	Cancel Icon		Timer Pause
	Set low alarm limit		Confirm Icon
	Date/Time set icon		Pre-Heat Menu
	Alarm Limits Icon		Set high alarm limit
	Event Log Icon		Battery Icon
	Configuration Icon		Language icon
	About Icon		Return Icon
	SpO ₂ Menu icon		Administrator menu
	Heater Calibration icon		Service menu
	Page Up		Factory Reset
	AC Power Indicator		Page Down
	Charging Battery Indicator		Missing Battery Indicator
	Battery Power Indicator		Puncture Hazard
	Caution		Consult Accompanying Documents

	Warning		Air Output
	Oxygen Output		Blended Gas Output
	Ventilator Switch		Valve Open
	Valve Closed		Pressure Measurement
	Functional Earth		Class II Device
	Download Icon		Authorized Switzerland Representative

2. INITIAL SETUP

2.1. Unpacking Instructions

Open and remove the outer packaging material.

Remove the inner protective foam material.

Inspect the contents for damage and verify that all items are present.

Unbolt the Transport Incubator from the underside of the pallet.

If present, cut away any tie-down straps.

2.2. Mounting Provisions

Four mounting points on the base of the NxtGen Transport Incubator are provided to mount the Transport Incubator to an interface that will securely fix the Transport Incubator system in a hospital setting or emergency vehicle as appropriate. Four 3/8"-24 bolts, or equivalent, may be used to secure the incubator from the bottom, or the adapter nuts may be removed to allow for bolting from the top side. Access to mounting holes from the top is internal to the incubator and may be limited by installed devices. It is the customer's responsibility to ensure that any safety requirements have been addressed on the installation. Unless otherwise specified, maximum additional equipment weight is limited to 10 kg per auxiliary equipment bay and 10 kg on the shelf. Dimensions are approximate and vary depending on the configuration of the system.

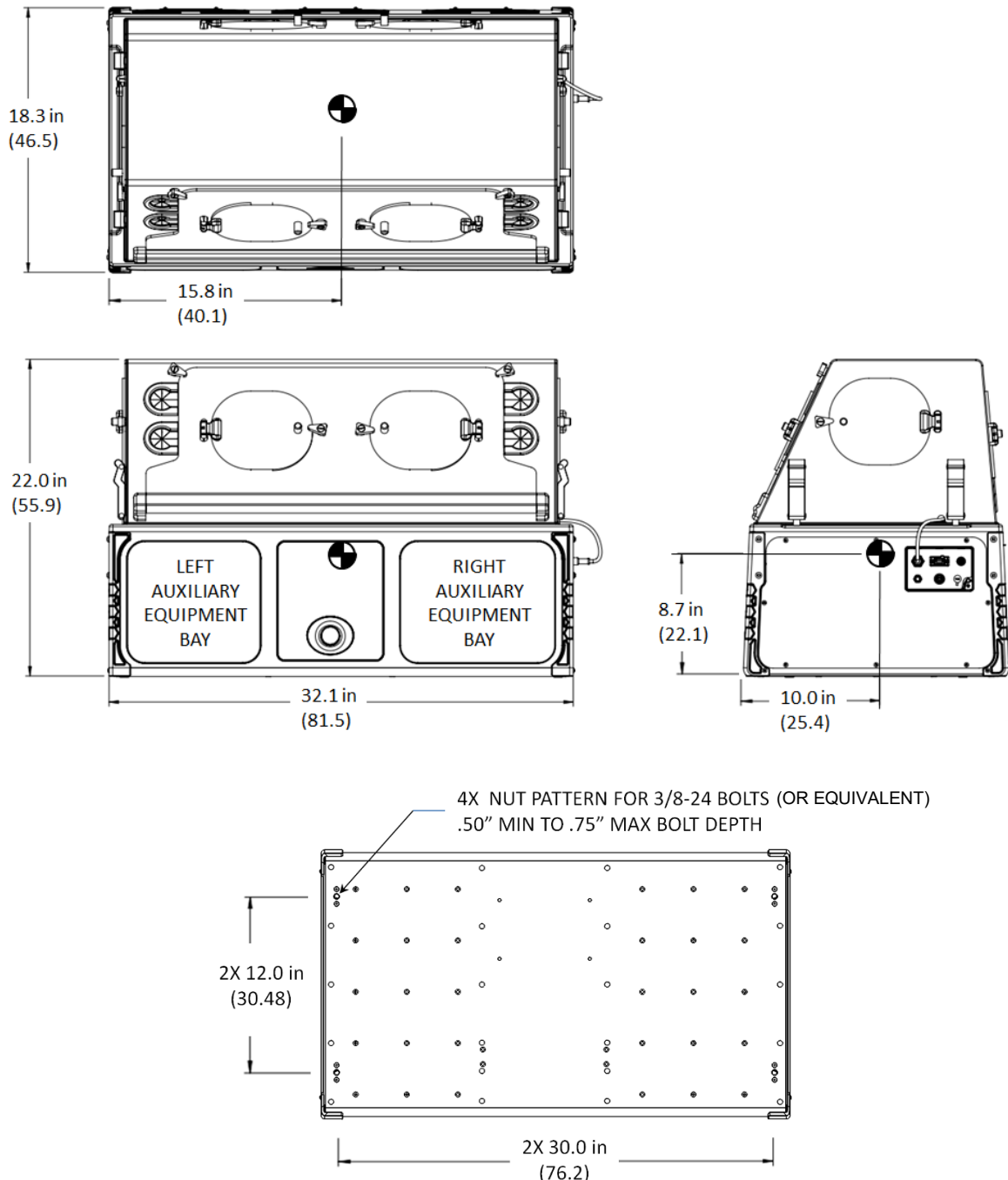


Figure 2-1

3. **SYSTEM OVERVIEW**

The NxtGen Transport Incubator is an electromechanical system designed to thermally support a neonatal patient during intra-facility or inter-facility transfer. The system may be used within the hospital, in transport vehicles, or in aeromedical applications such as fixed wing or rotorcraft. The NxtGen Transport Incubator has undergone safety testing against ISO standards 60601-1-12 and 60601-2-20 to demonstrate safety and stability in each of these use environments. To ensure safety and stability of the device during transport, use only as directed.

The Transport Incubator circulates warmed air throughout the infant chamber to regulate the thermal environment at an operator-selected temperature set point. Access to the infant is provided through the main patient door and hand ports located on all sides of the infant chamber. The operator provides input to the control system through the user interface which is comprised of a touch screen and a press-and-turn knob. The user interface provides feedback on the thermal performance of the system and, optionally, patient SpO₂ data. A comprehensive system of visual and audible alarms helps ensure the patient's safety.

Patient positioning straps are provided to limit infant movement within the infant chamber. The infant should be strapped in the Transport Incubator at all times, if possible.

3.1. Physical Description

3.1.1. **Transport Incubator**

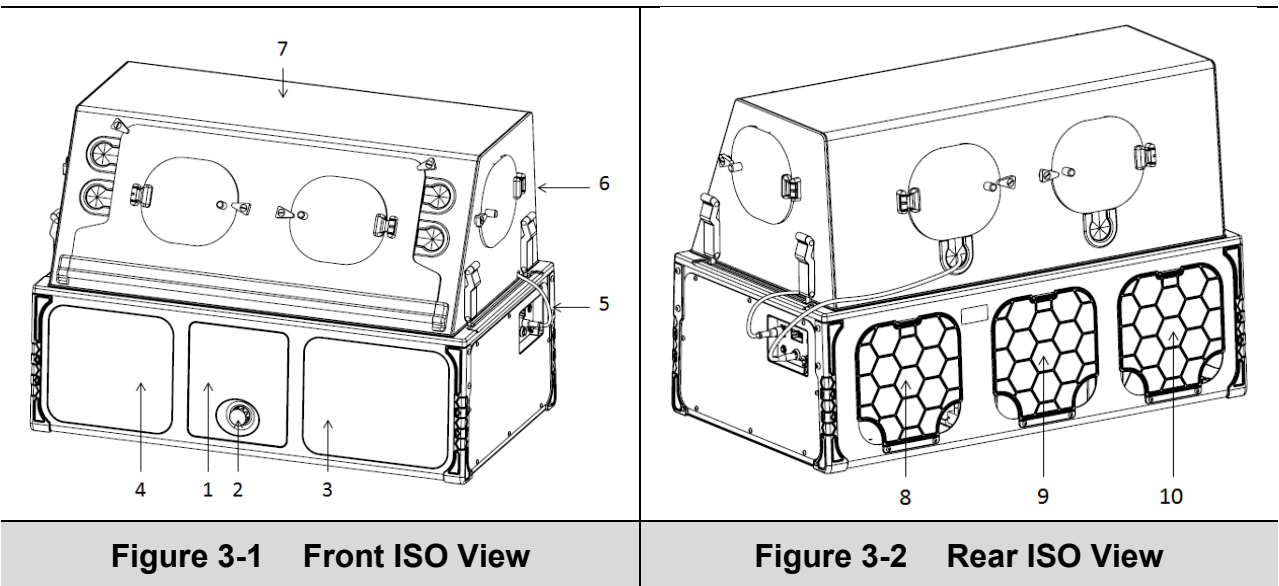


Figure 3-1 Front ISO View **Figure 3-2 Rear ISO View**

Number	Description
1	Touch Screen User Interface
2	Press-and-Turn Knob
3	Auxiliary Equipment Bay - Right Side
4	Auxiliary Equipment Bay - Left Side
5	Patient Connector Panel
6	Infant Chamber
7	Observation Light Bar (Optional Observation/Phototherapy Light Bar)
8	Auxiliary Equipment Bay Rear Access Door
9	Rear Electronics Rear Access Door
10	Auxiliary Equipment Bay Rear Access Door

3.1.2. Rear Electronics Panel

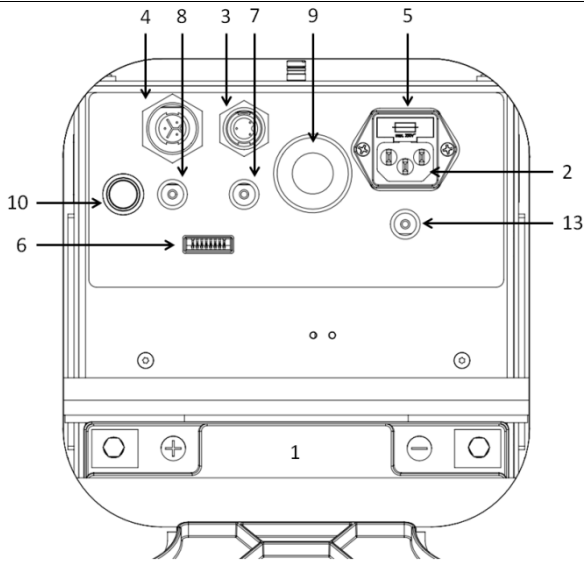


Figure 3-3

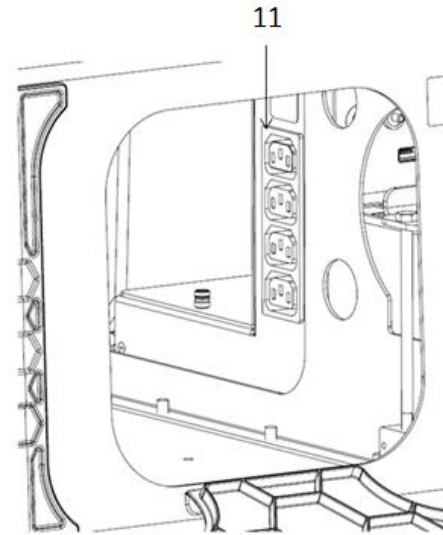


Figure 3-4

Number	Description
1	Battery
2	AC Power Input Connector
3	External DC Power Output Connector
4	External DC Power Input Connector
5	AC Fuses (2 ×)
6	Data Key Receptacle
7	DC Circuit Breaker (Output Power)
8	DC Circuit Breaker (Input Power)
9	Battery Cable Grommet
10	Reset Switch
11	AC Power Output Receptacles (4) - Right Side
12	AC Power Output Receptacles (4) - Left Side (Not Pictured)
13	AC Breaker (MSO Power)

3.1.3. Patient Connector Panel (Located on left or right end panel)

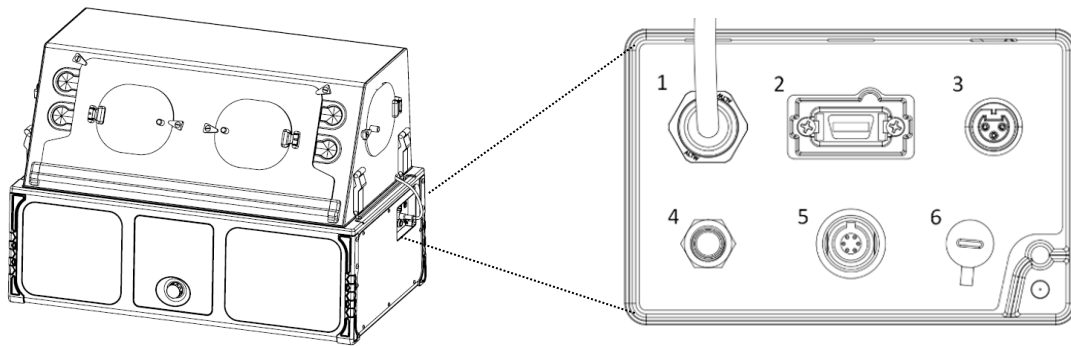


Figure 3-5

Figure 3-6

Number	Description
1	Observation Light Connector (Optional: Observation/Phototherapy Light Bar)
2	Pulse Oximeter Connector (Optional: Masimo, Nellcor, or None)
3	T1 Patient Temperature Connector (Primary)
4	T2 Patient Temperature Connector (Secondary)
5	Heated Mattress Connector
6	Ambient oxygen monitor Connector

3.2. System Power

The Transport Incubator can be powered from several sources: external AC, external DC, or from the device's internal battery.

CAUTION: Verify temperature and oxygen settings after power outage, battery disconnection, or change in power supply.

3.2.1. **AC Power**

AC power can be supplied using 100-240 VAC, 50-60 Hz at approximately 10 A (3 A max for the device and 7 A to provide power for the accessory outlets). When operating on AC power, the AC Power indicator will be displayed. AC power has priority over all other power sources, external or internal. AC power should be used whenever available, but definitely for warming the Transport Incubator in preparation for transport and also to recharge the battery.

The incubator provides Class II protection, but also allows for the physical connection of Class I accessories via the multiple socket outlets. The third pin provided on the AC input is distributed to the AC outlets and is a functional earth.

3.2.2. **DC Power**

DC power can be supplied using 12-28 VDC at 15 A. When operating on DC power, the DC Power indicator will be displayed. External DC power is supplied through a 3 conductor circular connector located on the back of the Transport Incubator. DC power has priority over internal battery power.

3.2.3. Battery Power

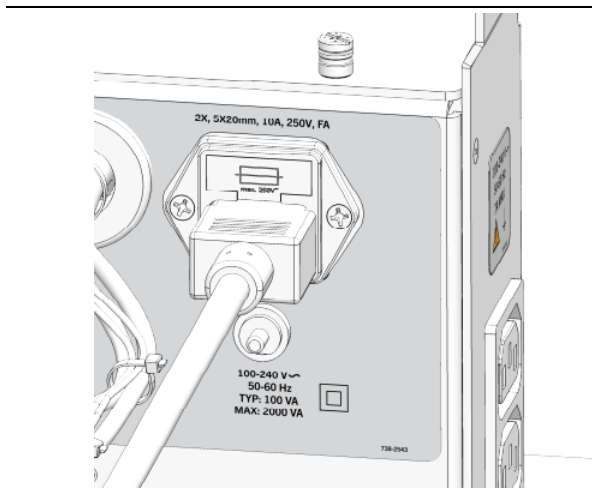
Battery power will automatically be selected when neither AC power nor DC power are available. When operating on internal battery, the Battery Power indicator will be displayed. Connecting AC or DC power will supersede battery power operation. The battery will be charging when the Transport Incubator is connected to AC or DC voltage above 15 VDC. When charging, the green BAT CHG indicator will be shown. The rate at which the battery charges decreases when the Transport Incubator is powered on. A significantly low AC line voltage will also decrease the rate of battery charge. It takes approximately 4.5 hours to fully charge a completely discharged standard 26 ampere-hour battery when the Transport Incubator is supplied AC power and is powered down. If the Transport Incubator is on and warming up, the battery charge time is longer. The Transport Incubator will maintain an infant chamber temperature of 37° C for 4 hours on a fully charged battery with an ambient temperature of 20° C. When operating on battery power, the Display Screen will indicate the state of charge of the battery as an estimated percentage (to the nearest 5%). A fully charged battery will display 100% and a battery which has almost reached its safe discharge level will display 0%. When the Transport Incubator is operating from battery power or external DC power, the Main Display Screen will display state of charge of the battery, if the BAT OP indicator is touched. When the “Critically Low Battery” alarm is signaling, the incubator has approximately 10 minutes of operational time left.

For general operation, the use of external AC or DC power is **HIGHLY RECOMMENDED**. The internal battery should be used only when the Transport Incubator has no other energy source available.

3.3. External Power Connections

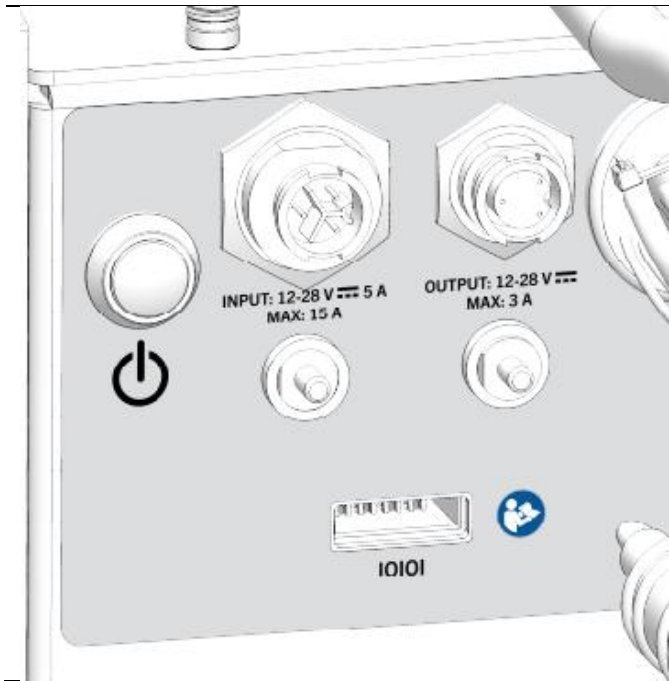
3.3.1. External AC Power

Plug the device into a properly rated AC outlet.

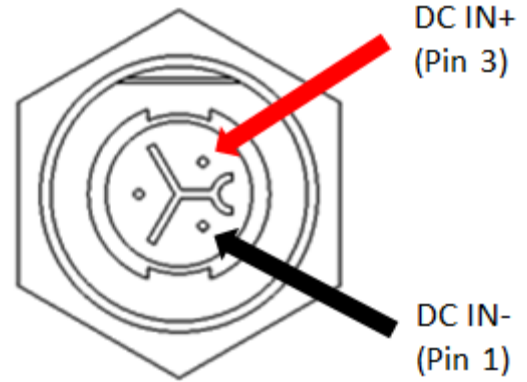


The external AC power connection is located on the rear center console.

3.3.2. External DC Power



DC power is supplied through the DC cable with the listed polarity.



3.3.3. Multiple Socket Outlets

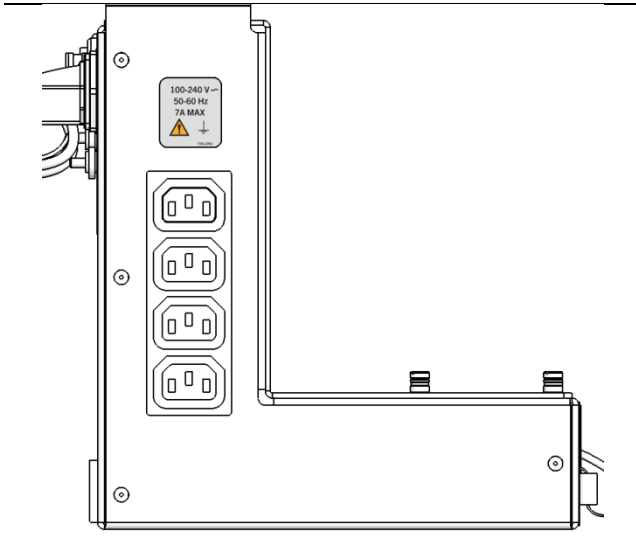


Figure 3-7

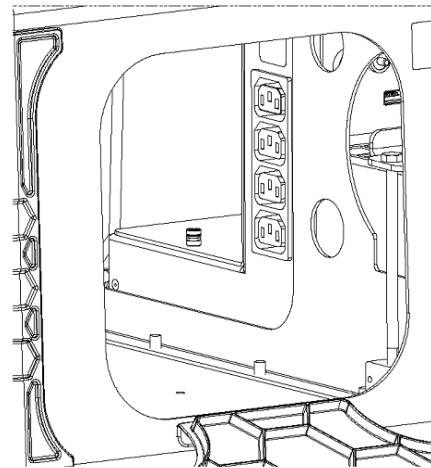
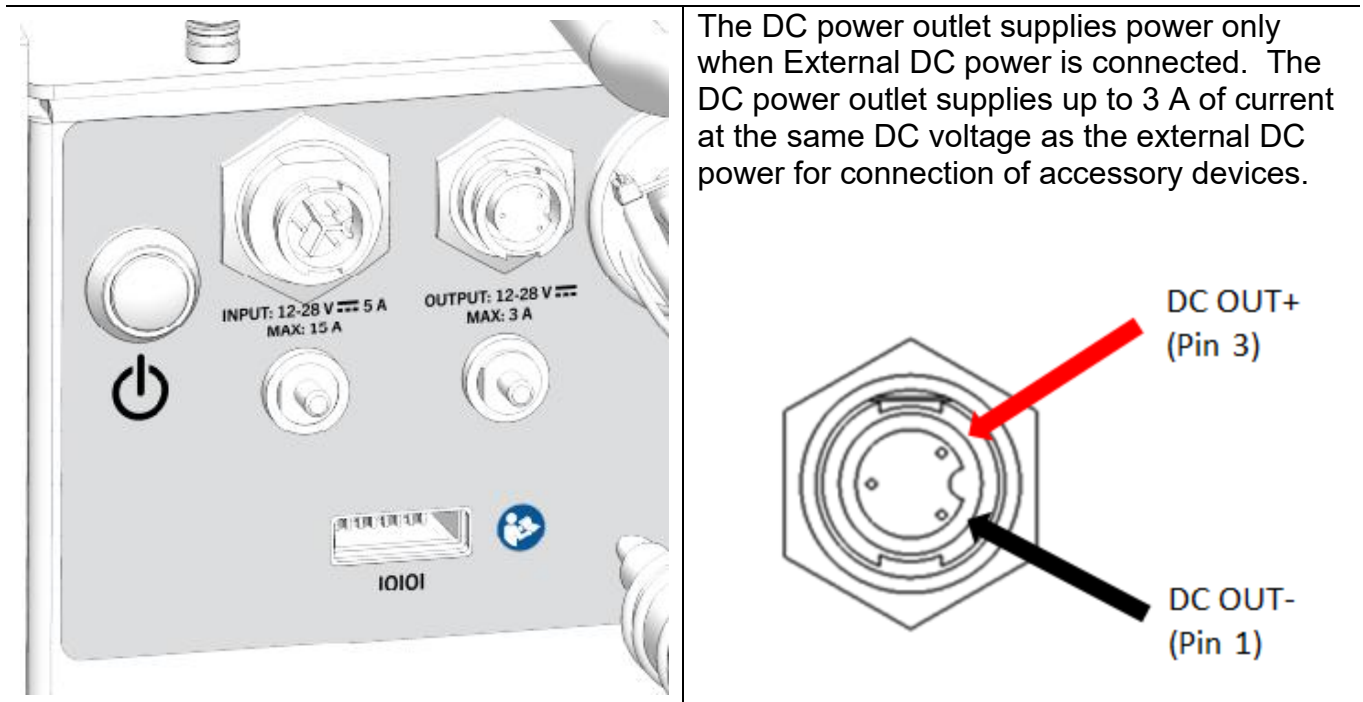


Figure 3-8

The multiple socket outlet supplies power only when External AC power is connected to the Transport Incubator. The multiple socket outlets can supply 7 A of current at the same AC voltage as the external AC power for connection of accessory devices. The third pin provided is functional earth not protective earth.

3.3.4. DC Power Outlet



4. PRE-USE CHECKOUT

4.1. Pre-Use Checkout

The following Checkout should be performed prior to each use by knowledgeable operator or service personnel.

4.1.1. **Operational Check**

1. Check the AC power cord and ensure that there are no cuts or severe bends in the cord, that all prongs on the plug are in good condition, and that the cord is securely fastened in place. Replace the cord as needed.
2. With the Transport Incubator connected to AC power, press the wheel (**Figure 3-1**, item 2) to turn the Transport Incubator on. The Transport Incubator will perform a Power On Self-Test and test the audible alarm. Ensure the Power On Self-Test progress bar is displayed, and that the audible alarm can be heard. Verify the AC power icon and battery power icon is displayed in the upper left hand corner after completion of the test.
3. Ensure the Power On Self-Test Results, under the message center, shows PASSED.
4. Place a hand inside the left side of the infant chamber and verify air flow. The fan should be able to be heard at the right side of the Transport Incubator.
5. Disconnect the AC power connection from the Transport Incubator and observe that the battery icon and battery percentage is displayed in the upper left hand corner. Verify the battery is adequately charged for the transport.
6. Confirm that the Main screen displays the infant chamber air temperature.

7. If external DC power is to be used, check the DC power cord and ensure that it has no cuts or severe bends and that the connectors have not been damaged.
8. Turn on suction device (if applicable) and ensure it operates. Turn off suction device.
9. Inspect the mattress and positioning straps for damage. Repair or replace as needed.

4.1.2. **Infant Chamber Check**

1. Ensure that the infant chamber is free from cracks.
2. Ensure that the gasket between the chambers and airflow tray is in place. Check that the grommets in the tubing through-holes on the infant chamber are also in place.
3. Ensure that the infant chamber is secured to the Transport Incubator with the two latches on both ends of the infant chamber.
4. Ensure that the infant chamber is clean and ready for transport.

4.1.3. **Accessories**

1. Test operation of other accessories as indicated by manufacturer's recommendations.

4.1.4. **Sensors and Cables**

1. Inspect the oxygen sensor and the pulse oximeter sensor for damage. Replace, if necessary.
2. Inspect the temperature probe cables, heated mattress cable, oxygen sensor cable, and pulse oximeter cable for wear or damage. Replace, if necessary.

5. **OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS**

This section contains operating procedures for the Transport Incubator. The device should be operated with external power whenever possible. The internal battery should be fully charged prior to use by connecting the unit to AC power for at least 8 hours. When not in use, the Transport Incubator should be plugged into an AC power source in order to recharge the battery.

5.1. **Power On**

The operator controls the device through the user interface which is comprised of a touch screen and a press-and-turn knob. To power on the device, push the wheel located below the touch screen to initiate the boot up sequence. The device will execute a self-test routine and the audible alarm/alert speaker will initiate a test of the audio system.

5.2. **Power On Self-Test**

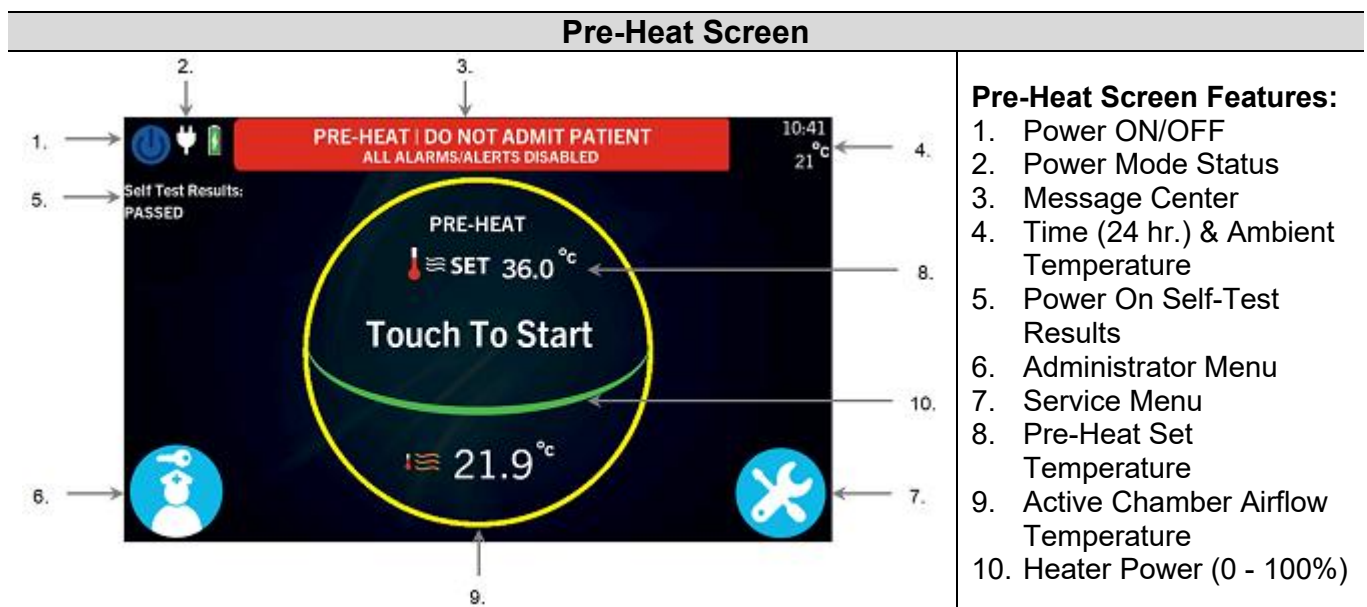
The Transport Incubator performs a Power On Self-Test during boot up. The results of the Power On Self-Test are displayed on the left side of the pre-heat screen. If all tests were passed, the word "PASSED" will be displayed. If a test was not passed, a message will be displayed indicating the error. Refer to Section 20. for troubleshooting support.

5.3. Pre-Heat Mode

Once the boot up sequence is complete, the device will enter Pre-Heat mode. Pre-Heat mode allows the device to be warmed to a predetermined set point and maintain that set point indefinitely, or until one of the following occurs:

- Device enters normal operation
- Device enters the Administrator Menu
- Device enters the Service Menu
- Device is turned off

The Pre-Heat mode set point default is 36.0° C and can be changed within the administrator menu. During Pre-Heat mode, all alarms and alerts are disabled. Admitting a patient is not allowed in Pre-Heat mode. Pre-Heat mode is intended to act as a “ready” state by ensuring the device is pre-heated and prepared to admit a patient.

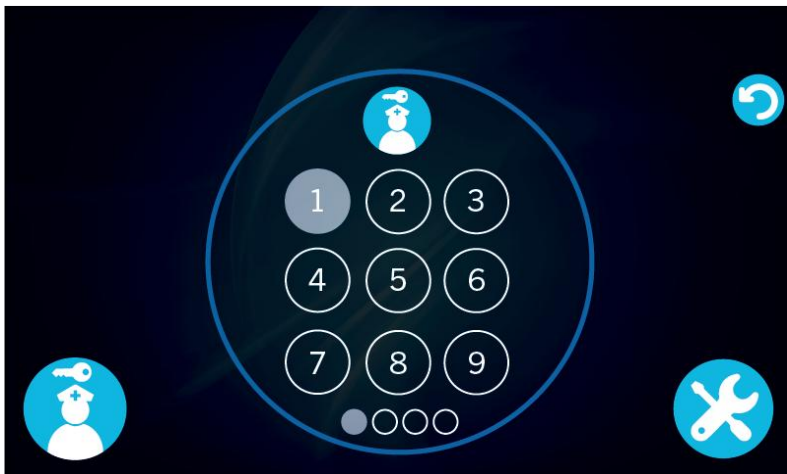


5.4. Administrator Menu

The Administrator menu can only be accessed through the Pre-heat menu. To enter the Administrator Menu, touch or use the wheel to highlight and select the administrator icon. The Administrator Menu is a password protected menu intended to be accessed by senior level staff to set the device preferences. The following submenus are present within the Administrator Menu:

- Clock
- Limits
- Log
- Config
- About
- PulseOx (Optional)

Administrator Menu Screens



Administrator Menu Access:
To access the administrator menu, touch or use the wheel to highlight and select the 4 digit password.

Administrator Menu Password:
1258

Once the correct password is entered, the device will enter the Administrator Menu.

Touch or use the wheel to highlight and select the return icon if you wish to revert back to the Pre-Heat screen.

1. →



Administrator Menu Features:

1. Submenu Selections
2. Return Icon



Clock:
To change the device's time and date, select the submenu icons by touch or with the control wheel.

Use the control wheel to adjust the icon's value.

Confirm the value change by pressing the control wheel or touching the selected icon.



Alarm Limits:

To change the device's alarm limit presets, select the submenu icons by touch or with the control wheel. Use the control wheel to adjust the icon's value.

Confirm the value change by pressing the control wheel or touching the selected icon.

Admin Limit Range:

SpO₂ - Low 50-99, High 51-100

Heart Rate - Low 25-229, High 26-230

%O₂ - Low 18-99, High 19-100



Alarm Limits: Restore Factory Defaults

To reset the device's alarm limit presets back to the factory default values, select the factory reset icon by touch or with the control wheel. Selecting the confirm icon will initiate the reset. Selecting the cancel icon will abort the change.

Factory defaults:

SpO₂ - Low 85, High 100

Heart Rate - Low 100, High 200

%O₂ - Low 21, High 98



Event Log:

System events will be displayed in sequential order.

The up and down arrows can be used to cycle through older events.

The most recent 1000 events will be stored in the Event Log.



Configuration:

To change the configured accessories or the Pre-Heat Temperature set point, select the submenu icons by touch or with the control wheel. Use the control wheel to adjust Pre-Heat Temperature set point's value. Use the control wheel to adjust the minimum alarm volume available to the operator. Confirm the value change by pressing the control wheel or touching the selected icon.



About:

The device's serial number, software revision number (Formatted as 'X.Y.Z' X = Major-revision Y = Minor-revision Z = Patch-revision), date of manufacturing, and SpO₂ revision (if configured) are displayed. International Biomedical's contact information is provided.



PulseOx - Nellcor (Optional):

To change the device's pulse oximetry settings, select the submenu icon by touch or with the control wheel. Use the control wheel to adjust the icon's value. Confirm the value change by pressing the control wheel or touching the selected icon.

Sensitivity:

The normal response mode reports changes to a patient's SpO₂ measurement within 4-7 seconds under interference-free conditions. The fast response mode reports changes to a patient's SpO₂ measurement in less than 4 seconds under interference-free conditions.



PulseOx - Masimo (Optional):

To change the device's pulse oximetry settings, select the submenu icons by touch or with the control wheel.

Use the control wheel to adjust the icon's value.

Confirm the value change by pressing the control wheel or touching the selected icon.

Sensitivity

The sensitivity mode setting allows the clinician to adapt the SpO₂ measurement sensitivity to the patient's level of SpO₂ signal strength and quality at the measurement site. Options are Normal, Adaptive, Probe Off Detection (APOD), and Maximum.

Averaging Time

The averaging feature allows the clinician to select the desired level of visibility to subtle variations in the measured value. Depending on the patient acuity and area of care, shorter averaging times are sometimes preferred (sleep testing) over longer averaging times (telemetry & neonates) and vice-versa. 8-second averaging is generally considered the most common averaging interval and recommended for most patients since it is short enough to provide visibility to subtle desaturations while also being long enough to minimize major changes in SpO₂ due to quick, transitory desaturations.

Options are:

- 2-4
- 4-6
- 8 (Default)
- 10
- 12
- 14
- 16

Perfusion Index

Selecting "On" will display the perfusion index on the operator display.

BPM Tone

Selecting "On" will enable the BPM tone audio.

Smart Tones

If BPM Tone is enabled, selecting "On" will enable smart tones.

FastSat

Selecting "On" will enable FastSat providing rapid response to, and display of, fast changes in SpO₂ by giving priority to the most recent data.



Administrator Menu Exit:

Touch the return icon to return to the Pre-Heat screen.

If changes have been made, a dialog will open before transitioning to the Pre-Heat screen.

Touching the confirm icon will save all changes made.

Touching the cancel icon will not save any changes made.

5.5. Service Menu

The service menu can only be accessed through the Pre-heat menu. To enter the Service Menu, touch or use the wheel to highlight and select the service icon. The Service Menu is a password protected menu intended to be accessed by authorized Biomedical Technicians. The following submenus are present within the Service Menu:

- Clock
- Heater
- Battery
- Log
- About
- Language

Service Menu Screens



Service Menu Access:

To access the service menu, touch or use the wheel to highlight and select the 4 digit password.

Service Menu Password: 3258

Once the correct password is entered, the device will enter the Service Menu. Touch or use the wheel to highlight and select the return icon if you wish to revert back to the Pre-Heat screen.



Service Menu Features:

1. Submenu Selections
2. Return Icon



Clock:

To change the device's time and date, select the submenu icons by touch or with the control wheel. Use the control wheel to adjust the icon's value. Confirm the value change by pressing the control wheel or touching the selected icon.



Calibration:

To calibrate the device heater, battery or suction, select the submenu icons by touch or with the control wheel.



Heater Calibration:

Manual Calibration

Place a calibration probe 10 cm above the center of the mattress.

Touch or select the Play Button with the wheel to begin calibration.

Auto Calibration

Touch the "Enable Auto Calibration" icon to enable auto heater calibration.

Ensure heater calibration probe is connected to the T2 port in the connector panel. Place the calibration probe on the center of the mattress.

Touch or select the Play Button with the wheel to begin calibration.



Heater Calibration:
The device will heat the chamber to 36.0° C. This will take approximately 45 minutes.



Manual Heater Calibration:
Use wheel to change the value on the screen to the temperature measured by the calibration probe.



Auto Heater Calibration:
If the calibration is within an acceptable range, the offset will be saved and calibration will be complete.



Fuel Gauge Calibration:

Battery Type

Review the “BATTERY TYPE” widget and confirm the type is correct.

SLA (Sealed Lead Acid)

LiFePO₄ (Lithium Iron Phosphate)

Battery Capacity

To change the device’s battery capacity, select the submenu icon by touch or with the control wheel.

Use the control wheel to adjust the icon’s value.

Confirm the value change by pressing the control wheel or touching the selected icon.

Fuel Gauge Calibration

To start the device’s Fuel Gauge calibration, select the play button by touch or with the control wheel. The battery must be fully charged before battery calibration can occur.

Calibration should be performed with 2 or more chamber doors open.

Follow onscreen directions.



Fuel Gauge Calibration:

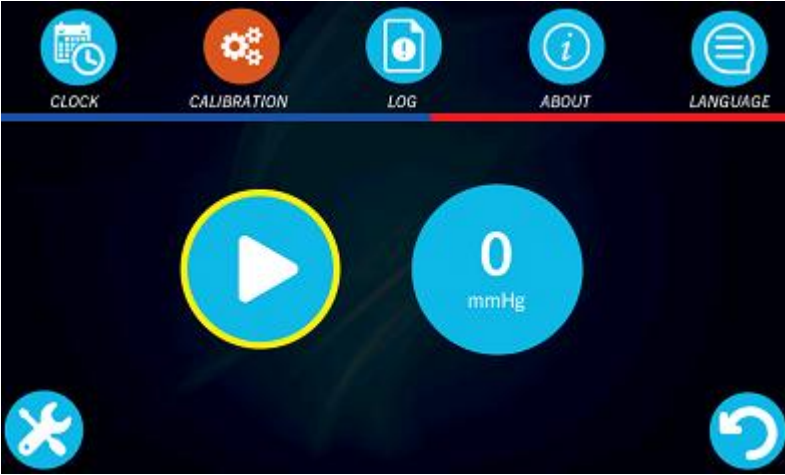
The system will fully discharge the battery, and then recharge it completely to measure capacity. This process will take approximately 8 hours.

At any time, pressing the return icon will cancel the calibration and accept the default capacity selected.

Note that the actual capacity may vary based on battery age and discharge history.



Fuel Gauge Calibration:
 When the calibration ends, the measured approximate battery capacity will be displayed. The battery capacity will be updated. Leave the Transport Incubator connected to External Power.



Suction Calibration:
 To start the device's suction calibration, select the play button by touch or with the control wheel.



Suction Calibration:
 The system will turn on the suction device and display the current suction pressure. Increase the suction pressure up to 163 mmHg, the suction relief valve should engage and decrease the pressure to the relief valve's calibrated value (160 mmHg).



Event Log:
System events will be displayed in sequential order. The up and down arrows can be used to cycle through older events.



About:
The device's total active time will be displayed. If configured, the heated mattress, suction monitor, and phototherapy active time will be displayed. The factory configuration will be displayed. International Biomedical's contact information is provided.



Language:
To change the device's language, select the supported language icon by touch or with the control wheel. The page up and down arrows can be used to view all supported languages. The default language is English.

6. NORMAL OPERATION

To begin normal operation of the device, touch anywhere in the center circle to exit Pre-Heat mode and enter the main screen.

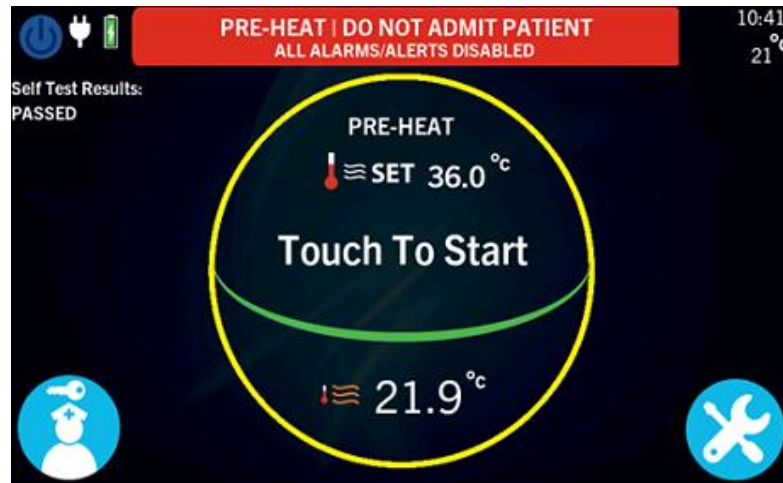


Figure 6-1

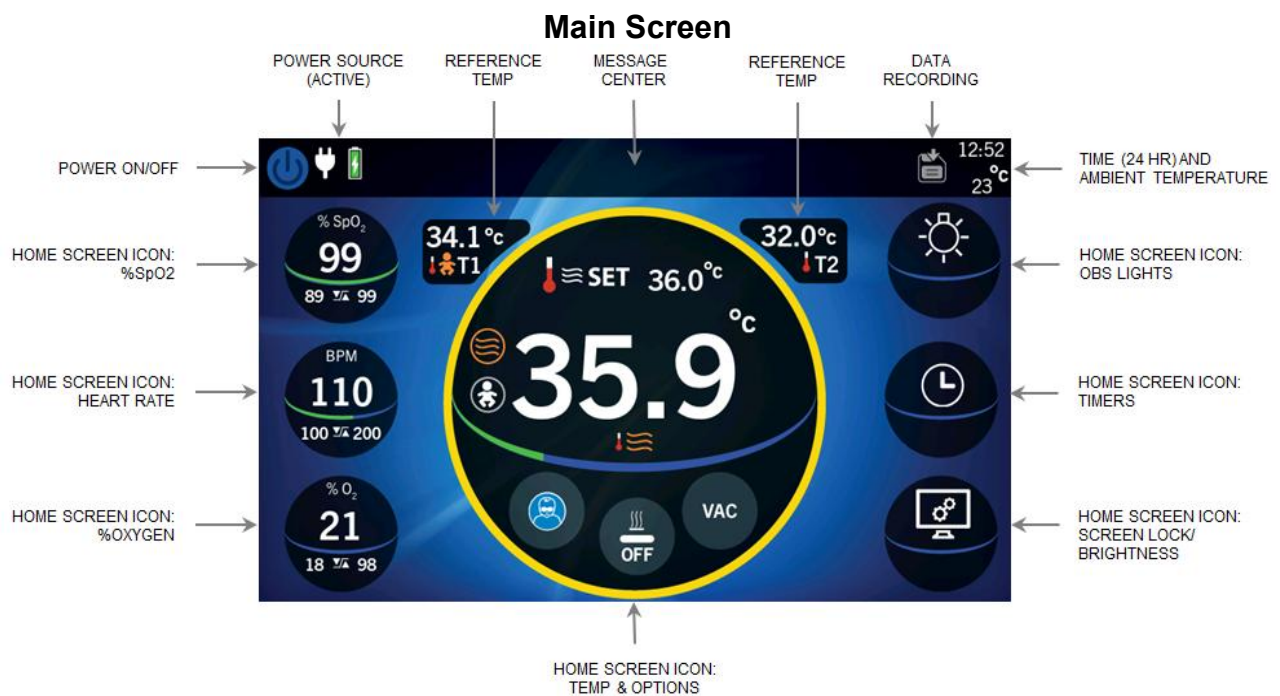
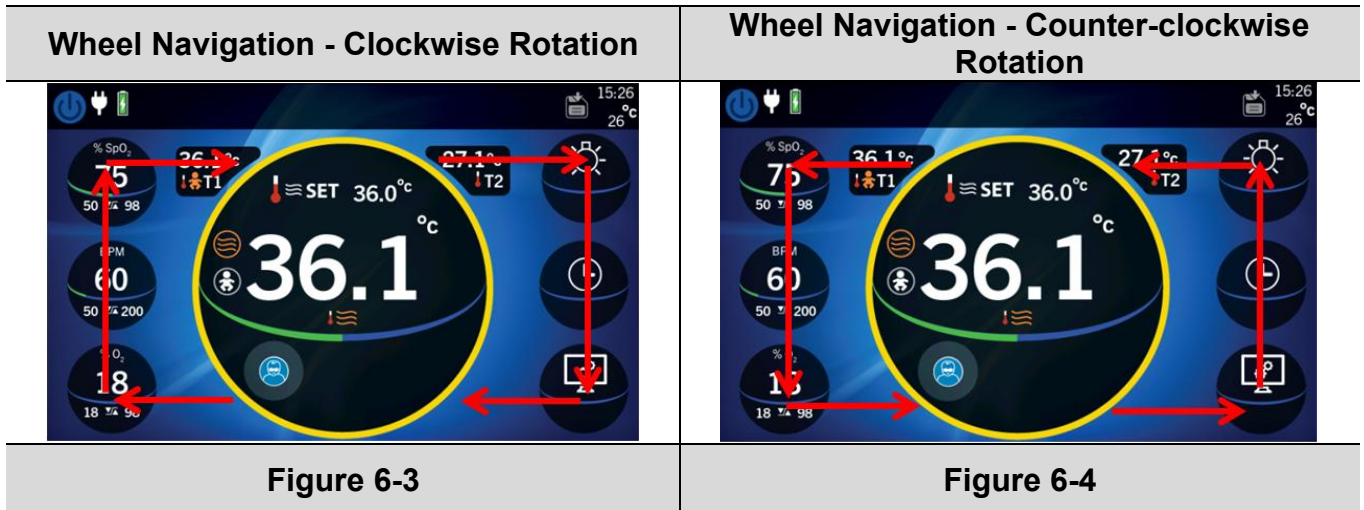





Figure 6-2

6.1. Main Screen Navigation

Navigation about the main screen can be done either by touch or by highlighting and selecting an icon with the wheel. As a general rule, if the icon is circular, it can be selected by touch. The wheel acts as an alternative mechanism to navigate around the main screen and select the desired icon. However, the wheel does not navigate to the message center or to any icons located at the top of the screen. The position of the wheel can be determined by the yellow cursor that highlights each selectable icon. The cursor will disappear after 10 seconds of inactivity and will reappear once the wheel is turned again. Icons will highlight orange to indicate to the operator that a selection has been made. While icons can be selected with touch, value changes can only be made by turning the control wheel.



Icon States	
<p><u>Highlighted Cursor State:</u> The yellow cursor will provide visual feedback of the wheel's location to the operator.</p>	
<p><u>Selection Confirmed State:</u> Icons will highlight orange to provide a visual confirmation to the operator the icon was selected. Selection confirmed state is momentary and the icon will move to the next state.</p>	
<p><u>Value Manipulation State:</u> If a value or icon is highlighted orange, that represents a variable which can be changed by turning the wheel. Values can only be manipulated by turning the wheel.</p>	

Icon States

Operator Disabled State:

The operator has the ability to disable certain features of the device, but not all features have the ability to be disabled. The features which can be disabled are listed below. To disable the feature, touch and hold the icon for approximately 2 seconds. To enable the feature, touch the icon or highlight and select with the wheel.



SpO₂ Monitor, Heart Rate Monitor, %O₂ Monitor

Operator Disconnected State:

If the operator disconnects a cable which is associated with that feature, the icon will enter the operator disconnected state. The features which can be disconnected are listed below.



Observation Light, Phototherapy Light, Heated Mattress, SpO₂ Monitor, Heart Rate Monitor, %O₂ Monitor

Submenu State:

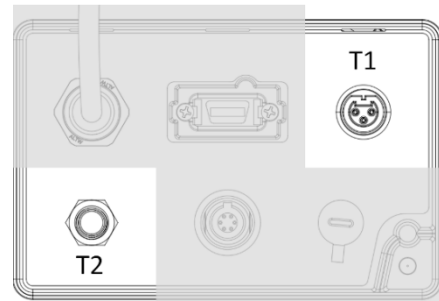
Once the operator selects an icon, the icon will enter the submenu state. The submenu state allows the operator to make active changes to the feature. The submenu state can be identified with the presence of the "X" icon. Once in a submenu state, the wheel is the only method of navigation and manipulation with one exception. At any time, the operator can touch the "X" icon to exit the submenu and return to the previous state.



6.2. Thermal Operation

User Interface - Thermal Control Details

- 1) T1 Temperature (Primary)
- 2) Air Controlled Mode Icon
- 3) Servo Controlled Mode Icon
- 4) Heater Power (0-100%)
- 5) T2 Temperature (Reference)
- 6) Set Temperature
- 7) Active Temperature (Chamber or Patient)
- 8) Active Temperature Icon (Chamber or Patient)



Thermal Control Navigation

Once the Thermal Circle is selected by touch or with the wheel, a blue "X" will appear at the top and an orange ring will persist around the circle to indicate to the operator they are in the thermal submenu. The wheel allows the operator to navigate around the submenu to the desired location. Circular icons like the two modes and the "X" are able to be touched. Navigation will continue to the optional icons in the bottom portion of the thermal circle if they are installed and enabled.



6.3. Thermal Control System Description

The Transport Incubator has two methods to control and maintain temperature to an operator selected set point: air (manual) controlled and servo (baby) controlled mode.

- The Air (Manual) Control mode controls the temperature inside the infant chamber by comparing the temperature measurement of the internal air temp sensor in the chamber with a setpoint temperature. The setpoint temperature is set manually by the operator. When operating in Air (Manual) mode, both T1 (recommended to be the temperature probe on the baby's skin) and T2 (optional secondary temperature probe) are reference temperature readings only and do NOT influence the temperature within the infant chamber.
- The Servo (Baby) Control mode controls the temperature inside the infant chamber based on the measurements of the skin temperature sensor connected to the T1 port on the incubator (and connected to the baby's skin). In Servo (Baby) Control mode, the temperature measured by the skin temperature sensor (T1) is displayed inside the large thermal control circle. When operating in Servo (Baby) Control mode, T1 must be connected or the incubator will revert back to Air (Manual) Control mode. The control algorithm within the incubator will use the Baby temperature (from the T1 sensor) to automatically adjust the air temperature inside the incubator in order to keep the patient at the desired set temperature (as set by the operator). The system makes gradual adjustments to the heater output based upon the real-time feedback from the T1 temperature sensor.
 - Caution: Only operate in Servo (Baby) Control mode when device is in a stable thermal environment.

T1 is the primary temperature control probe and is required for operation in servo control mode. T2 is a reference temperature only and is not required for operation in either mode. T2 is always positioned outside the thermal circle to visually represent to the operator it is a reference temperature and does not contribute to the thermal control system. If the system is placed in air controlled mode, T1 (if connected) will also be positioned outside of the thermal circle to visually represent to the operator it is acting as a reference temperature and does not contribute to the thermal control in air controlled mode. During servo controlled mode, T1 will be positioned within the thermal circle and represented by the large, active temperature measurement. Transitioning between each mode does require the operator to confirm the temperature set point immediately after a mode change.

6.4. Setup

In Air Controlled Mode, the Transport Incubator will alarm if the chamber temperature is more than 1.5° C away from the setpoint.

In Servo Controlled Mode, the Transport Incubator will alarm if the baby temperature (T1) is more than 0.7° C away from the setpoint.

If an alarm is active, the active temperature value will change color and an alarm message will be presented in the message center.

6.4.1. **Skin Temperature Probes**

T1 - The International Biomedical Skin Temperature probe is used to monitor the baby temperature and to provide feedback to the Transport Incubator control system. Select an appropriate site for monitoring according to currently accepted medical practices.

T2 - The International Biomedical Skin Temperature probe is used to provide a second infant temperature to the operator. This temperature is not used by the Transport Incubator system for any control.

Thermal Control Operation - Air (Manual) Control Mode

Touch or use the wheel to select the center circle and enter the submenu.



The blue "X" will appear at the top of the circle and an orange ring will appear around the circle. Once in the thermal submenu, the cursor will default to the set temperature value.



Use the wheel to select the set temperature value. The value will highlight orange and can now be changed by the operator with the wheel.



Once the desired set point is reached, the operator can select with the wheel to confirm and accept the value.



If Air Mode is used for a prolonged period, a skin temperature probe should be used to closely monitor the patient's temperature. Air Mode does not automatically adjust the heater output based on the infant temperature; therefore, close monitoring of the patient's temperature is recommended.



The chamber temperature is displayed in the Main icon in the center of the main screen.



Thermal Control Operation - Servo (Baby) Control Mode

Touch or use the wheel to select the center circle and enter the thermal submenu.



The blue "X" will appear at the top of the circle and an orange ring will appear around the circle. Once in the thermal submenu, the cursor will default to the set temperature value.



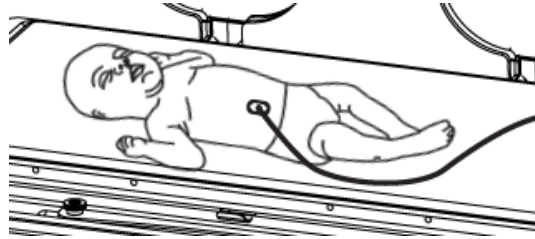
Use the wheel to select the set temperature value. The value will highlight orange and can now be changed by the operator with the wheel.



Once the desired set point is reached, the operator can select with the wheel to confirm and accept the value.



Ensure the skin temperature probe is properly attached. A secondary temperature probe can be used to provide additional information about the patient's temperature.



The baby's measured temperature is displayed in the main icon in the center of the screen.



Transitioning from Air Control to Servo Control Mode

Touch or use the wheel to select the center circle and enter the submenu.



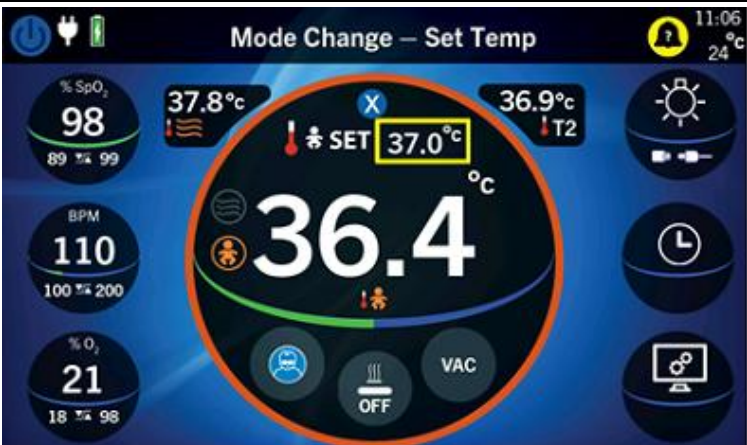
Touch the circular servo mode icon or use the wheel to highlight and select it.



The servo mode icon will highlight orange to confirm the selection and the T1 temperature value moves from outside the circle to the active temperature value inside the circle. The icon under the active temperature value and the icon next to the set temperature value changes to represent T1 and servo control mode. The air control icon is now inactive and grayed out. Chamber temperature moves to a reference position outside the circle.



Once the mode is selected, an alert will show in the message center to “Mode Change - Set Temp”. The set temperature value is now highlighted and the value can be changed. Once the desired set temperature value is displayed, select the value with the wheel to confirm and save the set temperature. Now the system is operating in servo control mode.



Transitioning from Servo Controlled to Air Controlled Mode

Touch or use the wheel to select the center circle and enter the submenu.



Touch the circular air mode icon or use the wheel to highlight and select it.



The air mode icon will highlight orange to confirm the selection and the active temperature value now represents the current chamber temperature. The T1 temperature value moves from inside the circle to a reference position outside the circle. The icon under the active temperature value and the icon next to the set temperature value changes to represent air mode. The servo control icon is now inactive and grayed out.



Once the mode is selected, an alert will show in the message center to "Mode Change - Set Temperature". The set temperature value is now highlighted and the value can be changed. Once the desired set temperature value is displayed, select the value with the wheel to confirm and save the set temperature. Now the system is operating in air control mode.



6.5. Admitting a Patient

Once you are ready to admit the patient, touch or select the “Touch to Start” icon in the center of the Pre-Heat screen and the system will enter normal operation mode. Disregard this step if the device is already in normal operation.

WARNING: **Do not admit the patient in Pre-Heat mode.**

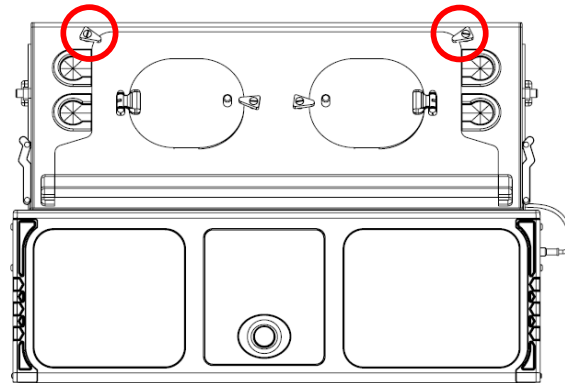
Before admitting the patient, select and confirm the mode of thermal control and set temperature value.

CAUTION: After the patient is admitted, adjustments to the device operating parameters should not be made unless necessary.

Steps to Admit a Patient

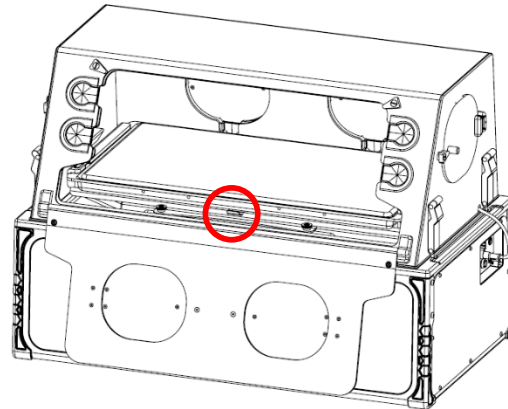
Turn the two main chamber door latches located in the upper corners of the main door. Gently rotate the main chamber door down to the open position.

NOTE: *Support the main door while opening to prevent the door from swinging into the device and causing damage.*

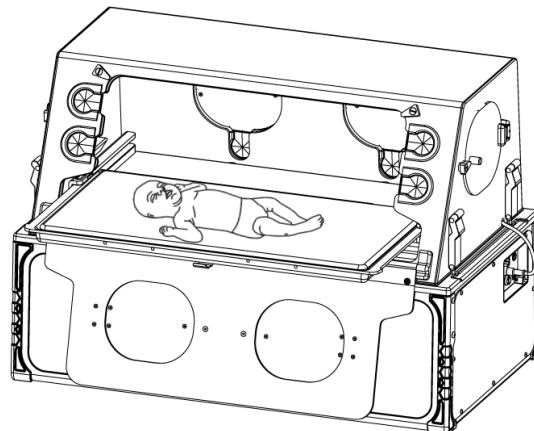


Squeeze the red release lever and slide the patient tray out of the chamber until the tray locks into position.

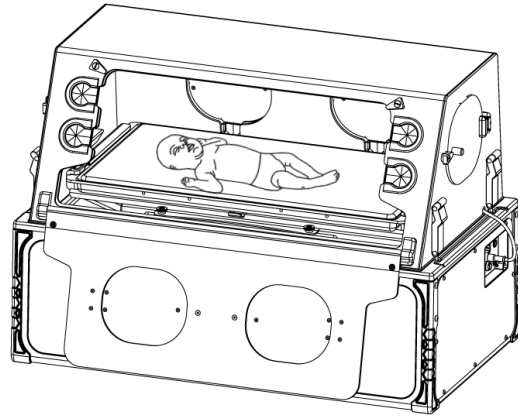
NOTE: *You will see two red levers on either end of the tray change from a horizontal position to a more vertical position when in the locked position.*



Carefully place the patient on the center of the mattress with their head in the preferred orientation.



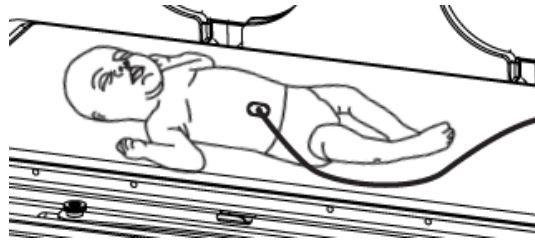
Push the patient tray back into the chamber until the tray locks into position. Ensure the tray is locked by gently pulling it towards you to verify the lock has been engaged.



Plug the temperature probe connector in to the appropriate temperature port, T1 or T2, on the patient connector panel. Route the cable and sensor through the lower grommet and apply the temperature probe sensor to the patient.



To apply the temperature sensor:
Clean the site of attachment with alcohol or lukewarm water before attaching the sensor.
Attach the sensor to the anterior abdominal wall.



6.5.1. **Patient Positioning Straps Installation and Application**

The intended purpose of this strap is to prevent accidental falls of the newborn from the incubator. This strap is not intended as a DOT restraint device and will not provide any protection in the event of a vehicle/aircraft crash or rapid deceleration. This device should be viewed by the user as a positioning aid only. It is not intended to be a restraint of the body in whole or in part. The best protection of the infant comes from continuous patient observation during product use. This product is non-sterile. Never apply directly over patient skin. Place a blanket or other protective material between the strap and the patient's skin.

Steps to Apply Patient Positioning Straps

Remove two (2) pairs of straps from the plastic packaging.

Pull on all tabs to ensure their integrity. Do not use if integrity is compromised.

Connect the two sections of the strap that have two tabs each into two separate mounting holes on the back of the bed tray inside the incubator. Position for patient's size.

Connect the two remaining straps (with only one tab each) into the corresponding mounting holes on the front of the bed tray.

When fastening the strap tab through the hole and back onto the foam, make sure that the hook and loop fastening material makes full contact with the foam material and is pressed firmly together for maximum contact.

The opposing straps can now be fastened across the patient, either straight or crisscrossed to form an "X" pattern. Press the hook and loop tab firmly to the foam material.

CAUTION:

Positioning straps are designed to be discarded after single patient use. Washing and reuse of this product may put sequential patients at risk for:

- Skin irritation (breakdown of material or retention of soaps and chemicals)
- Viral, bacterial, or fungal infection
- Falls due to weakening of the fastening material and base fabric

CAUTION:

Keep all positioning strap material away from patient neck area. Tightness of the strap should not impede chest expansion in any way.

7. **MESSAGE CENTER**

7.1. Indicators

Battery Charge Percentage

Touching the power icon will display the current battery charge percentage to the nearest 5%. If the battery is not configured, the battery charge percentage will not be displayed.



The battery charge percentage will be shown over the power off button for 3 seconds.



Data storage Icon

If the device is storing data to the Data Key, the data storage icon will be displayed.



Time

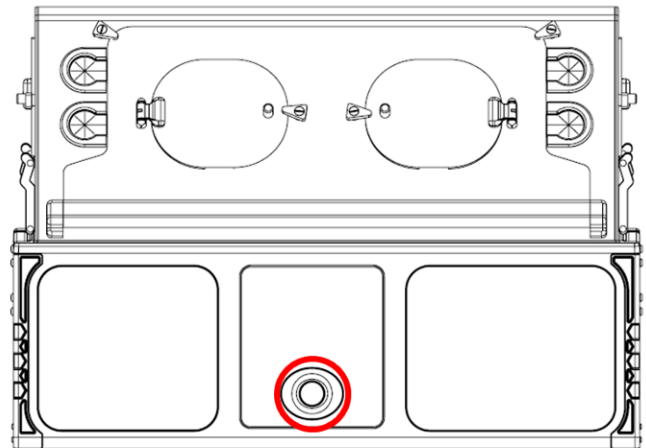
The device displays a 24 hour clock in the upper right hand corner. The clock can be configured from the administrator or service menu.



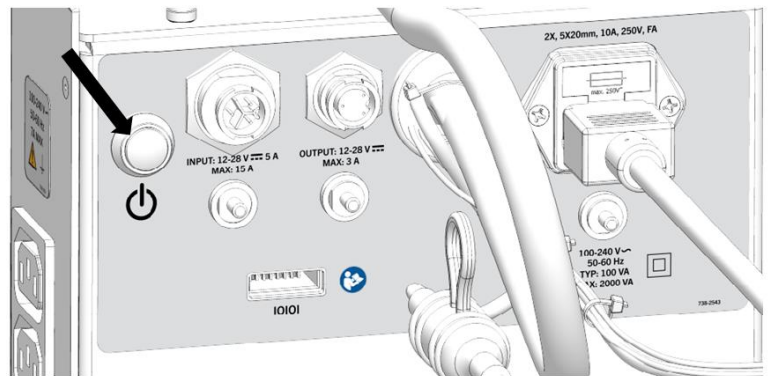
7.2. Power off the Device

Physical Buttons

Holding down the encoder wheel for 10 seconds will shut down the device.






Accessible from the rear center console, holding the reset button for 5 seconds will shut down the device.



User Interface

Touching the power off icon will display a dialog menu.



<p>Touching the cancel icon (X) will return the operator to the previous screen.</p>	 <p>The screenshot shows the incubator control interface. At the top left, there is a 'POWER OFF' button. Below it are three icons: a green checkmark, a red 'X' (cancel), and a blue 'PRE HEAT' button. The main display shows a large '36.0 °C' temperature reading with a 'SET 36.0 °C' target. Other metrics include BPM (62), % O₂ (21), and a '36.2 °C T2' reading. The time is 14:14 and the ambient temperature is 25 °C.</p>
<p>Touching the accept icon will shut down the device.</p>	 <p>This screenshot is identical to the first one, but the green checkmark icon is highlighted in green, indicating that touching it will shut down the device.</p>
<p>Touching the pre-heat icon will transition the device into pre-heat mode.</p>	 <p>This screenshot is identical to the first one, but the blue 'PRE HEAT' icon is highlighted in yellow, indicating that touching it will transition the device into pre-heat mode.</p>

8. GENERAL ALARM INFORMATION

The NxtGen Transport Incubator is equipped with an operator adjustable alarm volume.

On reboot of the Transport Incubator, or if the power to the Transport Incubator is interrupted for more than 15 minutes, all operator alarm settings will be reset to the Admin preset values.

8.1. Alarm Types

Operators and clinicians should be trained to recognize and respond appropriately to each type of audible signal or signal sound pattern. The audio speaker will be automatically tested upon each start. A full list of alarms and alerts can be found in **Appendix D**.

High Alarm:

If a high alarm condition occurs, the alarm message will be displayed in the message center. The Alarm Bar will flash red. The parameter that is in an alarm state will be red, and if the high alarm is associated with an operator settable alarm limit, the alarm limit will turn red.



Medium Alarm:

If a medium alarm condition occurs, the alarm message will be displayed in the message center. The message center will flash a yellow outline. The parameter that is in an alarm state will be yellow, and if the medium alarm is associated with an operator settable alarm limit, alarm limit will turn yellow.



Low Alarm:

If a low alarm condition occurs, the alarm message will be displayed in the center of the message center. The message center will display a yellow outline. If the low alarm is associated with an operator settable alarm limit, the measured value and alarm limit will turn yellow.



Alert:

If an alert condition occurs, the alert message will be displayed in the message center accompanied with the default alert symbol.

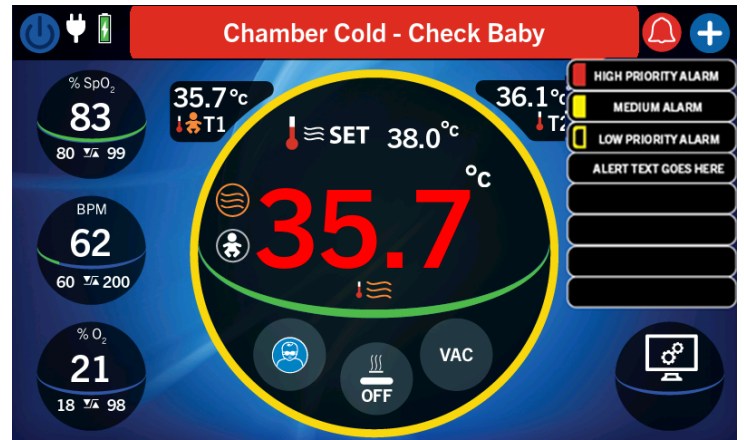


8.2. Alarm Dropdown

1. **Alarm Dropdown Icon:**
If multiple alarms or alerts are signaling simultaneously, the alarm dropdown icon (+) will appear in the right hand corner of the screen.



Touch the alarm dropdown icon (+) to display up to 8 additional alarms and alerts. Each alarm will have a colored symbol next to its message to indicate its priority. Alerts will not have a shape next to their message.

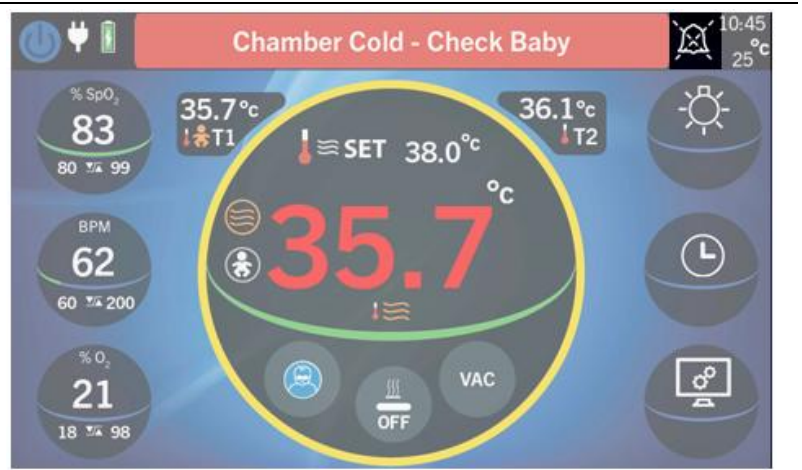


8.3. Alarm Audio Pause

1. Alarm Audio Icon:
To pause an active alarm, touch the Alarm Bar.

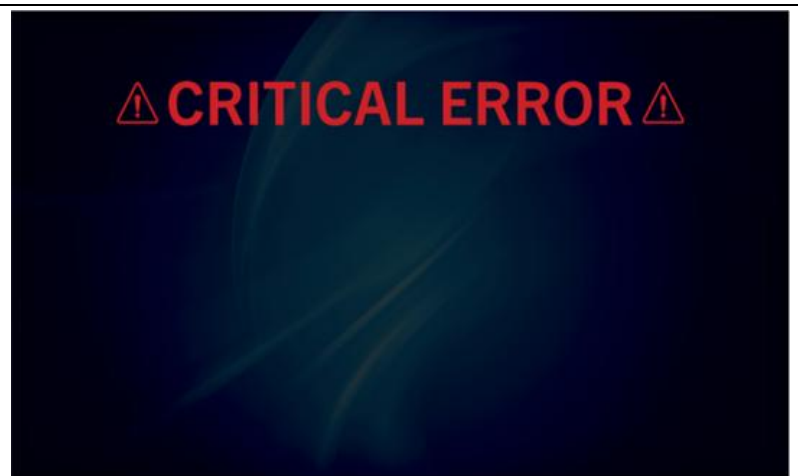


The audio pause icon will be displayed to the right of the alarm message to indicate the alarm audio is paused. The alarm audio will finish playing the current alarm audio, and then it will pause. Touch the Alarm Bar to un-pause the alarm audio. If another alarm occurs while the active alarm's audio is paused, the alarm audio will become un-paused. The duration of the Alarm Audio Pause is specific to the alarm, and is defined in the Alarm Table



8.4. Technical Error

If an error occurs that renders the device unsafe for use, a technical error screen will be shown. The technical error buzzer will sound until the device is shutdown or restarted using the reset button on the center rear console.



8.5. Alarm Verification

The function of the alarm system should be verified at least annually using the methods below.

The Alarm Audio (speaker) will be tested automatically each time the Transport Incubator is powered on.

8.5.1. **Test of Temperature Alarms**

Alarm	Priority	Mode	Method
Baby Cold - Check Baby	Medium	Servo Mode	Place the T1 probe in the Transport Incubator, change the setpoint to be 0.8° C above T1.
Baby Cold - Check Baby	High	Servo Mode	Place the T1 probe in the Transport Incubator, change the setpoint to be 1.3° C above T1.
Baby Hot - Check Baby	Medium	Servo Mode	Place the T1 probe in the Transport Incubator, change the setpoint to be 0.8° C below T1.
Baby Hot - Check Baby	High	Servo Mode	Place the T1 probe in the Transport Incubator, change the setpoint to be 1.3° C below T1.
Connect Temperature Probe	Low	Servo Mode	Disconnect T1 from the Transport Incubator.
No Temp Probe - Exit Servo Mode	Medium	Servo Mode	Leave the Connect Temperature Probe alarm active for ~ 1 minute.
Chamber Hot - Check Baby	Medium	Air Mode	Set the chamber to 36° C. Allow the chamber to stabilize. Change the setpoint to 34.4° C.
Chamber Hot - Check Baby	High	Air Mode	With the chamber still at 36° C, change the setpoint to 33.9° C.
Chamber Cold - Check Baby	Medium	Air Mode	Set the chamber to 35° C. Allow the chamber to stabilize. Change the setpoint to 36.6° C.
Chamber Cold - Check Baby	High	Air Mode	With the chamber still at 35° C, change the setpoint to 37.1° C.

8.5.2. **Test of SpO₂ Alarms**

To ensure the pulse oximeter is generating the proper alarm indications, perform the following:

1. After the sensor is attached to patient source (operator or simulator), verify the patient alarms are functional by setting the SpO₂ and pulse rate high and low alarm limits beyond the patient readings.
 - a. An audible alarm should sound.
 - b. An alarm message should be displayed in the message center on the screen.
2. Verify the sensor alarms are functional.
 - a. Remove the sensor from the patient.
 - i. An alert message should be displayed in the message center on the screen.

- b. Disconnect the sensor from the Transport Incubator.
 - ii. An alert message should be displayed in the message center on the screen.

8.5.3. Test of O₂ Alarms

To ensure the ambient oxygen monitor is generating the proper alarm indications, perform the following:

1. After the oxygen sensor is placed in the area to be monitored, verify the out-of-range alarms are functional by setting the oxygen high and low alarm limits beyond the oxygen readings of the area.
 - a. An audible alarm should sound.
 - b. An alarm message should be displayed in the message center on the screen.

8.5.4. Test of Heated Mattress Alarms

To ensure the Heated Mattress is generating the proper alarm indications, perform the following:

1. Plug in and turn on the Heated Mattress. Disconnect the Heated Mattress cable from the connector in the cable pocket.
 - a. An audible alarm should sound.
 - b. An alarm message should be displayed in the message center on the screen.
2. Plug in and turn on the Heated Mattress. Using a heat gun, heat the center of the mattress until the Mattress Error alarm activates.
 - a. An audible alarm should sound.
 - b. An alarm message should be displayed in the message center on the screen.

9. DATA STORAGE

9.1. Introduction

The device can store certain data to a removable Data Key.

The following can be recorded to the Data Key:

Power on, Power off, Patient probe T1, Patient probe T2, Set Temperature, Control Mode, Chamber Air Temperature, SpO₂ value, PR, %O₂, Phototherapy state (on/ off), heated mattress state, and active alarms.

If the data storage reaches capacity, the oldest data will be overwritten by the incoming data. The data storage will be maintained when the device is powered off or after a total loss of power.

9.2. Setup

1. Data Key Receptacle:
Insert the Data Key (removable digital media) into the data key receptacle located on the rear center console.



9.3. General Operation

If the device is storing data to the Data Key, the data storage icon will be displayed on the main screen in the message center.



10. PULSEOX (OPTIONAL)

10.1. Introduction

The NxtGen Transport Incubator is compatible with Nellcor® or Masimo® SpO₂ technologies. The operator should consult the sensor's instructions for use to ensure the appropriate sensor is being used. In addition, only Masimo sensors should be used with the Masimo pulse oximeter and only Nellcor sensors should be used with the Nellcor pulse oximeter.

The pulse oximeter option is intended for prescription use only as a continuous non-invasive monitor of arterial oxygen saturation (SpO₂) and pulse rate of pediatric and neonatal patients during both no motion and motion conditions, and for patients who are well or poorly diffused.

This section contains information regarding the optional pulse oximetry feature. The pulse oximeter is to be operated by, or under the supervision of, qualified personnel only. The manual, accessories, directions for use, all precautionary information, and specifications should be read before use. For a complete description of alarms and alerts associated with the PulseOx system, see **Appendix D**.

10.2. Pulse Oximetry Theory of Operation

The integrated pulse oximetry option of the Transport Incubator displays functional oxygen saturation based on several key principals.

- The absorption of red and infrared light (spectrophotometry) by oxyhemoglobin and deoxyhemoglobin
- The change in volume of arterial blood in tissue (and hence, light absorption by blood) due to changes in pulse (plethysmography)
- The fluctuating absorbance of venous blood during arteriovenous shunting contributes to noise during the pulse

Because oxyhemoglobin and deoxyhemoglobin differ in light absorption, the amount of red and infrared light absorbed by the blood is related to hemoglobin oxygen saturation. The pulse oximeters supported by the Transport Incubator, Masimo SET[®] and Nellcor OxiMax, decompose the red and infrared pulsatile absorbance signals into an arterial signal plus a noise component and calculate the ratio of arterial signals. The ratio of the two arterial pulse-added absorbance signals is used to find the oxygen saturation in an empirically derived equation in the pulse oximeter software. Different pulse oximetry sensors can be used with the system. The operator should consult the sensor's instructions for use to ensure the appropriate sensor is being used. In addition, only Masimo sensors should be used with the Masimo pulse oximeter and only Nellcor sensors should be used with the Nellcor pulse oximeter. Sensor accuracy data, found in **Appendix A**, are based on human blood studies in which the values obtained for healthy adult volunteers in induced hypoxia states during motion and non-motion conditions were compared to a laboratory co-oximeter.

Erroneous SpO₂ readings may be caused by several reasons including, but not limited to, the following: Interfering substances such as Carboxyhemoglobin and Methemoglobin (i.e. an increase in SpO₂ approximately equal to the amount of carboxyhemoglobin present).

- Dyes, or any substance containing dyes, that change usual blood pigmentation
- Severe anemia
- Excessive patient movement
- Venous pulsations
- Placement of a sensor on an extremity with a blood pressure cuff, arterial catheter, or intravascular line
- Use during defibrillation (temporary)

Pulse rate measurement is based on the optical detection of a peripheral flow pulse and therefore may not detect arrhythmias. The pulse oximeter should not be used as a replacement or substitute for ECG-based arrhythmia analysis.

10.3. Setup


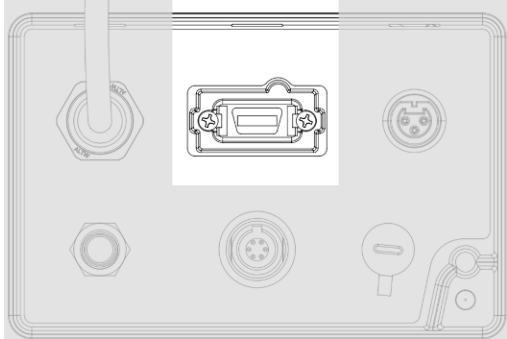
Installing the Pulse Oximeter Cable

Locate the SpO₂ cable and the SpO₂ cable sensor.

Remove the SpO₂ cable sensor from its packaging and connect it to the end of the cable labeled "Sensor".

Connect the remaining end of the cable to the SpO₂ connector in the upper center of the connector panel.

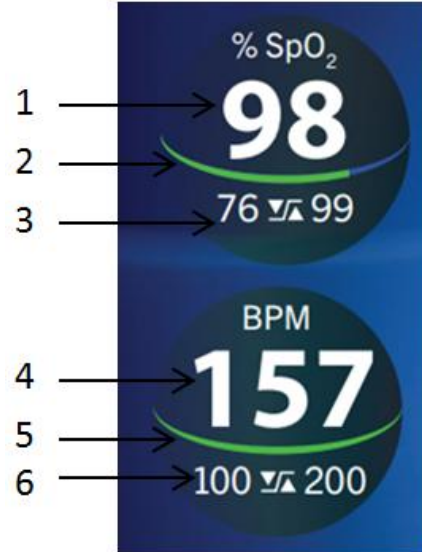
10.4. General Operation

User Interface - PulseOx	Connector Panel - Pulse Oximetry Connector (Masimo or Nellcor)
	

SpO₂ Operational States

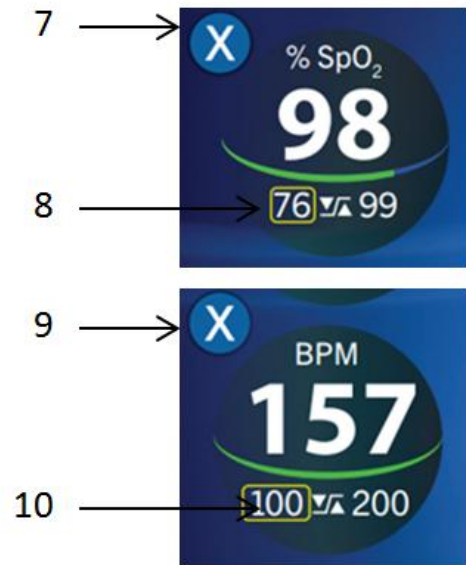
Normal Operation

- (1) Measured %SpO₂ Value
- (2) Signal Strength
- (3) %SpO₂ HI & LOW Alarm Limits
- (4) Measured Pulse Rate Value (BPM)
- (5) Dynamic Pulse Rate Indicator
- (6) Pulse Rate HI & LOW Alarm Limits



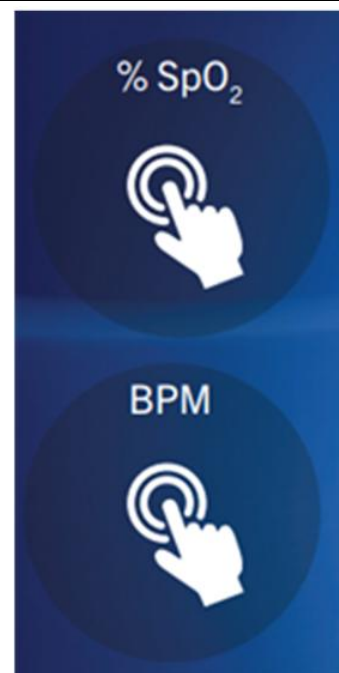
Submenus

- (7) Submenu Exit (%SpO₂)
- (8) Submenu Cursor
- (9) Submenu Exit (PR)
- (10) Submenu Cursor



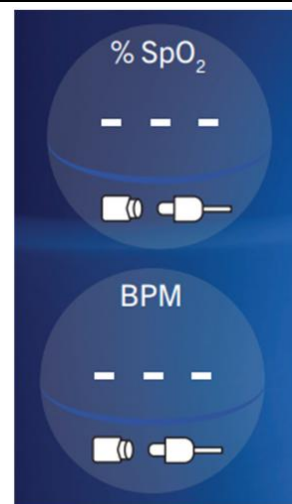
Operator Disabled

This icon represents the operator disabled state of the SpO₂ system. The SpO₂ system can be disabled by touch and hold of the %SpO₂ or Pulse Rate icon for 2 seconds and the symbol to the right will appear in both locations. To enable the SpO₂ system, touch either the %SpO₂ or Pulse Rate.



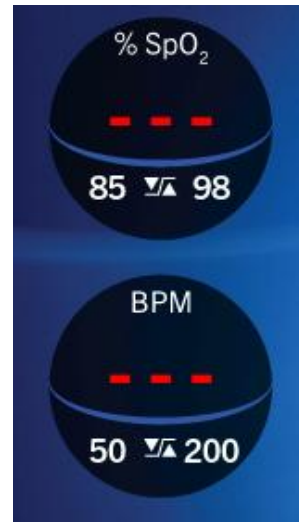
Cable/Sensor Disconnected

If the SpO₂ cable or sensor is unplugged, the SpO₂ system will automatically enter the cable/sensor disconnected state and an alert "Connect SpO₂ Cable" will be displayed in the message center. Once the SpO₂ cable and sensor is connected, the SpO₂ system will automatically enter normal operation. Touch and hold of the either the %SpO₂ or Pulse Rate icon while in the disconnected state will cause the SpO₂ system to transition to the operator disabled state and cancel any active SpO₂ alarms.



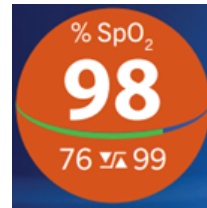
Inadequate Signal

If the SpO₂ sensor is unable to detect an adequate signal from the patient – the displays will show “---“



10.5. Setting Alarm Limits - %SpO₂

Touch or highlight and select the %SpO₂ icon.



Select the %SpO₂ Low Alarm Limit.



Turn the wheel either counterclockwise to decrease the low alarm limit or clockwise to increase the low alarm limit. Push the wheel to confirm.




Select the %SpO₂ High Alarm Limit.



Turn the wheel either counterclockwise to decrease the high alarm limit or clockwise to increase the high alarm limit. Push the wheel to confirm.



<p>Touch or highlight and select the submenu exit to return to the home screen.</p>	
-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

10.6. Setting Alarm Limits - Pulse Rate

<p>Touch or highlight and select the Pulse Rate icon.</p>	
<p>Select the Pulse Rate Low Alarm Limit.</p>	
<p>Turn the wheel either counterclockwise to decrease the low alarm limit or clockwise to increase the low alarm limit. Push the wheel to confirm.</p>	
<p>Select the Pulse Rate High Alarm Limit.</p>	
<p>Turn the wheel either counterclockwise to decrease the high alarm limit or clockwise to increase the high alarm limit. Push the wheel to confirm.</p>	
<p>Touch or highlight and select the submenu exit to return to the home screen.</p>	

10.7. Signal Strength

The signal strength of the SpO₂ sensor is displayed as a dynamic equator on the SpO₂ icon.



10.8. Perfusion Index (Masimo Only)

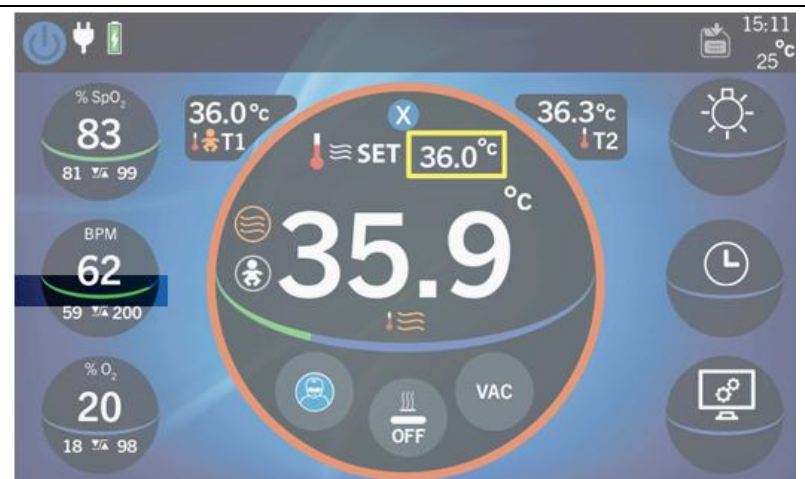
If enabled in the administrator menu, the Perfusion Index value represents a ratio between the pulse signal and noise. It helps clinicians determine if the pulse oximetry sensor is placed on an optimal monitoring site. The Perfusion Index value has a range of 0.0-20.0 (i.e. the higher the value, the better the perfusion).



10.9. Pulse Rate (BPM)

A visual representation of the pulse rate can be seen on the equator of the BPM icon.

Enabling the BPM Tone in the Admin menu will enable an audible Pulse tone (Masimo only).



10.10. Sensors

Refer to Section 21, ACCESSORIES, for vendor contact information to request sensor technical data.

Multiple sensor geometries are compatible with the integrated pulse oximetry system. Before selecting a sensor, carefully read the sensor's instructions for use. When selecting a sensor, consider the patient's weight, the adequacy of perfusion, the available sensor sites, and duration of monitoring.

Tissue damage can be caused by incorrect application or use of a pulse oximetry sensor, for example, by wrapping the sensor too tightly. Circulation distal to the sensor site should be checked routinely. The site must be inspected and the sensor relocated at the frequency recommended in the sensor's instruction for use. High ambient light sources such as surgical lights (especially those with a xenon light source), bilirubin lamps, fluorescent lights, infrared heating lamps, and direct sunlight can interfere with the performance of a SpO₂ sensor. To prevent interference from ambient light, ensure that the sensor is properly applied and that the sensor site is covered with opaque material if necessary. Failure to take this precaution in high ambient light conditions may result in inaccurate measurements.

10.11. Pulse Oximetry Testers / Simulators

To verify the functionality of the pulse oximeter sensors and cables, some commercially available functional testers may be used (refer to the testing device's instructions for use to determine compatibility). The functional testers are designed to interface with the pulse oximeter's expected calibration curves and measure the total error of the pulse oximetry system. However, due to the complex interaction between the pulse oximeter sensor and patient, these testers cannot be used to assess the accuracy of the pulse oximeter sensors. Refer to **Appendix A**, Pulse Oximeter Specifications (Optional Feature), to review sensor accuracy information or contact the pulse oximeter vendor listed in Section 21, ACCESSORIES.

11. PHOTOTHERAPY

11.1. Introduction

The phototherapy light utilizes blue light and is intended for the treatment of neonatal hyperbilirubinemia. The physical hardware is a light bar comprised of a lightweight anodized aluminum enclosure with two compression mounting feet. The light bar should always be positioned between the inner and outer Transport Incubator chambers. The light bar has a thin LED diffuser that protects internal electrical components from incidental debris. The intensity of the light will change with distance from the patient. The LEDs emit light in the range of 450-465 nm. This range corresponds to the spectral absorption of light by bilirubin, and is considered to be the most effective for the degradation of bilirubin. Blue LEDs are not a significant source of ultraviolet (UV) or infrared (IR) energy. The phototherapy light system should be set only by appropriately trained personnel and under the direction of qualified medical personnel familiar with currently known risks and benefits of infant phototherapy equipment.

11.2. Setup

If equipped, the phototherapy system is integrated into the observation light. See Section 12, OBSERVATION LIGHT, for setup.

11.2.1. Check Intensity

Turn on the Phototherapy Light and, using a calibrated meter (such as the ILT Light Meter; International Biomedical part number 736-0001, ILT part number ILT74INTERBI-CE), measure the irradiance intensity in the center of the incubator. Verify that it is 16 $\mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2/\text{nm}$ or greater (XL Chamber) or 30 $\mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2/\text{nm}$ (Low Chamber).

If it is not, take the unit out of service and replace the light bar.

11.2.2. Prepare the Infant

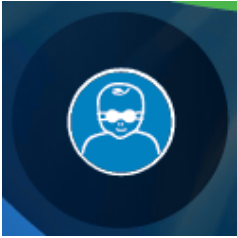
The infant must lie in the chamber with a majority of skin exposed. Only skin exposed to the phototherapy lights will be therapeutic.

CAUTION: Clear objects from the area in the pathway for the light emitted from the phototherapy light. Objects left in the light pathway may become overheated and cause burning.

11.3. General Operation



Phototherapy Operational States

<p>Normal Operation (OFF) (1)</p>	
<p>Normal Operation (ON) (2)</p>	

To initiate phototherapy, enter the heater submenu and select the phototherapy icon with touch or the wheel.



An alert will be displayed in the message center to remind the operator to cover the infant's eyes with eye protection.

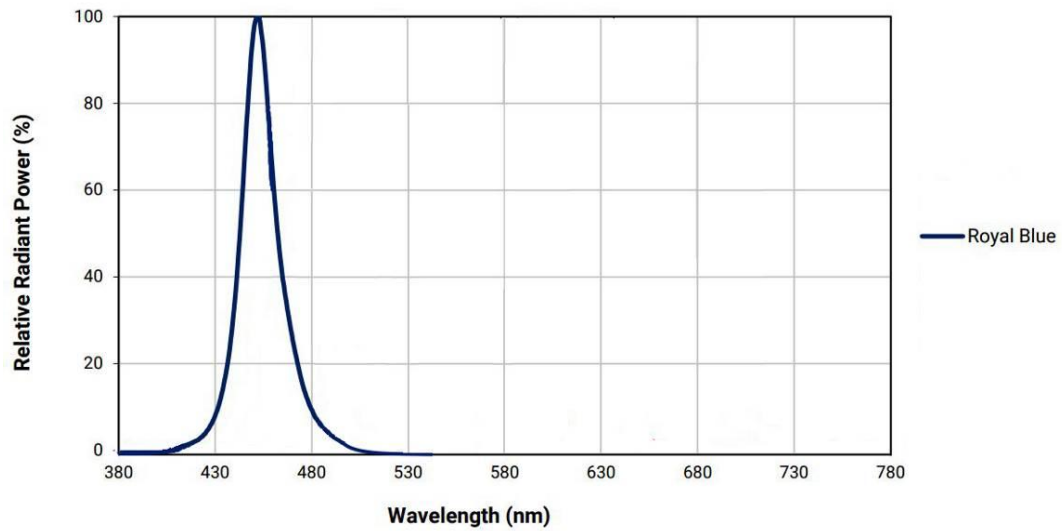


To de-activate phototherapy, enter the heater submenu and select the phototherapy icon with touch or the wheel.



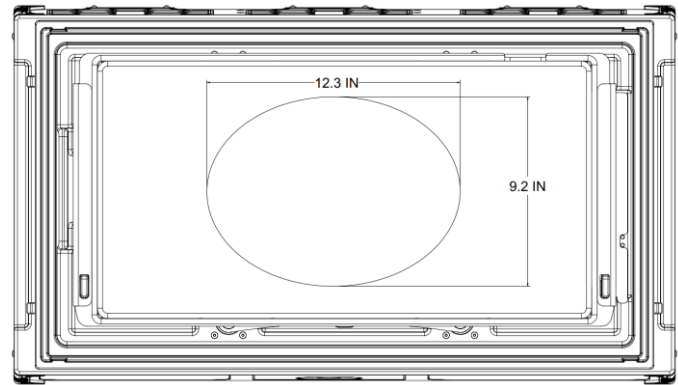
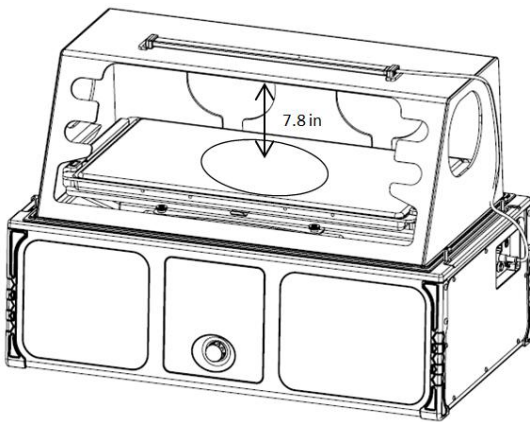
11.3.1. Effective Surface Area

The following graph shows the normalized spectra of the Royal Blue LEDs compared to standard wavelength frequencies.

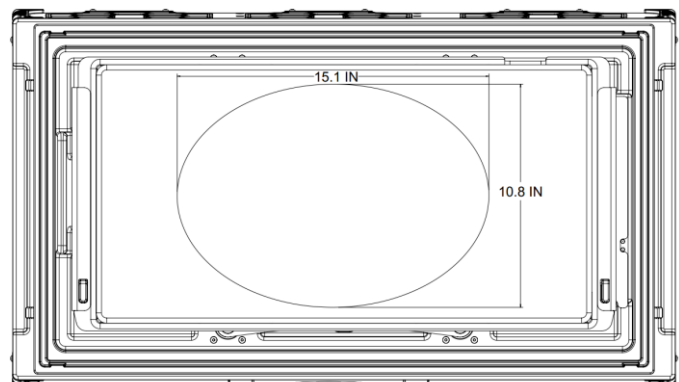
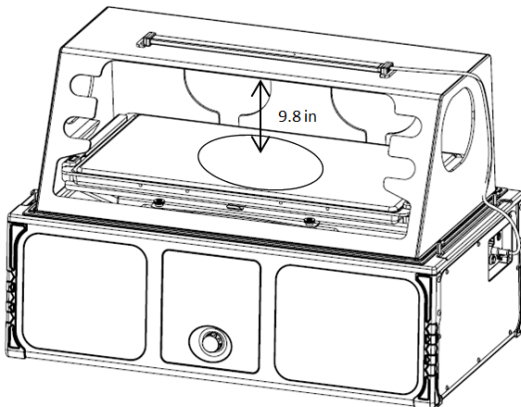


The maximum intensity of the light is $35 \mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2/\text{nm}$ and $22 \mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2/\text{nm}$ for the low and XL chambers respectively. This measurement is taken at the center of the effective surface area for phototherapy.

Low Chamber



XL Chamber



11.3.2. Phototherapy Light Lifetime Indicator

When the red phototherapy lifetime indicator on the light bar is illuminated, the blue LEDs have exceeded their 39,000 hour limit and it is time to replace the light bar. Nine blue LEDs are used for the Phototherapy. If one or more of these LEDs goes out, the light bar should be replaced.

12. **OBSERVATION LIGHT**

12.1. Introduction

The observation light utilizes white light and is intended to be used as auxiliary lighting system that supplements ambient light. The physical hardware is a light bar comprised of a lightweight anodized aluminum enclosure with two compression mounting feet. The light bar should always be positioned between the inner and outer Transport Incubator chambers. The light bar has a thin LED diffuser that protects internal electrical components from incidental debris. The intensity of the light will change with distance from the patient. The white LEDs emit a light in the range of 360 - 830 nm.

12.2. Setup

Installing the Observation Light

1. Remove the outer chamber and set aside.
2. Position the light bar on the inner chamber's top surface, in between the two "C-Shaped" locators.
3. Carefully route the cable towards the back right or back left corner of the chamber, depending on the location of the connector bay, and down the side of the inner chamber.

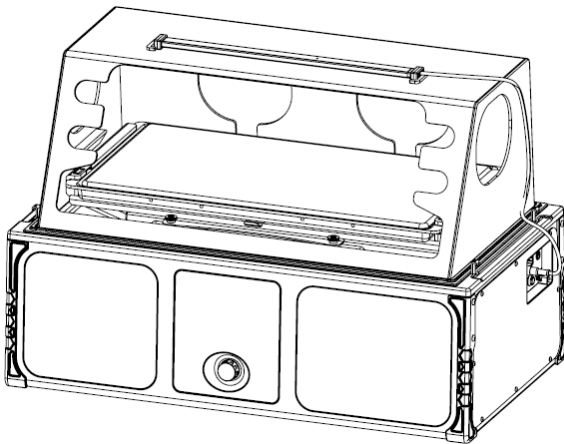


Figure 12-1 Light Bar Locators

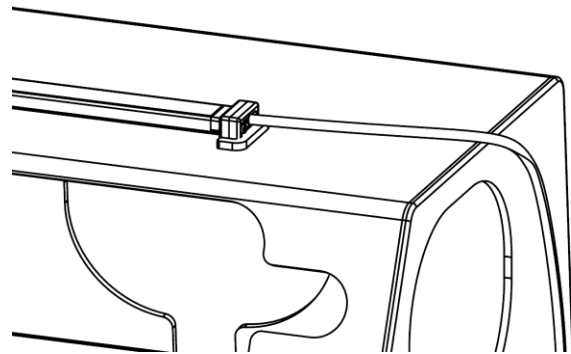


Figure 12-2 Light Bar Locators

4. Loosely install the outer chamber and compress the light bar between the two chamber pieces.

5. Ensure the cord passes through the cord recess on the outer chamber.

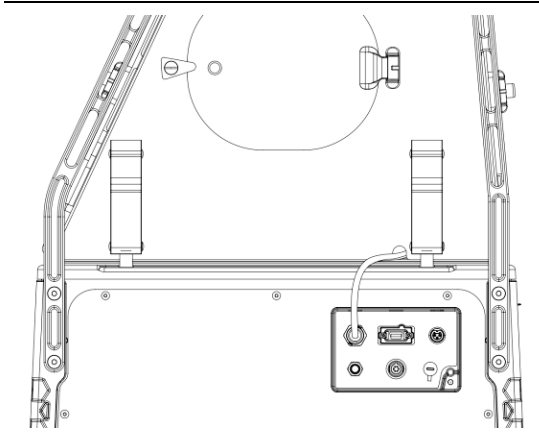


Figure 12-3

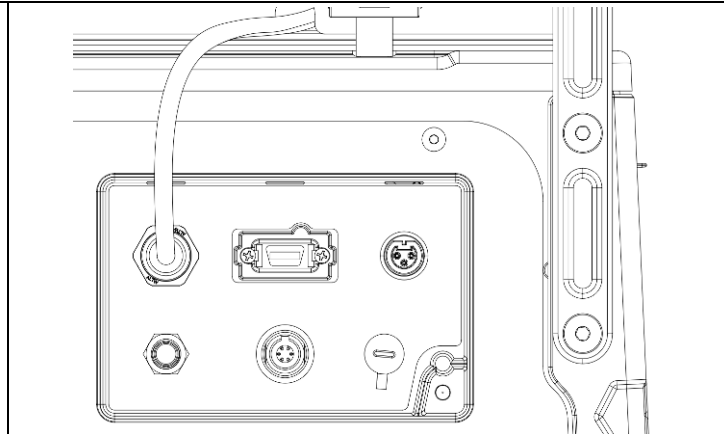


Figure 12-4

6. Once the light bar and its cord are in the proper location and routed correctly, secure the outer chamber with the chamber latches (4).

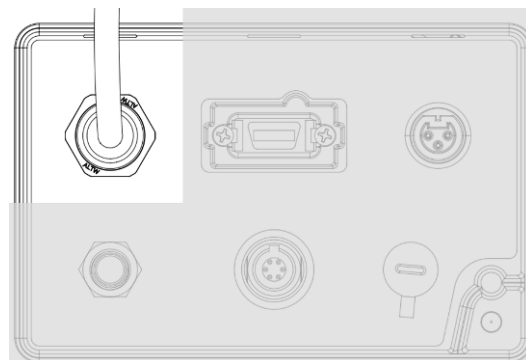
12.3. General Operation

The observation light is operated through the user interface and is physically connected at the connector bay. The observation light icon is located in the upper right hand corner of the screen and the connector is located in the upper left hand corner of the connector bay.

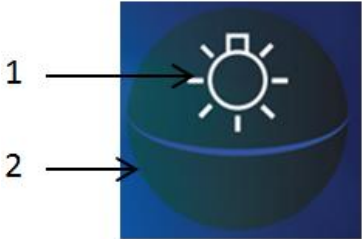
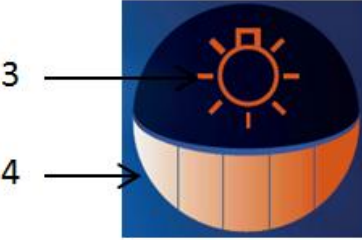
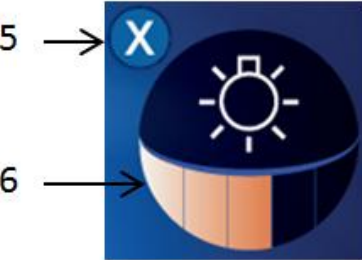

User Interface - Observation Light Icon



Connector Bay - Observation Light Connector



The observation light has four states illustrated and described below: Normal Operation - ON, Normal operation - OFF, submenu, and disconnected.

Observation Light Operational States	
<p>Normal Operation (OFF State) (1) Observation Light OFF Icon (White) (2) Light Intensity (0%) In the OFF state, the observation light icon is white and there is no intensity indicator in the southern hemisphere.</p>	
<p>Normal Operation (ON State) (3) Observation Light ON Icon (Orange) (4) Light Intensity (100%) In the ON state, the observation light icon is orange and the light intensity is represented in the southern hemisphere by a gradient comprised of 5 discrete light intensity segments.</p>	
<p>Light Intensity Submenu (5) Submenu Exit (6) Light Intensity Selector (0-100%) Once in the submenu, the wheel can be turned clockwise to increase the light intensity or counterclockwise to decrease the light intensity. Selection with the wheel or touching the submenu exit icon will confirm the intensity and return the observation light icon to Normal Operation in the ON state.</p>	
<p>Observation Light Disconnected If the observation light cable is disconnected, disconnected state icon will appear. An alert "Light Bar Disconnected" will be displayed in the message center. Once the observation light cable is connected, the observation light will automatically enter normal operation once selected.</p>	

12.3.1. Turning the Observation Light ON

To activate the observation light, touch or select the observation light icon. After the icon is touched or selected and highlights orange, the observation light will always initiate a "soft start". If this is the initial activation of the observation light from power on, the light intensity will automatically ramp up to 60%. If the light had previously been activated, the light intensity will ramp up to the last known intensity setting. While in the light intensity submenu, the wheel can be turned clockwise to increase the light intensity or it can be turned counterclockwise to decrease the light intensity. The light intensity can be adjusted in increments of 20%. Once the intensity value is set to the desired level, selection with the wheel or touching the submenu exit icon will confirm the intensity and return the observation light icon to Normal Operation - ON state. The intensity setting of the light will be represented in the southern hemisphere of the observation light icon and the icon will change from white to orange.

12.3.2. **Turning the Observation Light OFF**

Once the observation light is in the ON state, it can be turned off by press and hold of the icon. The icon will highlight orange and the observation lights will turn OFF. The observation light icon reverts to the normal operation - OFF state.

12.3.3. **Adjusting the Observation Light Intensity**

When the observation light is in the ON state, touching on the icon will return you to the Light Intensity Submenu and allow you to adjust the light intensity.

12.3.4. **Observation Light System Interactions with the Optional Phototherapy System**

The observation light system may be combined with the optional phototherapy system in one piece of hardware. The control of each lighting system is independent, but their behavior does interact with each other. Refer to the phototherapy section of the manual for instructions specific to the phototherapy system. Below is a summary which depicts how each lighting system will react to the activation of the other lighting system.

- If the observation lights are ON and the phototherapy system is activated, the observation lights will turn OFF.
- If the phototherapy lights are ON and the observation light is activated, the phototherapy lights will turn OFF.
 - If the phototherapy lights were turned off by observation light activation, the phototherapy lights will stay off even when the observation light is turned off.

13. **AMBIENT OXYGEN MONITOR**

13.1. Introduction

The ambient oxygen monitor is intended to be used to measure and display the oxygen concentration as a volume fraction percentage (%) in an area to which the oxygen sensor is exposed. The sensor can be placed inside the infant chamber. The readings are proportional to the partial pressure of oxygen (PO_2), which is equal to the percentage of oxygen times the absolute pressure of the environment being measured. The ambient oxygen monitor can be influenced by the following:

13.1.1. **Temperature**

In order for oxygen readings to be accurate, the ambient oxygen monitor must be thermally stable when calibrated and when measurements are taken. If temperature conditions change, adequate time must be allowed for the sensor to stabilize and give accurate readings. For best results, calibrate the ambient oxygen monitor at the same temperature at which the monitor will be used.

13.1.2. **Pressure**

The readings from the ambient oxygen monitor are proportional to the oxygen concentration only if pressure is held constant. The ambient oxygen monitor does not compensate for changes in barometric pressure. Because the flow rate of the gas being sampled can affect the pressure at the sensor in that the back pressure may change, the ambient oxygen monitor should be calibrated at the same pressure as the sample gas. Changes in elevation result in calibration error of approximately 1% of reading per 250 feet. In general, calibration of the instrument should be performed when the geographic elevation at which the product is being used changes by more than 500 feet. The ambient oxygen monitor should not be calibrated at a pressure above 2 atmospheres as this is beyond the sensor's intended use.

13.1.3. **Humidity**

Condensation due to high humidity can adversely affect the ambient oxygen monitor. The sensor should be calibrated and used in environments < 95% relative humidity and placed upstream of any humidifier (if used in a breathing circuit) to reduce the risk of water condensation.

13.1.4. **Oxygen Sensors**

The Maxtec MAX-250E oxygen sensor is similar in operation as a conventional galvanic sensor (lead anode / KOH electrolyte) oxygen sensor. However, the chemistry of the MAX-250E sensor is unique. By implementing a weak acid electrolyte, MAX-250 sensors offer superior performance over the conventional oxygen sensor. The weak acid electrolyte is unaffected by CO₂, CO, and NO_x. This results in a sensor with a superior technical advantage over KOH-type sensors in applications where these gases are present.

Use only Maxtec Max-250E oxygen sensors and International Biomedical supplied cables with the Transport Incubator. Max-250E oxygen sensors offer quick response, stability, and life greater than 9000 hours.

13.2. Setup

Installing the Ambient Oxygen Monitor Cable

Locate the oxygen sensor cable and the oxygen sensor.

Remove the oxygen sensor from its packaging and connect it to the end of the cable labeled "Sensor".






Connect the remaining end of the cable labeled "Incubator" to the ambient oxygen monitor connector in the lower right hand corner of the connector panel.

Place the oxygen sensor in the location where you would like to monitor the oxygen concentration.

13.2.1. Calibration


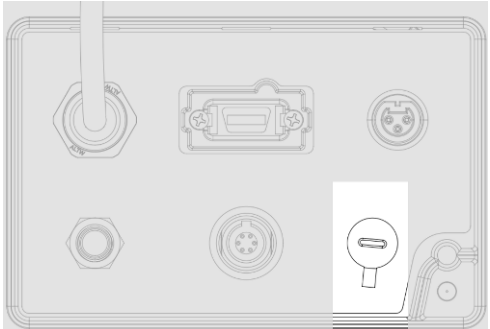
For oxygen readings to be accurate, the ambient oxygen monitor must be thermally stable when calibrated and when measurements are taken. Calibration should also be done at the same pressure as when in use due to the fact that the flow rate of sample gas can change the back pressure at the sensing point, changing the oxygen reading. Never calibrate at a pressure above 2 atmospheres as this is beyond the sensor's intended use. The sensor should be calibrated and used in environments < 95% relative humidity and placed upstream of any humidifier to reduce the risk of water condensation which can affect the oxygen sensor.

The following steps describe and illustrate the calibration process of the oxygen sensor:

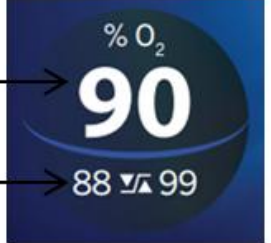
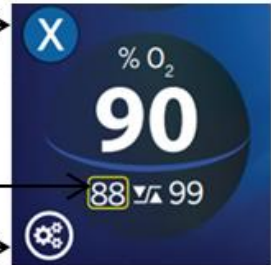

Oxygen Sensor Calibration Process	
Touch or select the ambient oxygen monitor icon on the user interface to enter the submenu.	
Utilize the wheel to highlight the calibration icon with the submenu cursor.	
Select the calibration icon by pushing in the wheel. The icon will turn orange along with the active measurement value.	
Expose the oxygen sensor to oxygen gas at a known concentration for several minutes to ensure the reading has stabilized. Once the reading is stable, use the control wheel to increase or decrease the orange, active %O ₂ value to match the %O ₂ of the calibration gas.	
Once the desired value is achieved, push in the control wheel or touch the calibration icon to save and exit the calibration process and return to the submenu.	

13.3. General Operation

The ambient oxygen monitor is operated through the user interface and is physically connected at the connector panel. The ambient oxygen monitor icon is located in the lower left hand corner of the screen and the connector is located in the lower right hand corner of the connector bay.

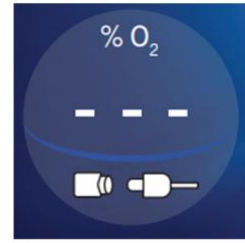
User Interface - Ambient Oxygen Monitor Icon	Connector Panel - Ambient Oxygen Monitor Connector
	

The ambient oxygen monitor has four states illustrated and described below: normal operation, submenu, operator disabled, and disconnected.

Ambient Oxygen Monitor Operational States	
<p>Normal Operation (1) Measured Value (%O₂) (2) HI & LOW Alarm Limits</p>	
<p>Submenu (3) Submenu Exit (4) Submenu Cursor (5) Calibration Mode Icon</p>	
<p>Operator Disabled This icon represents the operator disabled state of the ambient oxygen monitor. The ambient oxygen monitor can be disabled by touch and hold of the ambient oxygen monitor icon for 2 seconds and the symbol to the right will appear. To enable the ambient oxygen monitor, touch the ambient oxygen monitor icon.</p>	

Cable/Sensor Disconnected

If the ambient oxygen monitor cable or sensor is unplugged, the ambient oxygen monitor will automatically enter the cable/sensor disconnected state and an alert “Connect O₂ Cable” will be displayed in the message center. Once the oxygen cable and sensor is connected, the ambient oxygen monitor will automatically enter normal operation. Touch and hold of the ambient oxygen monitor icon while in the disconnected state will cause the ambient oxygen monitor to transition to the operator disabled state and cancel any active ambient oxygen monitor alarms.



14. **HEATED MATTRESS**

14.1. Introduction

The heated mattress is to be used in combination with the heater of the Transport Incubator. In addition to warming, the mattress also provides pressure relief using an integral foam pad under the flexible heating surface. The foam pad is composed of smolder-resistant polyurethane and is encased in a flame-resistant cast-coated polyurethane polyester heated mattress cover. The fabric is designed for applications where a flexible cover fabric can help reduce interface pressure and anti-microbial performance is desired for the benefit of infection control

CAUTION: Polyurethane foams are combustible. Do not expose to flame or other ignition source.

CAUTION: Do not use the heated mattress without the heated mattress cover in place.

14.2. Setup

Installing the Heated Mattress

1. Place heated mattress in the chamber on the mattress tray.
2. Thread the heated mattress cable through the grommet closest to the connector panel.

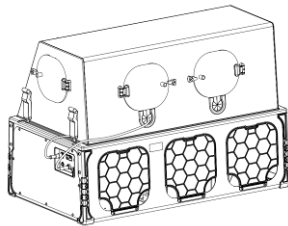


Figure 14-1 Heated Mattress Cable

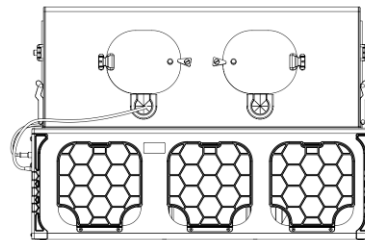


Figure 14-2 Heated Mattress Cable

- Connect the heated mattress cable to the bottom center connector as depicted below.

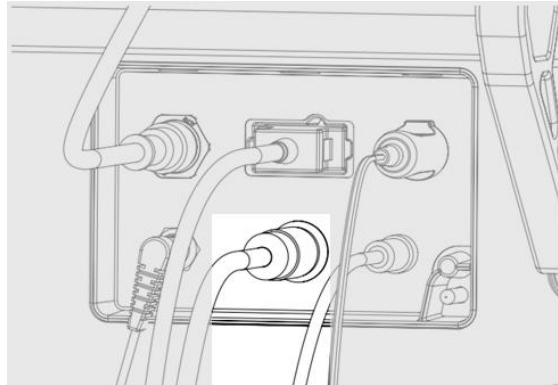
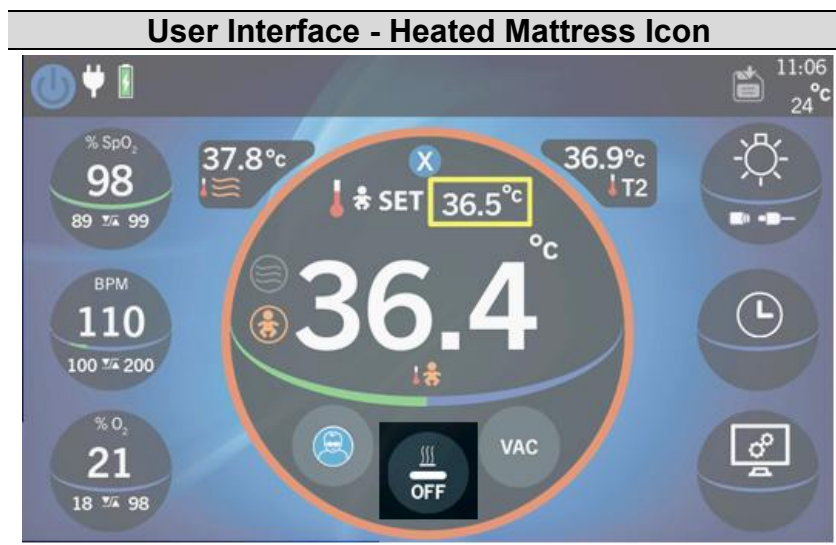


Figure 14-3

14.3. General Operation

The heated mattress is operated through the user interface and is physically connected at the connector bay. The heated mattress icon is located in the lower center of the screen and the connector is located in the lower center of the connector bay.



Heated Mattress Operational States

<p>Normal Operation (OFF) (1)</p>		
<p>Normal Operation (ON) (2)</p>		

To turn on the heated mattress, enter the heater submenu and select the heated mattress icon with touch or the wheel.



To turn off the heated mattress, enter the heater submenu and select the heated mattress icon with touch or the wheel.



15. SUCTION

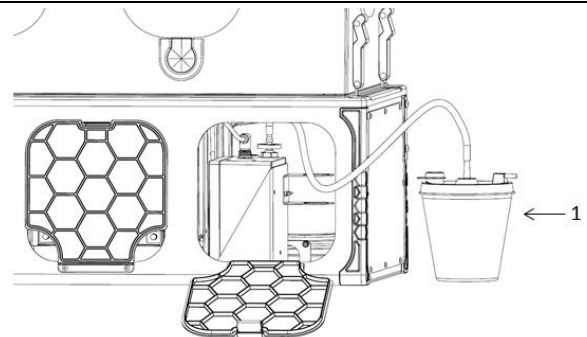
15.1. Introduction

The Transport Incubator is provided with an integrated low-flow, low vacuum suction device. This hardware is accessible through the rear door.

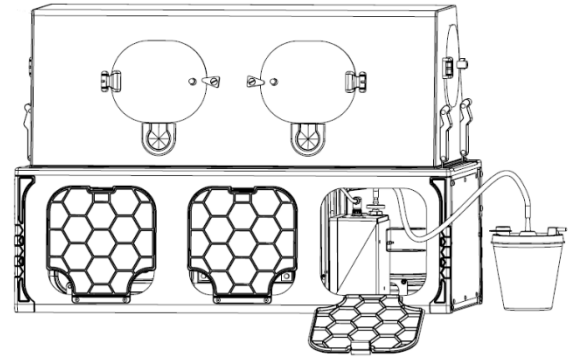
15.2. Setup

If the suction unit option was purchased, the suction device will already be installed in the Transport Incubator.

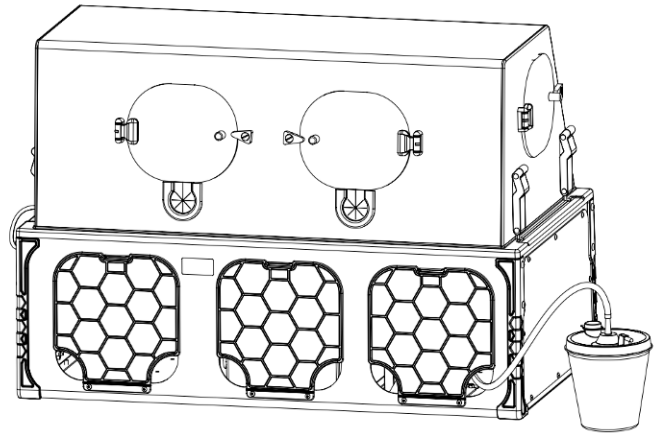
The Suction Canister is 800 mL maximum volume with an integral float valve to prevent overflow. When the float valve is activated, flow will cease until suction and excess liquid are removed. Turn off suction device and follow procedure to empty contents and replace Suction Canister. A clamp bracket is provided for mounting of the Suction Canister in a desired location.



Connect the short connection tube from the Suction module to the Suction Canister.



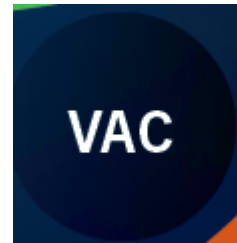
Prior to use, connect an ISO 8836 compliant suction catheter (not supplied) to the Suction Canister. Occlude tubing and check the maximum suction pressure. If necessary, adjust the suction pressure on the User Interface to the desired pressure.



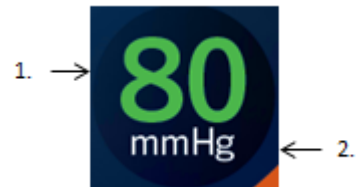
15.3. General Operation

Suction Operational States

Normal Operation (OFF)



Normal Operation (ON)
 (1) Measured Negative Pressure Value
 (2) Unit of Measure - Millimeters of Mercury



Enter the heater submenu and select the suction icon with touch or the wheel.



Use the wheel to adjust the suction pressure (occlude the tubing to display suction pressure).



The displayed pressure value will change colors depending on value.
 0 - 59 mmHg - WHITE
 60 - 100 mmHg - GREEN
 >101 - RED



To turn off the suction device, enter the heater submenu and press and hold the suction icon.



While the suction is ON, to reenter the icon and adjust the suction pressure, tap the icon.



16. TIMERS

16.1. Introduction

The Timers menu is a standard feature of the Transport Incubator. The menu allows the operator to either set a countdown timer or initiate a stop watch timer. The timers menu is for reference only and does not control or correlate to any another function of the Transport Incubator.

16.2. General Operation



Timers Operational States

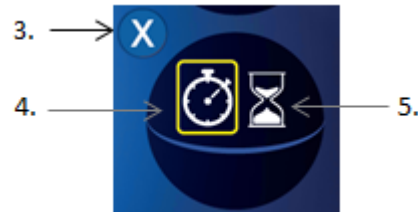
Normal Operation - Timer Active

(1) Time value is displayed (countdown or stopwatch)



Submenu

(3) Submenu Exit
 (4) Stop Watch Icon
 (5) Countdown Timer Icon



Submenu - Stop Watch

(6) Submenu Exit
 (7) Play Icon
 (8) Reset Icon (Inactive)



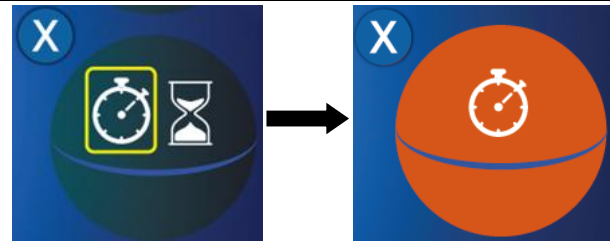
Submenu - Countdown Timer

(13) Submenu Exit
 (14) Countdown Timer "Set" Value
 (15) Play Icon
 (16) Reset Icon (Inactive)

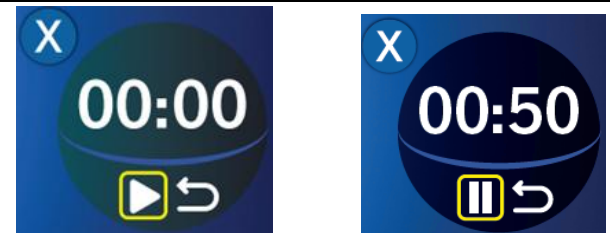


Start, Pause & Reset Stop Watch

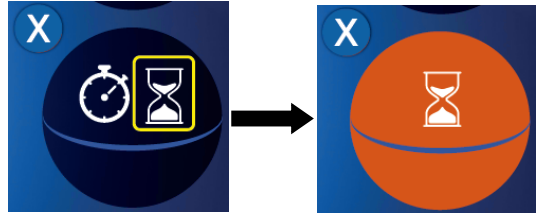


Select the Stop Watch Icon



Use the Play, Pause, and Reset icons to control the stopwatch action.



Set & Play Countdown Timer

<p>Select the Countdown Timer Icon</p>	
<p>Select the countdown timer value and turn the wheel clockwise to the desired time. Select the value again to confirm.</p>	
<p>Utilize the Play, Pause, and Reset icons to control the Countdown timer.</p>	

17. DEVICE SETTINGS

17.1. Introduction

The device settings menu is a standard feature of the Transport Incubator. The menu allows the operator to adjust the screen brightness, adjust the alarm volume, or lock the screen.

17.2. General Operation



Locking Screen

Select screen settings icon with touch or wheel.



Select the lock icon with wheel.

NOTE: *The screen lock icon will be gray, and will not be selectable while there are any active alarms/alerts.*



The screen will no longer accept commands from the touch screen. The message center can still be touched.



To unlock the screen, press the wheel or touch the lock icon.



Adjust Screen Brightness

Select the screen settings icon with touch or with the wheel.



Select the brightness icon.



Adjust screen brightness with the wheel.



Select the screen settings icon with touch or with the wheel.



Adjust Alarm Volume

Select the alarm volume icon.



Adjust alarm volume with the wheel.
The alarm volume range is from the administrator minimum to 100%. (See Section 5.)



18. **CLEANING**

18.1. Introduction

Use a soft clean cloth and a disinfectant solution for cleaning and disinfection. After each infant use, follow the hospital's infection control procedures for equipment disinfection. Wipe down the surfaces of the device with a soft cloth dampened with a recommended disinfectant solution. Always follow the cleaning solution-manufacturer's direction for use. Dry all surfaces with a soft cloth to remove any cleaner residue.

Ensure you follow your hospital infection control procedures, as well as all local, state, and federal regulations.

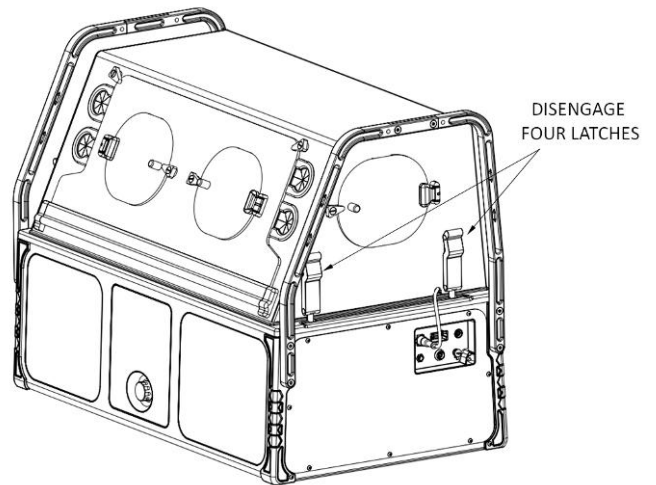
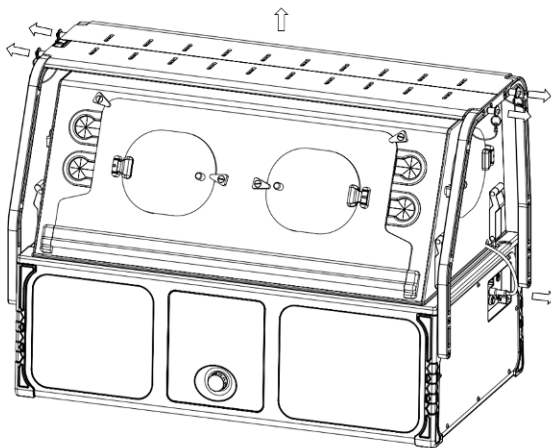
Table 18-1 Recommended Disinfectant Solutions

Cleaning Agent	Active Ingredients
Soap/Water (Various)	Phenols Phospholipid surfactant
Cavicide or Cavi Wipes	Diisobutylphenoxyethoxethyl dimethyl Isopropyl alcohol 17.2% Inert ingredients 82.5%
Isopropyl Alcohol	Up to 100% Isopropyl Alcohol
Ethanol	Up to 100% Ethanol
Bacillol 30 or Bacillol Wipes (For CE countries only)	Ethanol Propan-2-ol Propan-1-ol n-alkyl-aminopropyl-glycine

18.2. Inspection

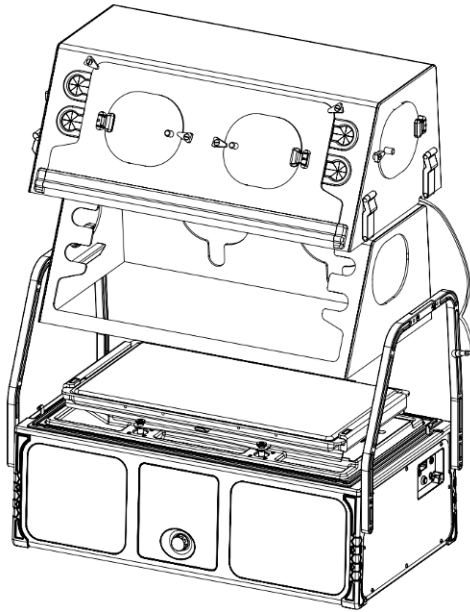
After cleaning and disinfection, always inspect the cleaned area for thoroughness. If the device doesn't appear adequately clean, repeat the cleaning process.

Disassembling the Incubator

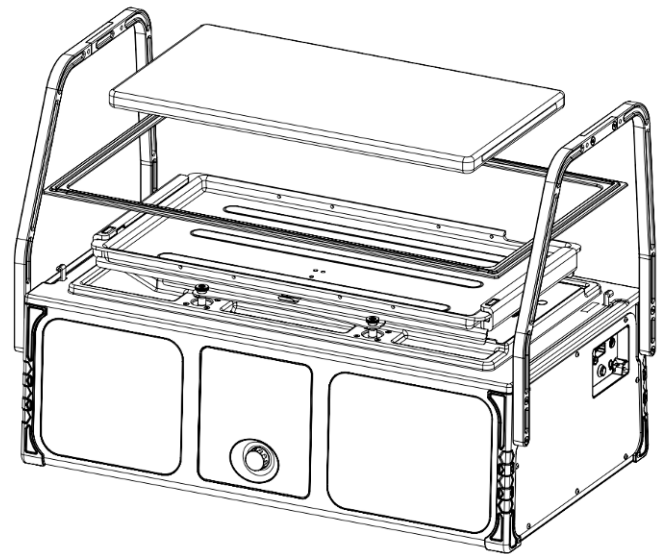


1. Remove all external cables and, if applicable, pull pins (4) to remove shelf.

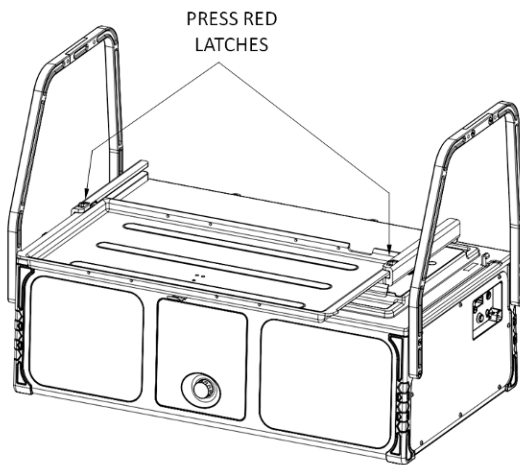
2. Disengage chamber latches (4) and disconnect the light bar.



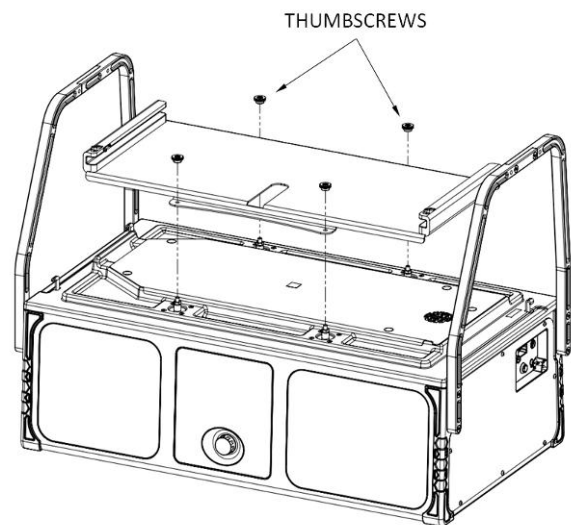
3. Carefully remove the infant chamber and separate each piece (inner & outer) on a stable surface.



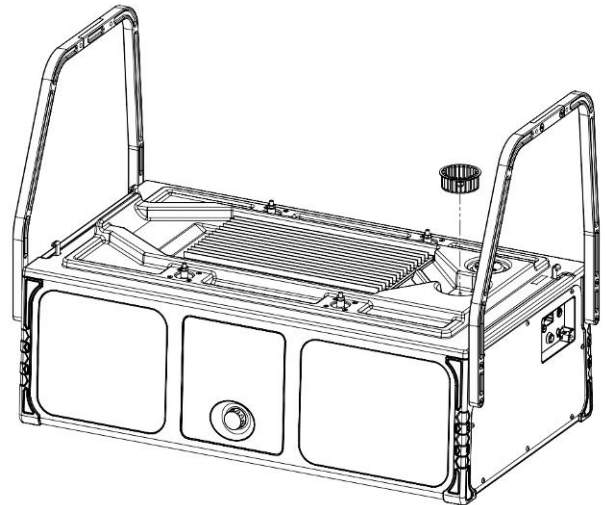
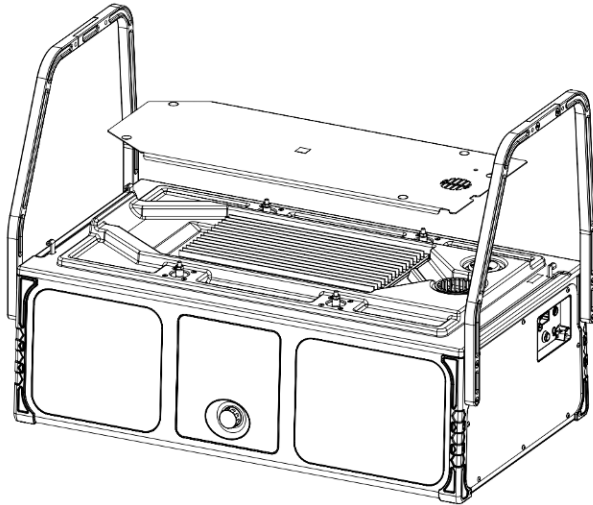
4. Remove infant mattress and chamber gasket.



5. Slide out the patient tray and depress red latches (2) to release and remove the tray.



6. Unscrew thumb screws (4) and remove the patient support tray.



<p>7. Remove airflow cover plate.</p>	<p>8. Remove airflow impeller.</p>
<p>9. Once disassembled, thoroughly clean all surfaces with approved cleaning solutions specified above. After the use of cleaning solutions, wipe down all surfaces with a damp cloth.</p>	<p>10. Once all of the components are clean and dry, reverse the steps to reassemble the airflow tray and chamber. Check each component for damage and ensure the impeller spins freely after installation.</p>

18.3. Cleaning of Oxygen Sensor (Optional Equipment)

When cleaning or disinfecting the oxygen sensor, take appropriate care to prevent any solution from entering the sensor end or the connector end. The oxygen sensor may be cleaned using a mild detergent and moist cloth and disinfected using standard topical disinfectants.

18.4. Cleaning of Cables (Optional Equipment)

Wipe the oxygen sensor cable and the pulse oximeter patient cable lightly with a soft dry cloth between uses.

18.5. Cleaning of Patient Temperature Probes

Wipe the reusable skin temperature probe lightly with a soft dry cloth between uses. Wipe and disinfect the heat-sensing portion with a soft cloth dampened with a recommended disinfectant solution.

After disinfection, wipe the skin temp probe with a clean damp cloth to remove residual disinfectant.

18.6. Cleaning of Pulse Ox Sensor (Optional Equipment)

The provided sensors are disposable and should only be reused on the same patient if the adhesive still adheres to the skin and the detector window is clear. Otherwise, properly dispose of the sensor. For reusable sensors, see the manufacturer's cleaning instructions.

18.7. Cleaning of Mattress/Heated Mattress

Visually inspect the inside of the mattress for contamination and discontinue use if internal contamination is found. If the cover is torn or damaged, discontinue use and contact your International Biomedical representative.

Use a soft clean cloth and a disinfectant solution for cleaning and disinfection. After each infant use, follow the hospital's infection control procedures for equipment disinfection. Wipe down the surfaces of the device with a soft cloth dampened with a recommended disinfectant solution. Always follow the cleaning solution-manufacturer's direction for use. Dry all surfaces with a soft cloth to remove any cleaner residue.

18.8. Cleaning of Suction

After each use, clean and disinfect the suction device as required. Replace the single use Suction Canister. Replace vacuum tubing between the Suction Canister and patient.

19. PREVENTATIVE MAINTENANCE

19.1. Introduction

To ensure proper operation, standby readiness, and malfunction reporting, International Biomedical recommends following a preventative maintenance program. The daily preventative maintenance procedures can be performed by a knowledgeable clinician. Maintenance procedures (detailed in this manual) should be performed by an appropriately trained biomedical maintenance technician. No other preventative maintenance is required.

19.2. Pre-Use Checkout

The following Checkout should be performed prior to each use by knowledgeable operator or service personnel.

19.2.1. **Operational Check**

1. Check the AC power cord and ensure that there are no cuts or severe bends in the cord, that all prongs on the plug are in good condition, and that the cord is securely fastened in place. Replace the cord as needed.
2. With the Transport Incubator connected to AC power, press the wheel (**Figure 3-1**, item 2) to turn the Transport Incubator on. The Transport Incubator will perform a Power On Self-Test and test the audible alarm. Ensure the Power On Self-Test progress bar is displayed, and that the audible alarm can be heard. Verify the AC power icon and battery power icon is displayed in the upper left hand corner after completion of the test.
3. Ensure the Power On Self-Test Results, under the message center, shows PASSED.
4. Place a hand inside the left side of the infant chamber and verify air flow. The fan should be able to be heard at the right side of the Transport Incubator.
5. Disconnect the AC power connection from the Transport Incubator and observe that the battery icon and battery percentage is displayed in the upper left hand corner. Verify the battery is adequately charged for the transport.
6. Confirm that the Main screen displays the infant chamber air temperature.

7. If external DC power is to be used, check the DC power cord and ensure that it has no cuts or severe bends and that the connectors have not been damaged.
8. Turn on the suction device (if applicable) and ensure it operates. Turn off the suction device.
9. Inspect the mattress and positioning straps for damage. Repair or replace as needed.

19.2.2. **Infant Chamber Check**

1. Ensure that the infant chamber is free from cracks.
2. Ensure that the gasket between the chambers and airflow tray is in place. Check that the grommets in the tubing through-holes on the infant chamber are also in place.
3. Ensure that the infant chamber is secured to the Transport Incubator with the two latches on both ends of the infant chamber.
4. Ensure that the infant chamber is clean and ready for transport.

19.2.3. **Mattress Tray Check**

1. Ensure that the impeller spins freely without dragging.
2. The magnetic heatsink cover is present and undamaged.
3. Four bolts that hold down heatsink and airflow tray are present.
4. No old humidity sponges are left hidden under magnetic cover.
5. All four mattress tray knobs are present and hand-tight.
6. Mattress tray front center release lever retains the mattress tray.
7. Two mattress tray ejection levers prevent complete removal of tray without user action.

19.2.4. **Light Bar**

1. Turn the Incubator ON and then turn on the observation light. By looking at a reflection of the LEDs, verify that all six white LEDs are illuminated. If they are not, check that the intensity level is high enough to adequately view the patient.
2. Turn ON the Phototherapy. By looking at the reflection of the LEDs, verify that all nine blue LEDs are illuminated. If they are not, have the light bar checked by a qualified biomedical technician.
3. Inspect the power cable for wear or damage and replace if necessary. Verify that the cable is routed appropriately and not pinched at any point.

19.2.5. **Accessories**

1. Test operation of other accessories as indicated by manufacturer's recommendations.

19.2.6. **Sensors and Cables**

1. Inspect the oxygen sensor and the pulse oximeter sensor for damage. Replace, if necessary.
2. Inspect the temperature probe cables, heated mattress cable, oxygen sensor cable, and pulse oximeter cable for wear or damage. Replace, if necessary.

19.3. Monthly Maintenance

Monthly maintenance should be performed by a biomedical maintenance person, or trained designee.

19.3.1. **Infant Chamber Inspection and Cleaning**

1. Carefully inspect the infant chamber for cracks and crazing of the Plexiglas.
2. Check all screws and knobs for tightness. Do not overtighten the infant chamber screws.
3. Clean chamber using only the solutions specified in the manual.

19.3.2. **Air Flow System Inspection and Cleaning**

Follow the procedure outlined in Section 18. of this manual.

19.3.3. **Phototherapy**

Check irradiance intensity monthly with a calibrated meter to ensure the light is outputting correctly, such as the ILT Light Meter.

19.4. Annual Maintenance

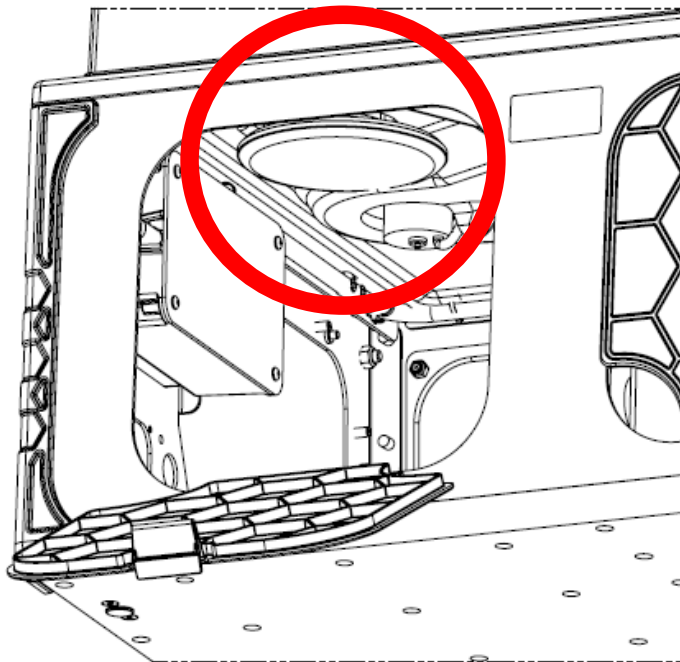
Annual maintenance should be performed by a biomedical maintenance person, or trained designee. Refer to the following for suggested annual maintenance procedures.

19.4.1. **Alarm Verification**

Perform the alarm verification procedure outlined in this manual at least annually.

19.4.2. Airflow Tray Filter Replacement

1. Replace the airflow tray filter annually or when visibly dirty.
2. The filter is located behind the right, rear door.



3. No tools are necessary to replace filter, turn filter counterclockwise to release and clockwise to install.

19.4.3. Suction Module Functional Check

1. Check the suction power cable and ensure that there are no cuts or severe bends, that the sockets on the cable and prongs on the receptacle are in good condition, and that the cord is securely fastened in place. Replace the cable as needed.
2. Replace the vacuum filter.
3. Turn on the suction device.
4. Ensure that you hear the pump running and that a vacuum pressure is being displayed in mmHg on the display.
5. Rotate the wheel counter-clockwise and ensure that the displayed pressure decreases. Then, rotate the wheel clockwise and ensure that the displayed pressure increases. Temporarily occlude the tubing to display pressure.
6. Set the suction pressure to the maximum value by turning the wheel clockwise until the pressure is no longer increasing. Temporarily occlude the tubing to display pressure.
7. Ensure that this maximum pressure is between 108 and 163 mmHg.
8. With the system still set to this maximum value, attach the tube to a flowmeter and ensure that the system is obtaining at least 7.5 LPM of flow.

19.5. Battery Maintenance

If the Transport Incubator is not to be used for an extended period of time, or during storage or transport, disconnect and remove the battery. After use or complete discharge, immediately recharge the battery. If not regularly used or maintained on charge, the battery should be recharged on a monthly basis to prevent battery degradation. The life of the battery is dependent on the number and depth of discharge cycles. At the end of the battery's life, it must be recycled or disposed of properly. Accessory equipment may also contain batteries which must be properly cared for. Consult the accessory equipment operator's manuals for instructions.

19.5.1. **Battery Removal**

This section details the procedure to be followed to remove and replace the battery. Due to the weight of the battery and limited working area, exercise caution when inserting / removing battery to avoid damage to cables.

1. Ensure incubator is powered off.
2. Ensure all external power has been removed.
3. Open center rear compartment.
4. Loosen the two bolts securing the upper battery bracket and remove.
5. Open rear left and rear right compartment doors. Locate and loosen the two screws holding the lower battery bracket and remove or slide out of the way.
6. Remove the negative lead from the battery terminal. If necessary, the battery may be carefully lifted or tilted to allow better access to the terminal.
7. Remove the positive lead from the battery terminal. If necessary, the battery may be carefully lifted or tilted to allow better access to the terminal.
8. The battery can now be carefully removed.

19.6. Calibration Schedule

Feature	Calibration Frequency
Fuel Gauge (Battery capacity)	Annually (or if Fuel Gauge accuracy is in question) Replace battery if the approximate battery capacity is 7 Ah or lower.
Heater	Annually (or if Chamber temperature accuracy is in question) See Section 5.5.
Oxygen	Weekly - single point calibration (See Section 13.2.1.)
Phototherapy light	Monthly - Irradiance Verification (See Section 17.2.)
Suction	Annual functional check (See Section 19.4.3.)

19.7. Phototherapy Light Lifetime Indicator

When the red phototherapy lifetime indicator on the light bar is illuminated, the blue LEDs have exceeded their 39,000 hour limit and it is time to replace the light bar. Nine blue LEDs are used for the Phototherapy. If one or more of these LEDs goes out, the intensity should immediately be checked and the light bar should be replaced.

20. TROUBLESHOOTING

The following list describes the most common issues that arise through use of the Transport Incubator and the suggested corrective actions. If further assistance is needed, refer to this manual or contact International Biomedical.


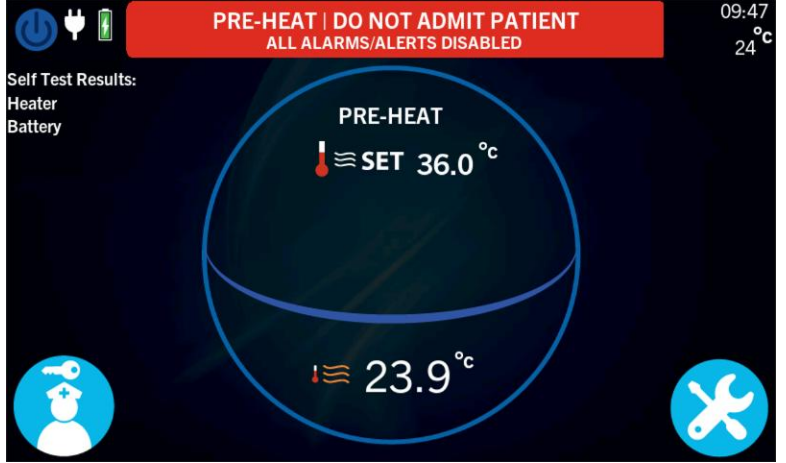

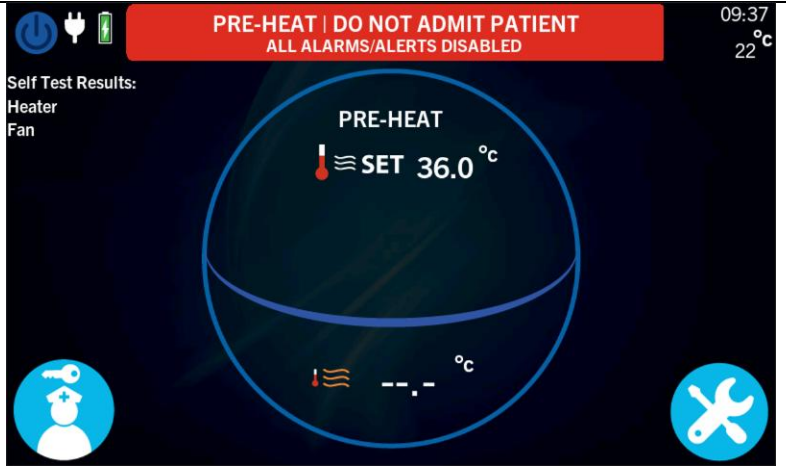
20.1. General

Trouble	Action to Take
Why will the Transport Incubator not turn on?	The battery could be completely depleted. Connect device to external AC or DC and try again.
Why does the focus not appear where I touched?	If the focus has disappeared, it will reappear at its last location when the screen has been touched.
Why do the phototherapy, heated mattress, and suction not turn on when touched?	The thermal menu must be opened before the phototherapy, heated mattress, and suction icons can be accessed.
I can hear the suction pump, why is there no suction?	a) Check lines are properly connected. b) Inspect float valve on Suction Canister. c) Filter may be clogged.
Why does the incubator fan make excessive noise?	Fan is improperly installed and rubbing on airflow tray or magnetic cover. Reinstall fan impeller.
Why does the missing battery indicator not go away when I connect the battery?	Ensure the battery is connected properly and terminals are tightened. Ensure battery fuse is good. Allow the battery to charge fully. The battery may need to be recalibrated.
Temperature values are not displaying on touchscreen.	Ensure heater cables are properly connected and that the wires are not damaged.
Why do I feel small clicks as I spin the control wheel?	This is normal operation. The clicks are from the indents in the encoder.
The control wheel comes off of the incubator.	Contact International Biomedical for replacement parts. The wheel is NOT a removable part.
Why does the battery calibration process take so long?	Battery calibration will take approximately 8 hours as it must fully discharge and recharge the battery. Calibration can be cancelled at any time to accept the manually input capacity, regardless of accuracy.
The suction pressure value does not change as I turn the wheel.	Ensure that suction tubing is connected properly. Occlude the tube as you turn the wheel.
I plugged in the light bar, and I could turn the observation lights on but not phototherapy.	With the light bar still plugged in, restart the incubator.

20.2. Power On Self-Test



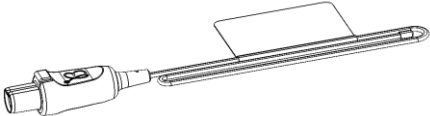

Error Reported	Action to Take
Accelerometer	Reset the Transport Incubator.
Ambient	Reset the Transport Incubator.
Battery	Perform Fuel Gauge calibration in the service menu.
Battery Depleted	Recharge Battery
Battery Under Volt	Check Battery Fuse and Battery Voltage, Recharge Battery with External Charger if under 9V
Buzzer	Reset the Transport Incubator.
Clock	Set the device's clock in the administrator or service menu.
Control Com	Reset the Transport Incubator.
Fan	Reset the Transport Incubator. Check Fan if needed.
GPIO	Reset the Transport Incubator.
Heater	Reset the Transport Incubator. Check Heater fuse and cables if needed.
Heater Com	Reset the Transport Incubator. Check Heater cables if needed.
Light Bar	Ensure the light bar cable is connected or disable Phototherapy in the administrator menu.
Mattress	Ensure the heated mattress is connected or disable the heated mattress in the administrator menu.
O ₂	Ensure the O ₂ cable is connected or disable O ₂ in the administrator menu.
Patient	Replace the T1 patient probe.
Power	Reset the Transport Incubator.
Pressure	Reset the Transport Incubator.
RAM	Reset the Transport Incubator.
Reboot Required	Reset the Transport Incubator.
ROM	Reset the Transport Incubator.
SD Card	Reset the Transport Incubator.
Speaker	Reset the Transport Incubator.
SpO ₂	Ensure the SpO ₂ cable is connected or disable SpO ₂ in the administrator menu.
Suction	Ensure the suction module is connected or disable suction in the administrator menu.
Touch Screen	Reset the Transport Incubator.
USB	Reset the Transport Incubator.
Wheel	Reset the Transport Incubator.

20.2.1. Power on Self-Test Images

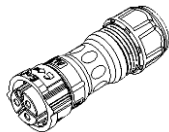
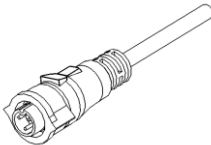
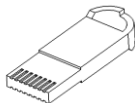
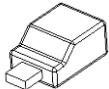
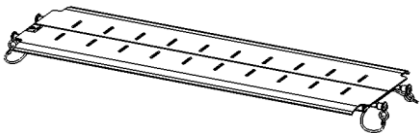
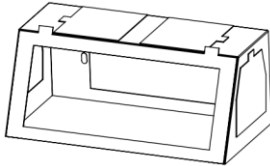
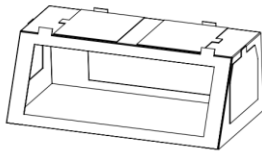
Error Reported	Example
Heater <div style="text-align: right; margin-right: 20px;">  </div>	
Fan <div style="text-align: right; margin-right: 20px;">  </div>	

21. ACCESSORIES




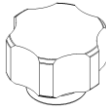

The following International Biomedical accessories are available for use with the NxtGen Transport Incubator.

Name		
Patient Temperature Adapter Cable (T1) (For use with 700-3401 Temp Sensors)		739-1611
Patient Temperature Probe - Disposable (T1) (For use with 739-1611 Adapter)		700-3401 (Box 30)
Patient Temperature Probe - Reusable (T1) (Standalone reusable)		739-1603
Secondary Patient Temp Probe (T2)		700-3409


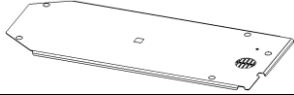
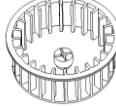
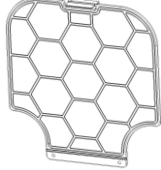
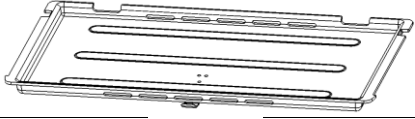
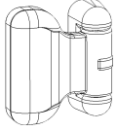
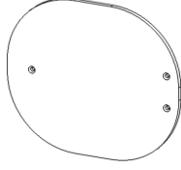
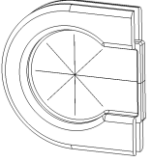
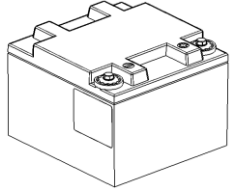
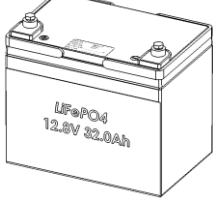
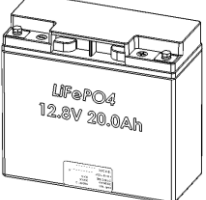
Name		
SpO ₂ LNCS Patient Cable, 10 ft (Masimo)		711-0022
SpO ₂ DOC-10 Patient Cable (Nellcor)		711-1920
Observation + Phototherapy Light		387-0056
Observation Lights		387-0057
Phototherapy Light Meter		736-0001
Phototherapy Eye Shield, Small		731-0372
Oxygen Sensor		700-0300
Oxygen Monitor Sensor Cable		711-1860
Pressure Diffusing Mattress		731-0327
Heated Mattress		738-2411
Humidity Sponges (Up to 6)		738-2374
Suction Disposables: Filter (as required) Canister 18" Vacuum Tube (not shown) 72" Vacuum Tube (not shown)		738-1657 738-1701 738-1702 738-2355

Name		
DC Input Connector (Customer must wire)		738-2481
DC Output cable, 1 m		738-2482
Data Token		738-2404
Data Token Reader		738-2405
Shelf Assembly (Two non-flush High Handles Required)		738-2477
Thermal Cover, XL Chamber		738-2412-1
Thermal Cover, Low Profile Chamber		738-2414-1

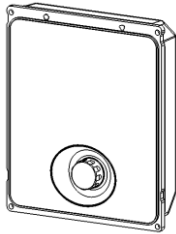
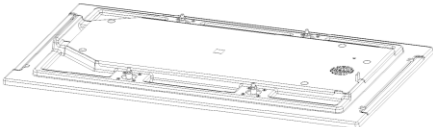
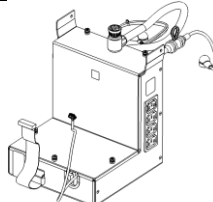
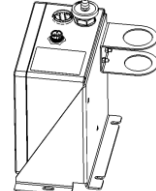
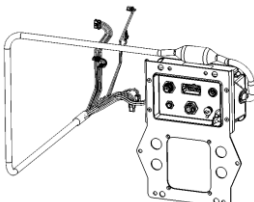
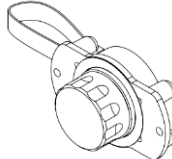
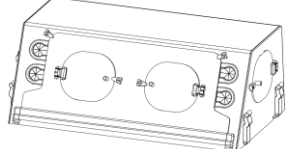
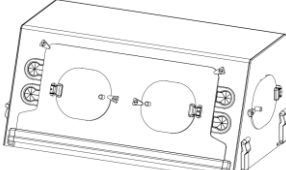
Contact your provider or International Biomedical representative for the latest accessories list for the NxtGen Transport Incubator.

Serviceable and Replacement Parts		
AC Input Fuse, 5×20 mm, Fast Acting, 250 V, 10 A (2 per device)		738-2384
DC Fuse, 3 AG, 32 V, 20 A, Fast Blow (2 per device)		241-0041
Knob Lanyard (4 per device)		738-2496
Mattress Tray Knob (4 per device)		738-2497
Chamber Gasket		738-2055

Serviceable and Replacement Parts

Chamber Filter		738-2291
Airflow Tray Cover Panel Assembly		738-2529
Fan, Impeller-CCW, Black		738-2155
Rear Doors (3 per device)		738-2165-1 (Standard) 738-2165-2 (Aviation)
Mattress Tray, With Lever		738-2539
Chamber Hinge Kit (Set of 6)		317-0052
Port Door (6 per chamber) (No hinge, handle, or fasteners)		738-1988-1 (Standard) 738-1998-2 (Aviation)
Chamber Grommet Kit (Set of 6)		317-0034
SLA Battery, 12 V, 26 Ah (may replace device with SLA only)		888-0071
LiFePO ₄ Battery, 12.8 V, 32.0 Ah (may replace device with LiFePO ₄ only)		888-0015
LiFePO ₄ Battery, 12.8 V, 20.0 Ah (may replace device with LiFePO ₄ only)		888-0016

Serviceable and Replacement Parts

<p>Touch Screen Assembly *contact customer service to coordinate SD card transfer</p>		<p>738-2151</p>
<p>Complete Airflow Tray Assembly</p>		<p>738-2575</p>
<p>Power Module</p>		<p>738-2533</p>
<p>Suction Module Assembly (Module only)</p>		<p>738-2134</p>
<p>Connector Bay Option *Contact customer service for assistance</p>		<p>738-2433-X</p>
<p>Encoder Knob Replacement Kit</p>		<p>723-0009</p>
<p>Low Profile Chamber</p>		<p>738-1999-1 (Standard) 738-1999-2 (Aviation)</p>
<p>XL Chamber</p>		<p>738-2205-1 (Standard) 738-2205-2 (Aviation)</p>

For general incubator assistance or for parts and accessories, contact:

International Biomedical
8206 Cross Park Drive
Austin, TX 78754
512-873-0033
www.int-bio.com

For information on Masimo pulse oximeter sensors and cables, contact:

Masimo Corporation
52 Discovery
Irvine, CA 92618
949-297-7000
www.masimo.com

For information on Nellcor pulse oximeter sensors and cables, contact:

Covidien
6135 Gunbarrel Avenue
Boulder, CO 80301
800-635-5267 or 303-530-2300
www.nellcor.com

22. INTERNAL COMPONENT ACCESS

This section contains procedures for accessing and removing components from the incubator chassis.

WARNING: **SERVICE ONLY BY QUALIFIED PERSONNEL:** The incubator should be serviced only by qualified personnel in the Electronics Maintenance or Biomedical Engineering Department within the hospital or by International Biomedical Personnel.

WARNING: **HIGH VOLTAGES:** Dangerous voltages may be contained on circuitry internal to the unit. Maintenance should be performed by qualified personnel only.

CAUTION: The incubator electronics contain static sensitive components that can be damaged by improper handling. Use approved grounding techniques for work areas and service personnel.

NOTE: *Servicing the transport incubator requires special equipment and tools. Do not attempt to service the transport incubator without proper equipment.*

Recommended Tools for Servicing or Replacing Most Components

2.5 mm Hex Driver

3 mm Hex Driver

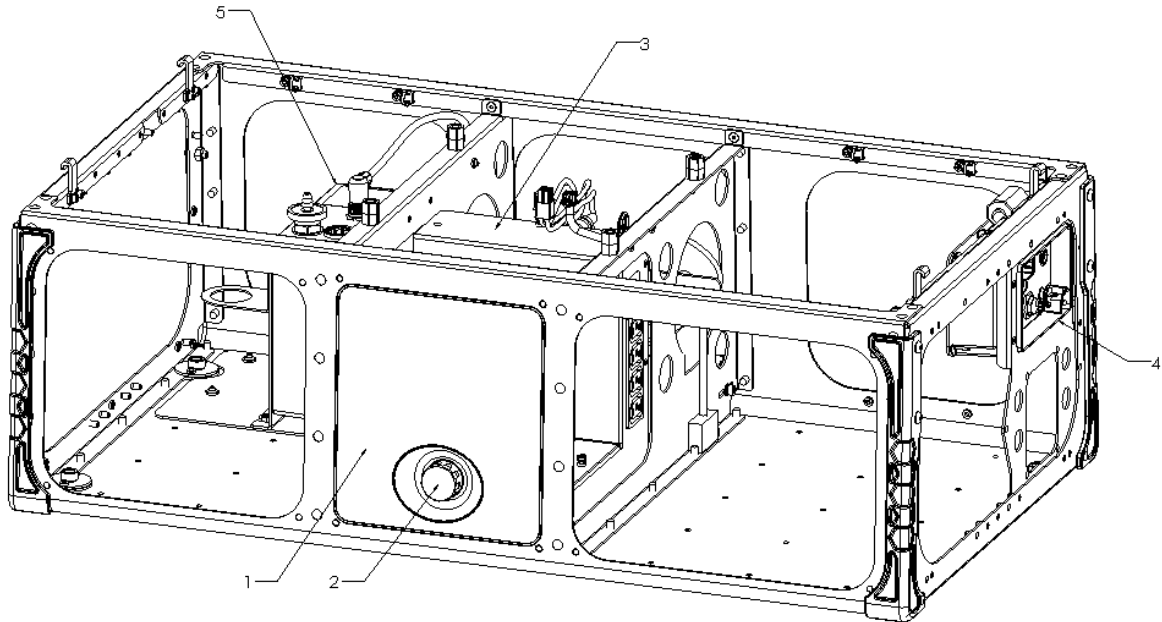
4 mm Hex Driver

8 mm Socket

10 mm Socket

Torx T15

22.1. Electronics Location and Description

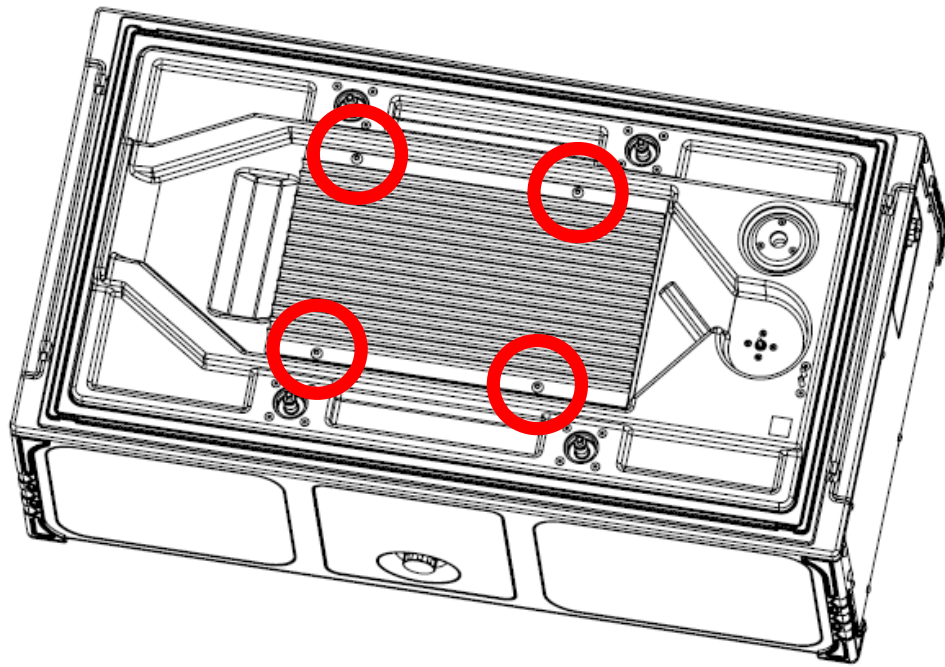


Number	Description
1	Touch Screen Assembly - Knob Assembly, Touch Screen, Control PCBA, Colored Ring PCBA, Speaker Assembly
2	Knob Assembly - Control Knob, Encoder
3	Power Module - Power PCBA, Power Supply, Power Inputs/Outputs, MSOs, Fuses
4	Connector Bay - PulseOx PCBA (optional equipment), Patient Connectors, Temperature Port PCBA, Connector Bay Lights
5	Suction - Suction PCBA, Suction Pump, Stepper Motor

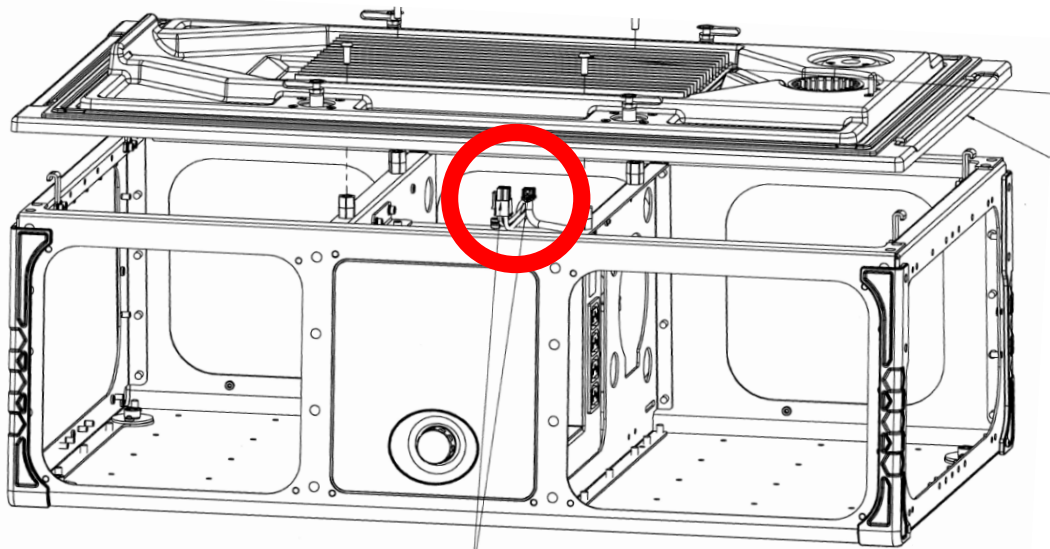
22.2. Electronics Compartment Access

This section details the procedure to be followed to gain access to the electronics compartment of the incubator.

1. Power off the incubator and unplug any power cables.
2. Disconnect the battery.
3. Disassemble the incubator, following steps 1 through 7 detailed in Section 18.2.
4. Remove the four screws from the heatsink.



5. Gently lift the airflow tray off of the incubator chassis to expose the two cables beneath, and unplug the two cables before completely removing the airflow tray.



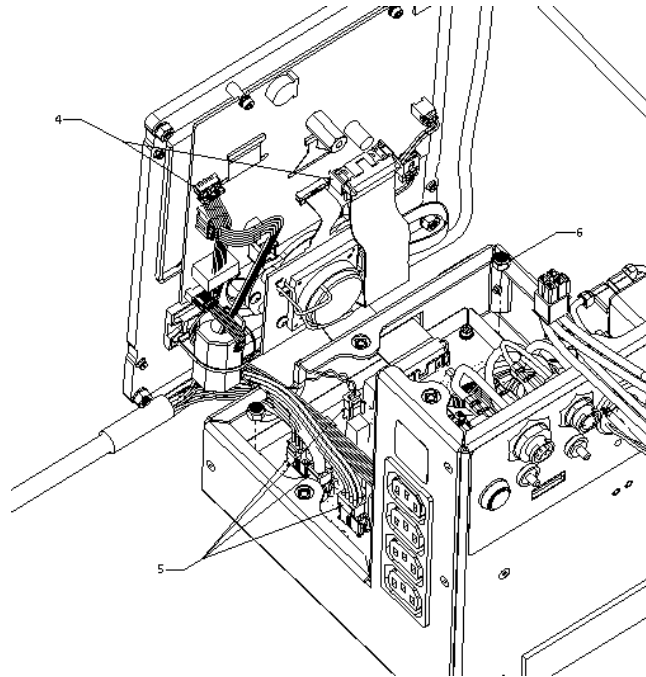
PLUG CABLES INTO HEATER PCBA
UPON AIRFLOW TRAY INSTALLATION

6. The airflow tray assembly can now be completely removed.

22.3. Power Module Removal

This section details the procedure to remove the power module assembly. The procedure to gain access to the electronics compartment must be followed before beginning this procedure.

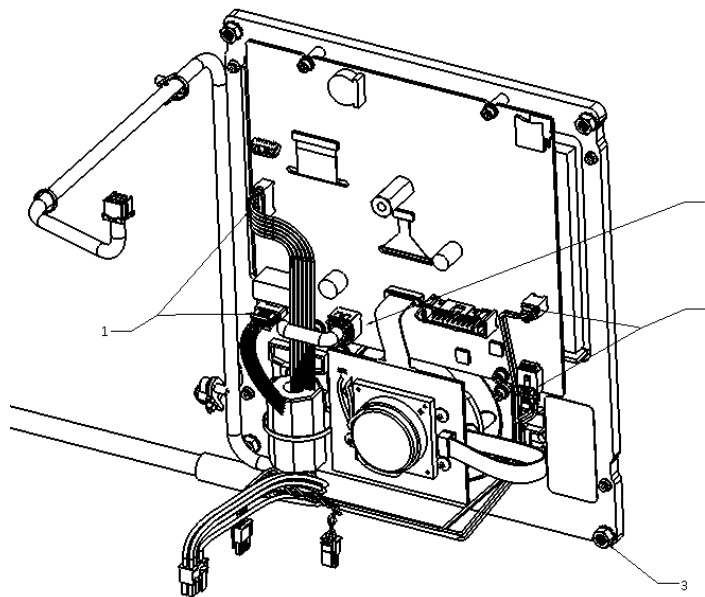
1. Remove the screws that secure the power module to the interior walls of the chassis.
2. Unscrew the screws that secure the power box lid to the power module and remove the lid.
3. Unscrew the thumb screw on the touchscreen dust cover and remove the cover.
4. On the control board, disconnect the two cables that run from the power board to the control board.
 - a. Cut the cable tie that is secured around the larger ferrite, and then open the hinged ferrite to free one of these two cables.
 - b. Cut additional cable ties as necessary.
5. On the power board, disconnect all cables that come from the connector bay as well as the suction cable.
6. Remove the four nuts from the bottom of the power module and remove the entire power module assembly from the chassis.



22.4. Touch Screen Assembly Removal

This section details the procedure to remove the control module assembly. The procedures to gain access to the electronics compartment and to remove the power module must be followed before beginning this procedure.

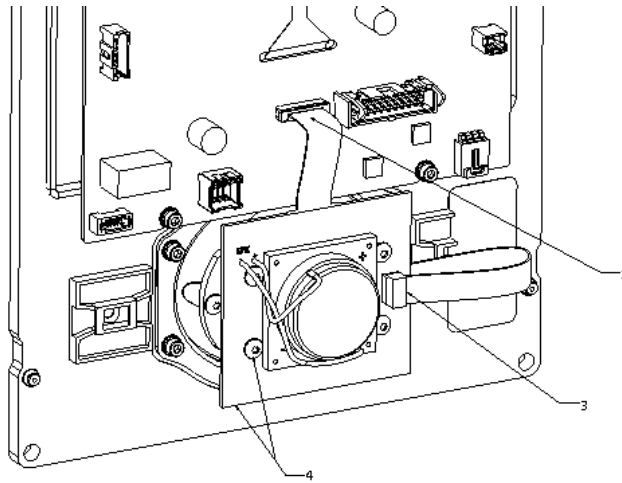
1. Disconnect all of the cables that come from the connector bay.
 - a. Cut the remaining cable tie that is secured around the smaller ferrite and open the hinged ferrite to free the cables.
 - b. Cut additional cable ties as necessary.
2. Disconnect cable that goes from control board to the airflow tray.
3. Remove the four nuts that attach the touch screen to the chassis, and remove the entire touch screen assembly.



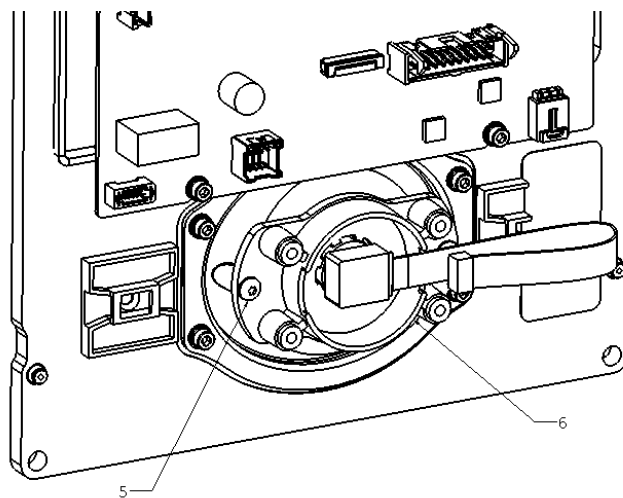
22.5. Knob Assembly Removal

This section details the procedure to remove the knob assembly. The procedure to gain access to the electronics compartment must be followed before beginning this procedure.

1. Follow the steps detailed in Section 22.3. to remove the touchscreen dust cover.
2. Unplug the speaker board connector.
 - a. lift the locking tab up to release the ribbon cable.
3. Unplug the encoder connector.
4. Remove the screws attaching the speaker board to the knob assembly and remove the speaker board.



5. Remove the screws attaching the knob assembly to the touch screen assembly.
6. Carefully pry the knob assembly off of the white plastic, oval shaped bezel.
 - a. There is a ring of double sided tape holding the knob assembly to the oval shaped bezel that must be un-stuck in order to remove the knob assembly.



22.6. Suction Removal

This section details the procedure to remove the suction module assembly. The procedure to gain access to the electronics compartment must be followed before beginning this procedure.

1. Disconnect any patient tubing from the suction module.
2. Disconnect the suction power cable from the top of the suction module.
 - a. Twist locking nut counterclockwise to release.
3. Remove the three nuts attaching the suction module to the chassis and remove the entire suction module assembly.
4. If it is necessary to remove the suction power cable from the transport incubator:
 - a. Follow the steps detailed in Section 22.3. to remove the power module lid.
 - b. Disconnect the suction cable from the power board.
 - c. Cut cable ties as necessary to free the power cable and carefully remove the cable from the incubator.

22.7. Connector Bay Removal

This section details the procedure to remove the connector bay assembly. The procedure to gain access to the electronics compartment must be followed before beginning this procedure.

1. Disconnect any patient connectors from the patient connector panel.
2. Follow the procedures detailed in Section 22.3. to remove the power module lid and touchscreen dust cover.
3. Disconnect all of the connectors coming from the connector bay cable bundle on both the control and power boards.
 - a. Cut cable ties as necessary to free cables.
4. Carefully pull the cable bundle out of the chassis.
 - a. Cut cable ties as necessary to free the bundle.
5. Remove the five nuts attaching the connector bay bracket to the chassis and remove the connector bay assembly.

22.8. PulseOx Sensor Board Removal (Optional Equipment)

This section details the procedure to remove the Pulse Ox sensor board. The procedure to gain access to the electronics compartment must be followed before beginning this procedure.

1. Disconnect any patient connectors from the patient connector panel.
2. Remove the connector bay lid by removing the four plastite screws from the back of the connector bay.
3. **If Masimo PulseOx Sensor is present:**
 - a. Remove the three plastite screws that attach the pulse ox sensor board to the connector bay.
 - b. Gently remove the board to expose the cable connections on the underside.

- c. Disconnect both cables and remove the board.
 - d. Remove the ribbon cable from the connector bay by unscrewing the two screws mounting it to the front of the connector bay.
4. **If Nellcor PulseOx Sensor is present:**
- a. Remove the three plastite screws that attach the pulse ox adapter board to the connector bay.
 - b. Gently remove the board to expose the cable connections on the underside.
 - c. Disconnect both cables and remove the board.
 - d. Remove the pulse ox sensor board from the connector by gently sliding it out from its seated position and disconnect the flex cable from the board.
 - e. Remove the flex cable from the connector bay by unscrewing the two screws mounting it to the front of the connector bay.

22.9. Auxiliary Medical Devices

The procedure to gain access to the electronics compartment must be followed before removing auxiliary medical devices.

1. If applicable, disconnect any power connections to the medical device.
2. If applicable, disconnect any tubing or patient connections from the medical device.
3. Generally, auxiliary medical devices are attached to the base of the chassis by a sheet metal plate and fasteners, such as nuts or screws.
4. Disconnect the nuts or screws as necessary and then carefully remove the medical device from the chassis.

23. **REPAIR POLICY**

Warranty repair and service should be performed by a qualified International Biomedical Representative. Contact a qualified representative by calling technical support at 1-512-873-0033.

Do not use malfunctioning equipment, including equipment that does not pass the check-out procedure. Refer to Section 21 for a list of service parts and other sections in this manual for instructions on how to service and calibrate the unit. After service, follow the check-out procedures prior to returning the device to service.

24. WARRANTY

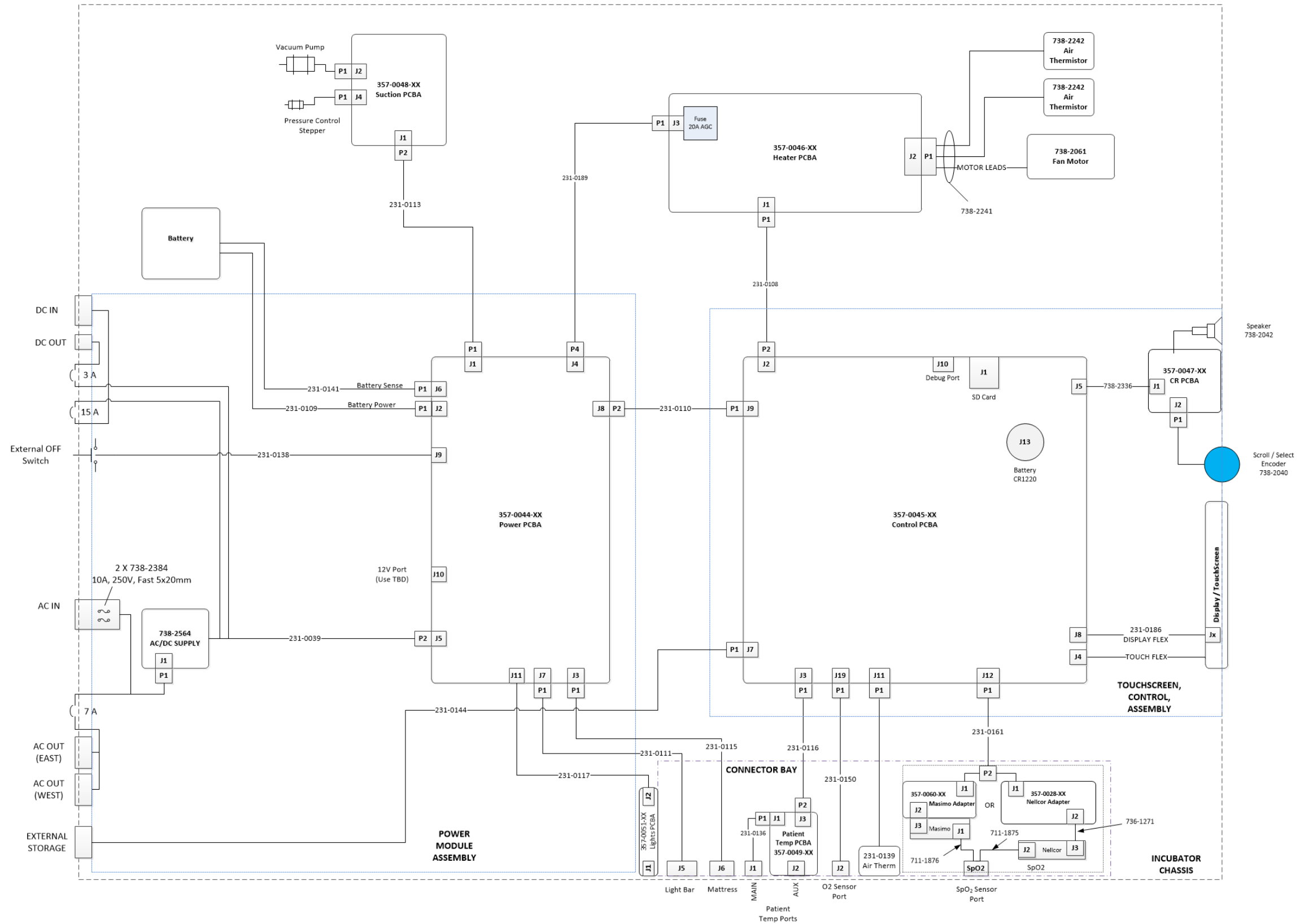
Unless otherwise specified, International Biomedical warrants all products of its manufacture at the time of shipment to be free from defects of material and workmanship for a period of twelve months from the date of shipment when owned by the original purchaser. Any product which is believed to be defective, if returned within twelve months after date of shipment by the Company with freight prepaid and found by the Company's inspection to be defective within the terms of this warranty, will be repaired or replaced free of charge and shipped, freight prepaid, to any point in the United States. If inspection by the Company of any such product does not disclose any defect within the terms of this warranty, the Company's regular charges for repairs or replacement and freight shall apply. All consumable and disposable products are guaranteed to be free from defects upon shipment only. The warranty period for batteries is limited to 90 days from date of shipment. This warranty specifically excludes and replaces all other express and implied warranties. The Company shall have no liability under any warranty in any amount greater than the Company receives for the sale of the product involved. The use and manner of use of the Company's products shall be the responsibility of the purchaser and the purchaser covenants and agrees to indemnify and save harmless the Company in respect to any loss and damage that may arise through the use by the purchaser, or others, of any of the Company's products.

This warranty is rendered void and International Biomedical cannot be held liable for conditions resultant therefrom if:

1. Damage to the unit is incurred as a result of mishandling.
2. The customer fails to maintain the unit in a proper manner.
3. The customer uses any parts, accessories, or fittings not specified or sold by International Biomedical.
4. Sale or Service is performed by a non-certified service / dealer agency or any other unauthorized agency.

All shipping claims must be made within 30 days from date of shipment from International Biomedical, otherwise factory will not be liable for claims of missing items. Any item ordered in error and returned to the factory for credit, will be subject to a minimum restocking charge of 15%. Requests for returning items must be made within 30 days of factory shipment date. International Biomedical will accept no returned goods without a Returned Material Authorization number (RMA) obtained from Customer Service Department.

25. **SCHEMATICS**
Interconnect Diagram



Appendix A Specifications

Operating, Storage, and Transport Environment

Storage:	
Temperature	-25° C to 60° C (Remove battery prior to transport or storage. Allow incubator to stabilize at room temperature for at least 4 hours after storage.)
Humidity	5% to 95% non-condensing
Pressure	50 kPa to 110 kPa
Transient Operating:	
Temperature	-20° C to 50° C
Humidity	5% to 95% non-condensing
Pressure	70 kPa to 110 kPa
Operational:	
Temperature	15° C to 40° C
Humidity	5% to 95% non-condensing
Pressure	70 kPa to 110 kPa

General Mechanical Specifications

	Height inches (cm)	Width inches (cm)	Depth inches (cm)	Weight lbs. (kg)
Incubator without infant chamber or handles	10.7 (27.2)	32.1 (81.5)	18.4 (40.5)	65 (29.5)
Low Profile Infant Chamber	11.3 (28.7)	30 (76.2)	16.7 (42.4)	18.9 (8.6)
XL Infant Chamber	13.3 (33.8)	30 (76.2)	16.7 (42.4)	21.1 (9.6)

Item	Dimensions (Inches)	Dimensions (Centimeters)
Mattress dimensions	12.5 × 24 × 1 in	31.8 × 61.0 × 2.5 cm
Infant Vertical Clearance:		
Low Profile Chamber	7.5 in	19.0 cm
XL Chamber	9.5 in	24.1 cm
Front Access Door with 2 hand ports:		
Low Profile Chamber	10.3 in H × 22.5 in W	26.1 cm H × 57.2 cm W
XL Chamber	11.6 in H × 22.5 in W	26.1 cm H × 57.2 cm W

Electrical Specifications

AC Power (Max)	100-240 VAC, 50 - 60 Hz, 2000 VA Max
AC Power (Incubator)	100-240 VAC, 50 - 60 Hz, 3 A Max
Accessory outlets (AC)	7 A Max Total, at input voltage
External DC Power Input	12-28 V, 15 A
External DC Power Output	3 A, at input voltage
Internal Battery	12 V 26 AH Sealed Lead/Acid
	12 V 32 AH Lithium Iron Phosphate
Battery Life	Approx. 200 cycles (SLA)
	1000 cycles (LiFePO4)
Nominal Battery Recharge (90%) Time	4.5 Hr. on AC, Unit Off
Nominal Battery Operation Time (SLA)	4 Hr. Chamber at 37° C Ambient 20° C
Observation Light	10 Watt Max
Phototherapy Light Option	10 Watt Max
Heated Mattress Option	22 Watt Max
Suction Option	20 Watt Max

Operational Specifications

Temperature Setpoint - Air Temp	17° C to 38.9° C, 0.1° C increments
Temperature Setpoint - Baby Temp	33.0° C to 37.5° C, 0.1° C increments
Digital Display Resolution	0.1° C
Digital Display Accuracy	± 1° C in range 15° to 40° C
Warmup Time ¹ Chamber	12 minutes ± 20%, Low Profile chamber
	16 minutes ± 20%, XL chamber
Heated Mattress Option	40° C Max
Carbon Dioxide Concentration ²	< 0.5%
Maximum Infant Weight	22 lb (10 kg)
Temperature Display update period	1 second
Alarm Volume	Max Volume - 65 dB (@3m)
	Min Volume - 50 dB (@3m)

Pulse Oximeter Specifications (Optional Feature)

Range

During No Motion Conditions	
Oxygen Saturation	1% - 100%
Pulse Rate	25-239 bpm
Perfusion Index (Masimo Only)	0.02% to 20%
During Motion Conditions	
Oxygen Saturation	1% - 100%
Pulse Rate	48-127 bpm
Perfusion Index (Masimo Only)	0.02% to 20%

¹ As determined by IEC 60601-2-20, clause 201.12.1.107. Time to rise 11° C, when control temperature is set 12° C above ambient.

² As determined by IEC 60601-2-20, clause 201.12.4.2.101. Measured 15 cm from 4% CO₂ mixture administered at rate of 750 ml/min, 10 cm above center of mattress.

Resolution

Oxygen Saturation	1%
Pulse Rate	1 bpm

Sensor Peak Wavelengths

Masimo	660 nm (red light), 905 nm (infrared light)
Nellcor	660 nm (red light), 900 nm (infrared light)

Sensor Maximum Power Output

Masimo	less than 15 mW (at 50 mA pulsed)
Nellcor	less than 15 mW

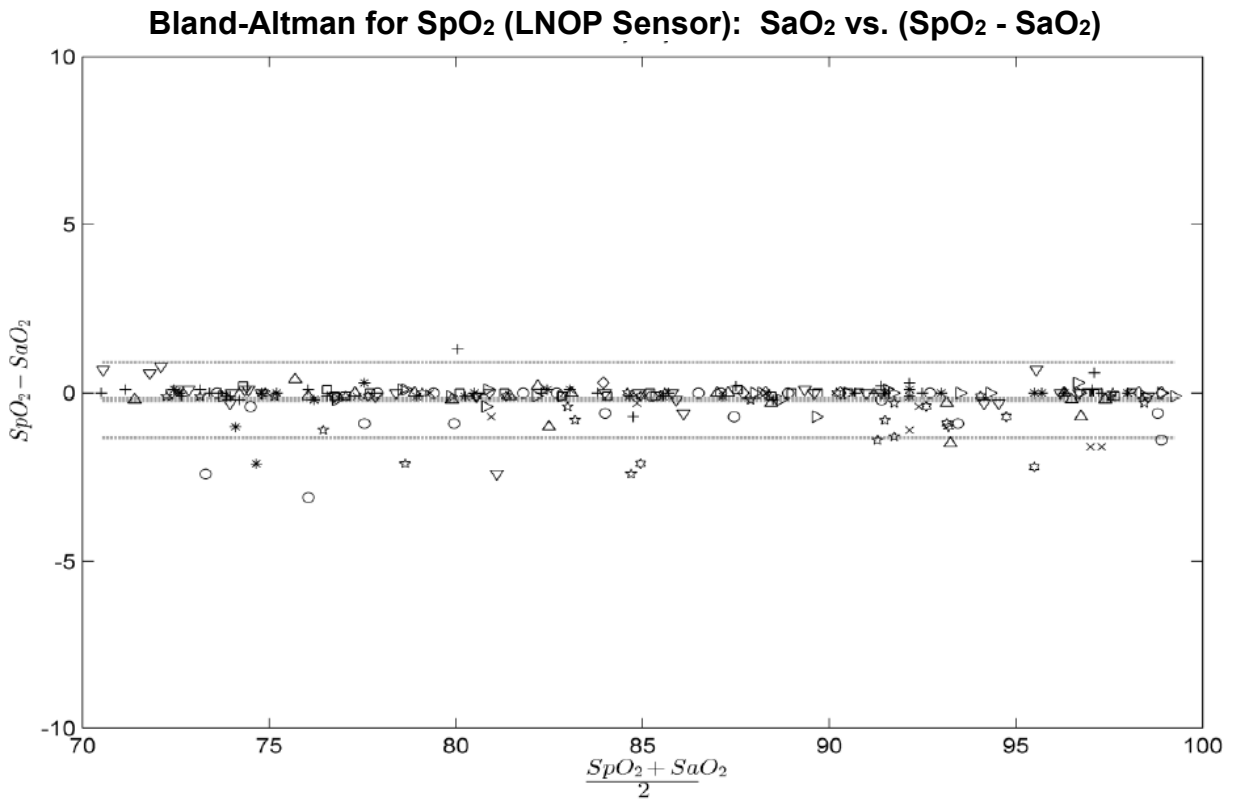
Masimo Sensor Accuracy^{3,4,5,6}

During No Motion Conditions⁷		
Oxygen Saturation - Neonates	70 - 100%	± 3%
	0 - 69%	unspecified
Oxygen Saturation - Pediatrics	70 - 100%	± 2%
	0 - 69%	unspecified
Pulse Rate - Neonates / Pediatrics ⁸	25 - 239 bpm	± 3 bpm
During Motion Conditions^{9,10}		
Oxygen Saturation - Neonates / Pediatrics	70 - 100%	± 3%
	0 - 69%	unspecified
Pulse Rate - Neonates / Pediatrics ⁸	25 - 239 bpm	± 5 bpm
Low Perfusion (where 0.02% Pulse Amplitude and % Transmission > 5%)¹¹		
Oxygen Saturation - Neonates / Pediatrics	± 2%	
Pulse Rate - Neonates / Pediatrics	± 3 bpm	

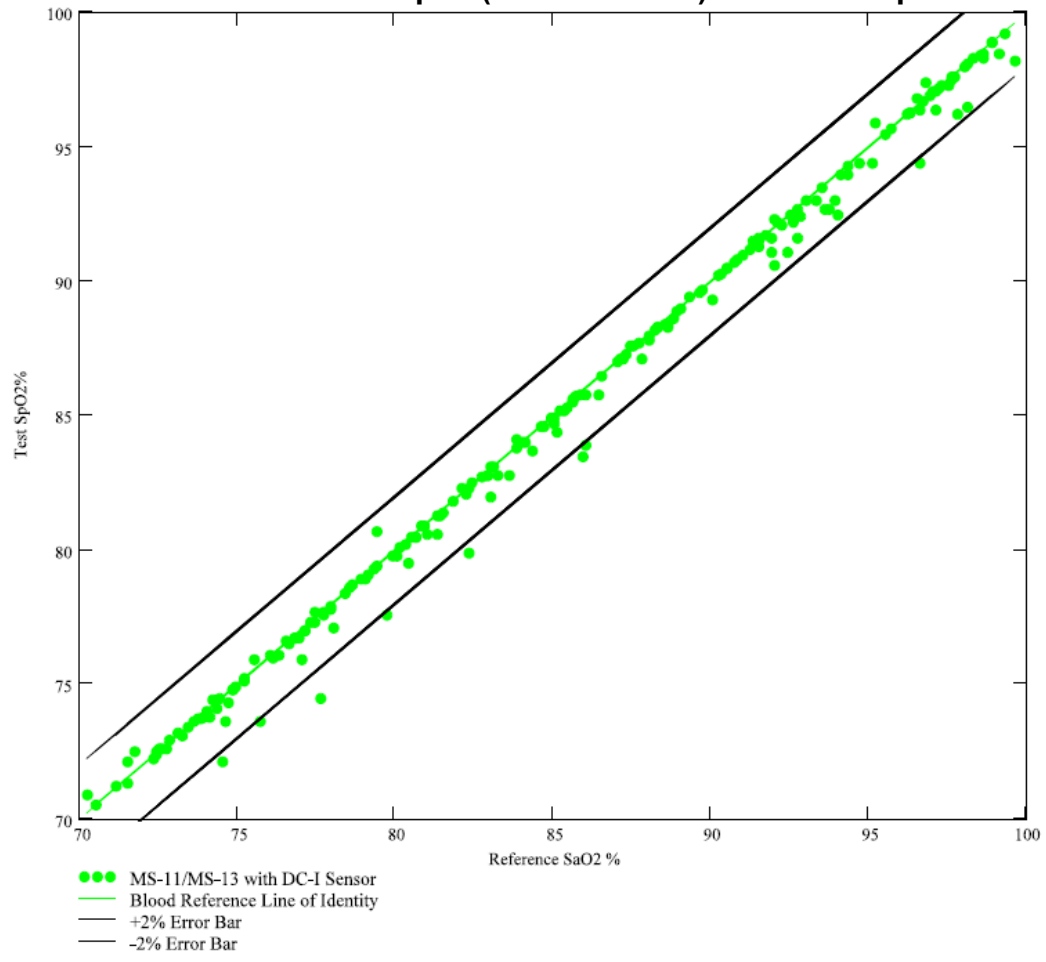
- ³ See sensor directions for use (DFU) for complete application information. Unless otherwise indicated, reposition reusable sensors at least every 4 hours and adhesive sensors at least every 8 hours.
- ⁴ Sensor accuracy specified when used with Masimo technology using a Masimo patient cable for LNOP sensors, RD SET sensors, the LNCS sensors, or the M-LNCS sensors. Numbers represent Arms (RMS error compared to the reference). Because pulse oximeter measurements are statistically distributed, only about two-thirds of the measurements can be expected to fall within a range of ± Arms compared to the reference value. Unless otherwise noted, SpO₂ accuracy is specified from 70% to 100%. Pulse rate accuracy is specified from 25 to 240 bpm.
- ⁵ Masimo M-LNCS, LNOP, RD SET, and LNCS sensor types have the same optical and electrical properties and may differ only in application type (adhesive/non-adhesive/hook & loop), cable lengths, optical component locations (top or bottom of sensor as aligned with cable), adhesive material type/size, and connector type (LNOP 8-pin modular plug, RD 15-pin modular plug, LNCS 9-pin, cable based, and M-LNCS 15-pin, cable based). All sensor accuracy information and sensor application instructions are provided with the associated sensor directions for use.
- ⁶ The measured SpO₂ accuracy values per decade are representative values applicable to the described sensor series. For measured SpO₂ accuracy values of a specific sensor, refer to the sensor instructions for use or contact the sensor manufacturer.
- ⁷ Masimo SET technology with LNCS sensors have been validated for no motion accuracy in human blood studies on healthy adult male and female volunteers with light to dark skin pigmentation in induced hypoxia studies in the range of 70-100% SpO₂ against a laboratory co-oximeter and ECG monitor. This variation equals plus or minus one standard deviation, which encompasses 68% of the population. The saturation accuracy of the neonatal sensors was validated on adult male and female volunteers with light to dark skin pigmentation and 1% was added to account for the properties of fetal hemoglobin.
- ⁸ The Masimo SET Technology with Masimo sensors has been validated for pulse rate accuracy for the range of 25-240 bpm in bench top testing against a Biotek Index 2™ simulator. This variation equals ± 1 standard deviation. Plus or minus one standard deviation encompasses 68% of the population.
- ⁹ The Masimo SET Technology with Masimo Neo sensors has been validated for neonatal motion accuracy in human blood studies on healthy male and female volunteers with light and dark skin pigmentation in induced hypoxia while performing rubbing and tapping motions, at 2 to 4 Hz at an amplitude of 1 to 2 cm and a non-repetitive motion between 1 to 5 Hz at an amplitude of 2 to 3 cm in induced hypoxia studies in the range of 70-100% SpO₂ against a laboratory CO-oximeter and ECG monitor. This variation equals ± 1 standard deviation. Plus or minus one standard deviation encompasses 68% of the population. 1% has been added to the results to account for the effects of fetal hemoglobin present in neonates.
- ¹⁰ The Masimo SET technology with Masimo sensors has been validated for motion accuracy in human blood studies on healthy adult male and female volunteers with light and dark skin pigmentation in induced hypoxia studies while performing rubbing and tapping motions, at 2 to 4 Hz at an amplitude of 1 to 2 cm and a non-repetitive motion between 1 to 5 Hz at an amplitude of 2 to 3 cm in induced hypoxia studies in the range of 70-100% SpO₂ against a laboratory CO-oximeter and ECG monitor. This variation equals ± 1 standard deviation, which encompasses 68% of the population.
- ¹¹ Masimo SET technology has been validated for low perfusion accuracy in bench top testing against a Biotek Index 2™ simulator and Masimo's simulator with signal strengths of greater than 0.02% and a transmission of greater than 5% for saturations ranging from 70 to 100%. This variation equals ± 1 standard deviation. Plus or minus one standard deviation encompasses 68% of the population.

Measured Oxygen Saturation Accuracy per Decade⁶ (M-LNCS/LNCS/LNOP YI Series)	
70 - 80%	± 0.70%
80 - 90%	± 0.50%
90 - 100%	± 0.60%
Measured Oxygen Saturation Accuracy per Decade⁶ (M-LNCS/LNCS Series)	
70 - 80%	± 0.89%
80 - 90%	± 1.44%
90 - 100%	± 1.85%

The Bland-Altman and correlation plots for Masimo sensor accuracy data are presented below. The clinical studies performed included an adequate representation of darkly pigmented test subjects to ensure accuracy in darkly pigmented patients.



Correlation Plot for SpO₂ (LNOP Sensor): SaO₂ vs. SpO₂



Nellcor Sensor Accuracy^{6,12}

During No Motion Conditions	
Oxygen Saturation - 70-100% Range ^{13,14}	± 2% (OxiMax Series)
Oxygen Saturation - 60-80% Range ^{13,15}	± 3% (OxiMax Series)
Pulse Rate ^{Error! Bookmark not defined.,15}	20 - 250 bpm ± 3 bpm
During Motion Conditions	
Oxygen Saturation - 70-100% Range ^{15,16}	± 3% (OxiMax Series)
Pulse Rate ^{15,16}	48 - 127 bpm ± 3 bpm
Low Perfusion	
Oxygen Saturation - 70-100% Range ¹⁷	± 2%
Pulse Rate ¹⁷	20 - 250 bpm ± 3 bpm
Measured Oxygen Saturation Accuracy per Decade^{Error! Bookmark not defined.} (OxiMax Series)	
70 - 79%	± 2.01%
80 - 89%	± 1.66%
90 - 100%	± 1.46%

Modified Bland-Altman and correlation plots for Nellcor sensor accuracy data are presented below. The clinical studies performed included an adequate representation of darkly pigmented test subjects to ensure accuracy in darkly pigmented patients. Each individual subject is represented by a unique color on the plots. Subject identification numbers are indicated in the legend to the left of each plot.

¹² Saturation accuracy varies by sensor type. Refer to the Sensor Accuracy Grid at www.covidien.com/rms.

¹³ Neonate specifications are shown for OXIMAX MAXN sensors with the Nellcor™ Bedside Respiratory Patient Monitoring System.

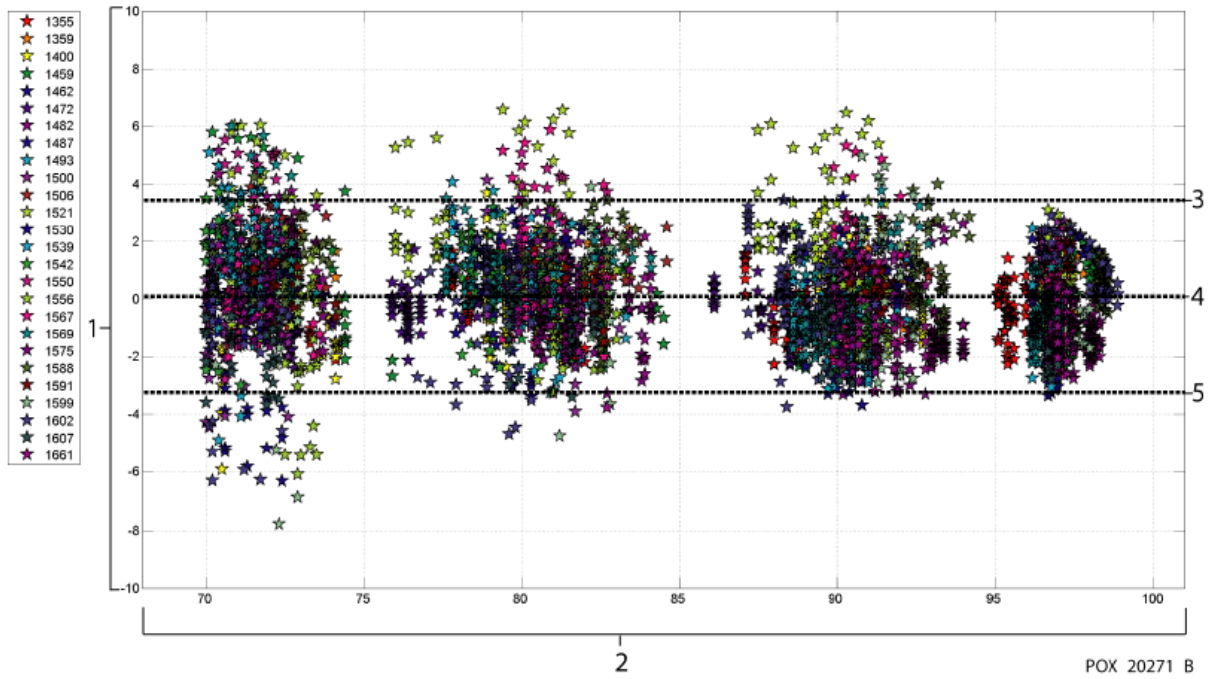
¹⁴ Clinical functionality of the MAXN sensor has been demonstrated on a population of hospitalized neonate patients. The observed SpO₂ accuracy was 2.5% in a study of 42 patients with ages of 1 to 23 days, weight from 750 to 4,100 grams, and 63 observations made spanning a range of 85% to 99% SaO₂.

¹⁵ Accuracy specifications were validated using measurements of healthy non-smoking adult volunteers during controlled hypoxia studies spanning the specified saturation ranges. Subjects were recruited from the local population and comprised both men and women ranging in age from 18-50 years old, and spanned a range of skin pigmentations. Pulse oximeter SpO₂ readings were compared to SaO₂ values of drawn blood samples measured by hemoximetry. All accuracies are expressed as ± 1 SD. Because pulse oximeter equipment measurements are statistically distributed, about two-thirds of the measurements can be expected to fall in this accuracy (ARMS) range (refer to the Sensor Accuracy Grid for more details).

¹⁶ Motion performance was validated during a controlled hypoxia blood study. Subjects performed rubbing and tapping movements 1-2 cm in amplitude with aperiodic intervals (randomly changing) with a random variation in frequency between 1-4 Hz. Applicability: OXIMAX MAXA, MAXAL, MAXP, MAXI, and MAXN sensors.

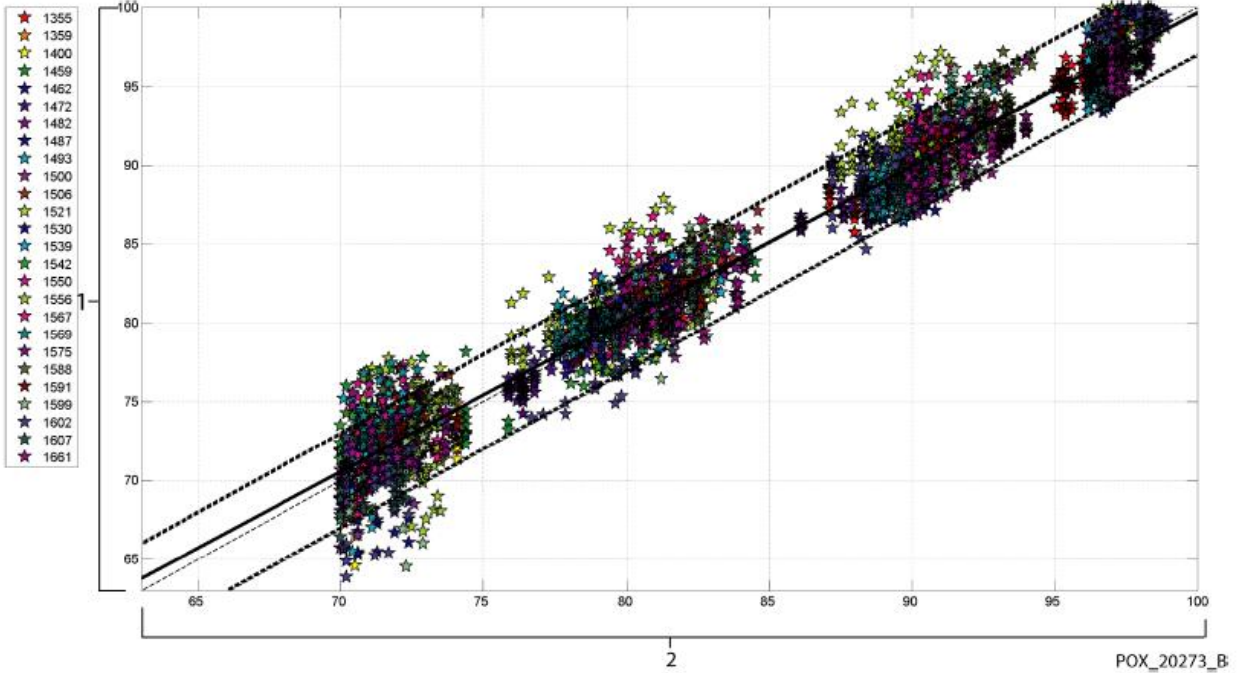
¹⁷ Specification applies to Nellcor™ Bedside Respiratory Patient Monitoring System oximeter performance. Reading accuracy in the presence of low perfusion (detected IR pulse modulation amplitude 0.03% - 1.5%) was validated using signals supplied by a patient simulator. SpO₂ and pulse rate values were varied across the monitoring range over a range of weak signal conditions and compared to the known true saturation and pulse rate of the input signals.

Bland-Altman for SpO₂ (All Data): SaO₂ vs. (SpO₂ - SaO₂)



- | | | | |
|---|-----------------------------------------|---|---------------|
| 1 | SpO ₂ - SaO ₂ (%) | 3 | Upper 95% LoA |
| 2 | SaO ₂ (%) | 4 | Mean Bias |
| | | 5 | Lower 95% LoA |

Correlation Plot for SpO₂ (All Data): SaO₂ vs. SpO₂



- | | | | |
|---|----------------------|---|----------------------|
| 1 | SpO ₂ (%) | 2 | SaO ₂ (%) |
|---|----------------------|---|----------------------|

Interfering Substances

Carboxyhemoglobin may erroneously increase readings. The level of increase is approximately equal to the amount of carboxyhemoglobin present. Dyes, or any substance containing dyes, that change usual arterial pigmentation may cause erroneous readings.

Ambient Oxygen Monitor Specifications (Optional Feature)

Measurement Range	10.0% to 100%
Resolution	0.1%
Response Time	< 16 seconds for 90% response < 25 seconds for 97% response
Accuracy	± 4.0% over measurement range
Stability	Less than 2% drift over 8 hours at constant temperature and pressure
Required Sample Flow	Minimal 3cc/minute, 100cc/minute typical
Operating Temperature	5° to 40° C (31° - 104° F)

Interfering Substances

Interferent	Volume % Dry	Interference in Oxygen Reading
Nitrous Oxide	75%	< 2%
Carbon Dioxide	10%	< 2%
Halothane	5%	< 2%
Enflurane	5%	< 2%
Isoflurane	5%	< 2%
Helium	70%	< 2%
Sevoflurane	6%	< 2%
Desflurane	15%	< 2%

Phototherapy Specifications

Light Spectrum Range	450 - 465 nm
Maximum Irradiance at mattress	Low Chamber: 35 $\mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2/\text{nm}$ (Light Bar @ 7.8" above mattress)
	XL Chamber: 22 $\mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2/\text{nm}$ (Light Bar @ 9.8" above mattress)
Effective Irradiated Area	Low Chamber: 12.3 in \times 9.2 in ellipse
	XL Chamber: 15.1 in \times 10.8 in ellipse
Light Expected Life	8 Years (Not user serviceable)
Light Pre-Aging Time	Not Required
Audible Noise Level	< 60 dB
Light Stabilization Period	< 5 Seconds
Intensity Ratio $E_{bi \text{ min}}/E_{bi \text{ max}}$	> 40%
Light Heat Output	< 10° C Warmer than Ambient
Phototherapy Light Variation in Intensity over 5 hrs after Warm-Up	< 10%

Observation Light Specifications

Audible Noise Level	< 60 dB
Intensity (minimum)	150 Lumens
Light Heat Output	< 10° C Warmer than Ambient

Suction Specifications

Operating, Storage, and Transport Environment	See General Operating, Storage, and Transport Environment specifications.
Airflow at Vacuum Inlet	10 LPM
Vacuum Maximum Pressure	150 mmHg (Actual value can be between 108-163 mmHg.)
Vacuum Pressure Range	10-150 mmHg
Vacuum Indicator Accuracy	\pm 5 mmHg
Noise Level	< 60 dB
Suction Canister Volume (up to 20 deg incline)	800 mL
Suction Canister	738-1701
18" Suction Tubing	738-1702
72" Suction Tubing	738-2355
Vacuum Filter	738-1657

Appendix B EMC Specifications

EMC Compliance

The Transport Incubator has been tested and found to comply with limits for electromagnetic interference and susceptibility as defined by IEC 60601-1-2. However, this equipment may radiate radio frequency (RF) energy and may cause harmful interference to other devices. The Transport Incubator is intended for use in an electromagnetic environment in which radiated RF disturbances are controlled. The customer or the operator of the Transport Incubator can help prevent electromagnetic interference by operating the device in the environments and with the minimum separation distances specified below. Additionally, periodic maintenance as specified by International Biomedical will allow the device to continue to provide basic safety and essential performance.

GUIDANCE AND MANUFACTURER'S DECLARATION - EMISSIONS

The Transport Incubator is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer or operator of the Transport Incubator should ensure that it is used in such an environment.

EMISSIONS TEST	COMPLIANCE	ELECTROMAGNETIC ENVIRONMENT - GUIDANCE
RF Emissions CISPR 11	Group 1	The Transport Incubator uses RF energy only for its internal function. Therefore, its RF emissions are very low and are not likely to cause any interference in nearby electronic equipment.
Conducted Emissions CISPR 11	Class B	The Transport Incubator is suitable for use in all establishments, including domestic, and those directly connected to the public low-voltage power supply network that supplies buildings used for domestic purposes.
Harmonics IEC 61000-3-2	Class A	
Flicker IEC 61000-3-3	Complies	

GUIDANCE AND MANUFACTURER'S DECLARATION - IMMUNITY

The Transport Incubator is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer or operator of the Transport Incubator should ensure that it is used in such an environment.

IMMUNITY TEST	IEC 60601 TEST LEVEL	COMPLIANCE LEVEL	ELECTROMAGNETIC ENVIRONMENT - GUIDANCE
ESD IEC 61000-4-2	± 8 kV Contact ± 15 kV Air	± 8 kV Contact ± 15 kV Air	Floors should be wood, concrete, or ceramic tile. If floors are synthetic, the r/h should be at least 30%.
EFT IEC 61000-4-4	± 2 kV Mains ± 1 kV I/Os	± 2 kV Mains ± 1 kV I/Os	Mains power quality should be that of a typical commercial or hospital environment.
Surge IEC 61000-4-5	± 0.5/1 kV Differential ± 0.5/1/2 kV Common	± 0.5/1 kV Differential ± 0.5/1/2 kV Common	Mains power quality should be that of a typical commercial or hospital environment.
Voltage Dips/Dropout IEC 61000-4-11	100% Dip for 0.5 Cycle 60% Dip for 5 Cycles 30% Dip for 25/35 Cycles 100% Dip for 250/350 Cycles	100% Dip for 0.5 Cycle 60% Dip for 5 Cycles 30% Dip for 25/35 Cycles During the 5 Second event, the Transport Incubator switches to internal battery power.	Mains power quality should be that of a typical commercial or hospital environment. If the operator of the Transport Incubator requires continued operation during power mains interruption, it is recommended that the Transport Incubator be powered from an uninterruptible power supply or internal battery.
Power Frequency 50/60 Hz Magnetic Field IEC 61000-4-8	30 A/m	30 A/m	Power Frequency magnetic fields should be that of a typical commercial or hospital environment.

GUIDANCE AND MANUFACTURER'S DECLARATION - IMMUNITY

The Transport Incubator is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer or operator of the Transport Incubator should ensure that it is used in such an environment.

IMMUNITY TEST	IEC 60601 TEST LEVEL	COMPLIANCE LEVEL	ELECTROMAGNETIC ENVIRONMENT - GUIDANCE
Conducted RF IEC 61000-4-6	3 Vrms 150 kHz to 80 MHz (AC/DC)	3 Vrms 150 kHz to 80 MHz (AC/DC)	Portable and mobile communications equipment should be separated from the Transport Incubator by no less than the distances calculated/listed below: $D = \frac{3.5}{V_1} \sqrt{P}$
	6 Vrms (in ISM Bands between 150kHz and 80MHz)	6 Vrms (in ISM Bands between 150kHz and 80MHz)	$D = \frac{3.5}{E_1} \sqrt{P}$ 80 to 800 MHz $D = \frac{7}{E_1} \sqrt{P}$ 800 MHz to 2.7 GHz
Radiated RF IEC 61000-4-3	3 V/m 80 MHz to 2.7 GHz	3 V/m 80 MHz to 2.7 GHz	Where P is the max power in watts and D is the recommended separation distance in meters.
		(V1) Vrms (E1) V/m	Field strengths from fixed transmitters, as determined by an electromagnetic site survey, should be less than the compliance levels (V1 and E1). Interference may occur in the vicinity of equipment containing a transmitter.
Proximity fields from RF Wireless Communication Equipment IEC61000-4-3	See IEC 60601-1-2 8.10	See IEC 60601-1-2 8.10	This equipment should be placed no closer than 30 cm from the nearest RF Wireless communication device.

RECOMMENDED SEPARATION DISTANCES BETWEEN PORTABLE AND MOBILE RF COMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT AND THE TRANSPORT INCUBATOR

The Transport Incubator is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment in which radiated disturbances are controlled. The customer or operator of the Transport Incubator can help prevent electromagnetic interference by maintaining a minimum distance between portable and mobile RF Communications Equipment and the Transport Incubator as recommended below, according to the maximum output power of the communications equipment.

MAX OUTPUT POWER (WATTS)	SEPARATION (m) 150 kHz to 80 MHz $D=(3.5/V1)(\text{Sqrt } P)$	SEPARATION (m) 80 to 800 MHz $D=(3.5/E1)(\text{Sqrt } P)$	SEPARATION (m) 800 MHz to 2.5 GHz $D=(7/E1)(\text{Sqrt } P)$
0.01	0.12	0.12	0.23
0.1	0.37	0.37	0.74
1	1.17	1.17	2.33
10	3.69	3.69	7.38
100	11.67	11.67	23.33

Appendix C Essential Performance

- The accuracy of the set temperature to the Transport Incubator temperature will be maintained within $\pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ at ambient temperatures between 10 and 20°C and within $\pm 1.5^{\circ}\text{C}$ at an ambient temperature of $25^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 1^{\circ}\text{C}$ for normal operation.
- In the event that the temperature is outside of the prescribed range, an audible alarm will be supplied.
- The warmup time for the incubator with XL chamber, as defined by 60601-2-20 section 201.12.1.107 is 16 minutes.
- The indication of the temperature shall be accurate within 1°C when measured with a standard thermometer at a point 10 cm above the middle of the mattress.
- The O_2 Monitor shall be accurate within $2.5\% + 2.5\%$ of gas level (Volume Fraction of Gas Level).
- When the power supply falls outside of the normal values for operation, the incubator shall switch over to its internal battery, and shall display an indicator that the device is operating on battery power.
- For incubators equipped with SpO_2 capability, the SpO_2 accuracy shall be less than or equal to 4% over the range of $70\text{-}100\%$ SaO_2 .
- For incubators equipped with SpO_2 capability, the Pulse Rate accuracy shall be less than or equal to 5 bpm over the range of $25\text{-}240\text{ bpm}$.
- For incubators equipped with SpO_2 capability, SpO_2 level low shall create an audible and visual alarm.
- For incubators equipped with SpO_2 capability, alarms shall be generated in the event of probe or patient cable failures, or if the SpO_2 system is incapable of updating the measured data for a period of 30 seconds.
- No ME equipment in patient compartment poses a risk in oxygen rich environment.
- The Transport Incubator parts likely to be touched do not exceed the values listed in 60601-1 Table 23.
- The user interface is not able to set the temperature higher than thermal safety limits in accordance with Transport Incubator standard.
- Air temp, FET temp, and Heatsink temp are measured in parallel with the patient temperature. The heater will cut out or alarm if air temperature is raised to an unsafe condition.
- With the infant Transport Incubator working in the baby controlled Transport Incubator mode with horizontal mattress orientation, the temperature as measured by the skin temperature sensor shall not differ from the control temperature by more than 0.7°C in steady temperature condition.
- In the event that the temperature is outside the prescribed range, an audible alarm will be supplied.
- The function of the incubator does not alter the stated accuracy of the OEM Pulse Oximetry devices.

Appendix D Alarms and Alerts

Alarm Description	Alarm Condition	Priority	Alarm Type	Audio Pause Duration
% O ₂ is High	The measured value from the O ₂ sensor is greater than the max alarm limit.	Medium	Clinical	2
% O ₂ is Low	The measured value from the O ₂ sensor is less than the min alarm limit.	Medium	Clinical	2
AC Power Removed	External AC power has been removed.	Low	Clinical	Acknowledge
Air Temp Sensor Error	An error has occurred with the chamber air temperature sensors.	High	System	5
Air Temp Sensor Error	The device is not sensing an increase in chamber temperature while the heater is active.	High	System	5
Airflow Blocked - Heater Off	The heater fan outlet is obstructed.	Medium	Clinical	5
Airflow Error - Heater Off	The heater fan is obstructed.	Medium	Clinical	5
Airflow Fan Slow – Heater Off				
Baby Cold - Check Baby	Baby temperature is 1.2° C less than set point.	High	Clinical	2
Baby Cold - Check Baby	Baby temperature is 0.7° C less than set point.	Medium	Clinical	5
Baby Hot - Check Baby	Baby temperature is 1.2° C greater than set point.	High	Clinical	2
Baby Hot - Check Baby	Baby temperature is 0.7° C greater than set point.	Medium	Clinical	5
Battery Disconnected	The internal DC power has been disconnected.	Medium	System	Acknowledge
Battery Temp Range Exceeded	The temperature of the device's battery is above, or below, safe limits.	Low	System	5
Buzzer Failure	There is an error with the technical error buzzer.	High	System	5
Chamber Cold - Check Baby	Chamber air temperature is 2.0° C less than set point.	High	Clinical	2
				30 on-boot
Chamber Cold - Check Baby	Chamber air temperature is 1.5° C less than set point.	Medium	Clinical	5
				30 on-boot
Chamber Hot - Check Baby	Chamber air temperature is 2.0° C greater than set point.	High	Clinical	2

Alarm Description	Alarm Condition	Priority	Alarm Type	Audio Pause Duration
Chamber Hot - Check Baby	Chamber air temperature is 1.5° C greater than set point.	Medium	Clinical	5
Chamber Temp Delayed	The device is not sensing an increase in chamber temperature while the heater is active.	High	System	5
Chamber Temp Limit – Check Baby	The chamber air temperature is above 40.0° C.	High	Clinical	Acknowledge
Check SpO ₂ cable and sensor	There is an error with the SpO ₂ cable and sensor.	Low	Clinical	2
Check SpO ₂ Sensor Connection	SpO ₂ hardware has detected an error with the SpO ₂ sensor connection.	Low	Clinical	2
Connect Mattress Cord	The heated mattress cable has been unplugged from the connector panel.	Medium	Clinical	Acknowledge
Connect SpO ₂ Sensor	The SpO ₂ adhesive sensor has been disconnected.	Low	Clinical	2
Connect Temperature Probe	Primary patient temperature probe has been disconnected while the device is in servo mode.	Low	Clinical	2
Critically Low Battery	The battery charge is at 7% or less.	High	System	2
Heater Error	The chamber air temperature is above 40.0° C.	High	Clinical	Acknowledge
Incompatible SpO ₂ Sensor	The SpO ₂ hardware does not recognize the attached adhesive sensor.	Low	Clinical	2
Internal SpO ₂ Error	An error has occurred with the SpO ₂ hardware.	Low	System	2
Low Battery	The battery charge is at 10% or less.	Medium	System	2
Mattress Error - Mattress Off	An error has occurred with the heated mattress.	Medium	System	5
No Temp Probe - Exit Servo Mode	The primary patient temperature probe has been disconnected from more than 1 minute in servo mode and the device has transitioned to air mode.	Medium	Clinical	Acknowledge

Alarm Description	Alarm Condition	Priority	Alarm Type	Audio Pause Duration
O ₂ < 18%	The oxygen value measured by the O ₂ sensor is below 18%.	High	Clinical	2
Patient Temp Error	Device is having trouble reading temperature from primary temperature probe.	Low	System	2
Power Fail	System voltage is critically low.	Technical Error	Technical	5
Pulse Rate is High	The pulse rate measured value from the pulse oximeter is greater than the max alarm limit.	Medium	Clinical	2
Pulse Rate is Low	The pulse rate measured value from the pulse oximeter is less than the min alarm limit.	Medium	Clinical	2
Replace Temperature Probe	The primary temperature probe needs to be replaced.	Low	System	2
Speaker Failure	There is an error with the device's speaker.	Low	System	Acknowledge
SpO ₂ Interference Detected	Interference has been detected with the SpO ₂ sensor.	Low	Clinical	2
SpO ₂ is High	The SpO ₂ measured value from the pulse oximeter is greater than the max alarm limit.	Medium	Clinical	2
SpO ₂ is Low	The SpO ₂ measured value from the pulse oximeter is less than the min alarm limit.	Medium	Clinical	2
Suction Error	An error has occurred with the suction hardware.	Low	System	5
Suction too high	The suction pressure is above a safe limit.	Low	Clinical	Acknowledge
System Fail	There is an error with a critical system function.	High	System	Acknowledge
Touch Screen Failure	An error has occurred with the touch screen functionality.	Medium	System	Acknowledge
Wheel Encoder Failure	An error has occurred with the wheel functionality.	Medium	System	Acknowledge

Alert Description	Alert Condition	Priority
AC Connected	External AC power has been connected.	Alert

Alert Description	Alert Condition	Priority
Battery Error	The device battery's chemistry does not match the detected battery chemistry.	Alert
Charge Battery	The device's battery needs to be charged.	Alert
CONFIG	Could not detect manufacturer configuration file.	Alert
Configuration Error	Error reading configuration file	Alert
Configure Battery	The battery has not been configured in the service menu.	Alert
Connect O ₂ Cable	The O ₂ monitor cable has been disconnected.	Alert
Connect SpO ₂ Cable	The SpO ₂ cable is not connected to the device.	Alert
Connect SpO ₂ Sensor	An SpO ₂ sensor is not connected or is not recognized by the SpO ₂ hardware.	Alert
Cover Infant's Eyes	Protect infant's eyes from phototherapy light.	Alert
Critical Battery Error	The battery is below expected value.	Alert
DC connected	External DC power has been connected.	Alert
Driver not found	Device driver is not found.	Alert
EXT DC Power Removed	External DC power has been disconnected.	Alert
File Not Found	A file was not located.	Alert
File System Error	The file system has detected an error.	Alert
Heater COM Error	System is unable communicate with heater board.	Alert
Heater Over Temperature	The heater temperature is out of bounds.	Alert
Incompatible SpO ₂ cable	The SpO ₂ hardware does not recognize the connected SpO ₂ cable.	Alert
Incompatible SpO ₂ sensor	The SpO ₂ hardware does not recognized the SpO ₂ sensor.	Alert
Internal SpO ₂ Failure	An Error has occurred with the SpO ₂ Hardware.	Alert
Invalid Battery	The device battery's capacity does not match the detected battery capacity.	Alert
Light Bar Disconnected	Light Bar is not connected.	Alert
Light Bar Failure	Error starting light bar	Alert
Low Battery	Internal DC power is low.	Alert
Low SpO ₂ Signal IQ	The SpO ₂ sensor is not placed correctly.	Alert
Media Read Failure	Error reading from SD card	Alert
Media Write Failure	Error writing to SD card	Alert
Mode Change - Set Temp	The heater mode has changed automatically.	Alert
O ₂ CAL IN PROGRESS	System is preforming O ₂ sensor calibration.	Alert
O ₂ Calibration Error	The O ₂ sensor calibration has failed.	Alert
O ₂ Disabled	The O ₂ monitor has been disabled on main screen.	Alert
O ₂ Monitor Failure	An error has occurred with the O ₂ monitor.	Alert
Perfusion Index is Low	The SpO ₂ perfusion index is low.	Alert
Phototherapy Interrupted	The phototherapy light was disconnected during treatment.	Alert

Alert Description	Alert Condition	Priority
Pulse Search	The SpO ₂ hardware is searching for a pulse.	Alert
Replace SpO ₂ cable	The SpO ₂ cable needs to be replaced.	Alert
Replace SpO ₂ Cable Next Patient	The SpO ₂ sensor needs to be replaced soon.	Alert
Replace SpO ₂ Sensor	Replace the SpO ₂ sensor.	Alert
RTC Error	Real Time Clock Failure	Alert
SD Card Error	Error Opening SD card	Alert
SD Card Error	An Error has occurred with the SD Card.	Alert
SD Card Full	The SD card is full.	Alert
Service Clock	Error with service clock	Alert
Set Clock	Device Clock is not set.	Alert
SpO ₂ Demo-Mode	The SpO ₂ hardware has been placed in demo mode.	Alert
SpO ₂ Interference Detected	The SpO ₂ hardware has detected too much interference with the SpO ₂ sensor.	Alert
SpO ₂ Only-Mode	The SpO ₂ hardware is setup for only SpO ₂ , not Pulse rate.	Alert
SpO ₂ Sensor Initializing	The SpO ₂ sensor is initializing.	Alert
SpO ₂ Sensor Off Patient	The SpO ₂ sensor is not attached to the patient.	Alert
SpO ₂ /PR Disabled	SpO ₂ /PR monitor has been disabled on main screen.	Alert
Suction Disconnected	The suction device has been disconnected.	Alert
Suction Timeout	The suction device has been active for more than 10 minutes, while the heated mattress has been enabled.	Alert
Timer Expired	Operator set timer has finished.	Alert
USB Full	The removable digital media is full.	Alert
USB Media Failure	Error has occurred with removable digital media.	Alert
USB Open Error	Error opening removable digital media	Alert
USB Read Error	Error reading removable digital media	Alert
USB Write Error	Error writing to removable digital media	Alert

Appendix E Product Disposal/Recycle

The incubator should be returned to International Biomedical for recycling when it reaches the end of its life (8 years). The incubator's battery can be taken to any battery recycling facility when it reaches the end of its life.

Environmental Requirements

International Biomedical is concerned about protecting the natural environment and helps to ensure continued safe and effective use of this product through proper support, maintenance, and training. International Biomedical equipment is therefore designed and manufactured to comply with relevant guidelines for environment protection. As long as the equipment is properly operated and maintained, it presents no risk to the environment. However, the equipment may contain materials which could be harmful to the environment if disposed of incorrectly. Use of such materials is essential for the implementation of certain functions and for meeting certain statutory and other requirements.

International Biomedical gives support for:

- Recovery of reusable parts
- The recycling of useful materials by competent disposal companies
- Safe and effective disposal of equipment
- For advice and information, contact your International Biomedical Service Organization

Appendix F Error Codes

Error Code	Error Definition	Error Code	Error Definition
0x0000	SUCCESS	0x8169	SPO2_RESV_0800_0000
0x8001	PAT_TEMP_TOO_HIGH	0x816a	SPO2_RESV_4000_0000
0x8002	PAT_TEMP_TOO_LOW	0x816b	SPO2_RESV_8000_0000
0x8003	PAT_TEMP_HIGH	0x816c	SPO2_CABLE_NEAR_LIFE
0x8004	PAT_TEMP_LOW	0x816d	SPO2_SENSOR_NEAR_LIFE
0x8005	PRIMARY_PAT_PROBE_ERROR	0x816e	SPO2_ADHESIVE_NEAR_LIFE
0x8006	PRIMARY_PAT_PROBE_ERROR_EXIT	0x816f	SD_BAD_MEDIA
0x8007	CHAMBER_TEMP_TOO_HIGH	0x8170	DC_UNPLUGGED
0x8008	CHAMBER_TEMP_TOO_LOW	0x8171	SUCTION_DISCONNECTED
0x8009	CHAMBER_TEMP_HIGH	0x8172	O2_HW_ERR
0x800a	CHAMBER_TEMP_LOW	0x8173	SUC_TIME_EXCEEDED
0x800b	MATTRESS_UNPLUGGED	0x8174	PHOTOTHERAPY_INTERRUPTED
0x800c	FAN_STOPPED	0x8175	BATTERY_ERROR
0x800d	AIRFLOW_FAILURE	0x8176	HEATER_I2C_FAILURE
0x800f	O2_HIGH	0x8177	SPO2_SENSOR_NOT_CONNECTED
0x8010	O2_LOW	0x8178	SPO2_REPLACE_CABLE
0x8013	BATTERY_CRIT_LOW	0x8179	SPO2_INCOMPATIBLE_CABLE
0x8014	BATTERY_LOW	0x817a	SPO2_PROBE_LOW_PERFUSION
0x8015	AC_UNPLUGGED	0x817b	SPO2_REPLACE_SENSOR
0x8017	BPM_HIGH	0x817c	SPO2_REPLACE_ADHESIVE
0x8018	BPM_LOW	0x817d	SPO2_PROBE_OFF_PATIENT
0x8019	SPO2_HIGH	0x817e	SPO2_INTERFERENCE
0x801a	SPO2_LOW	0x817f	SPO2_LOW_PROBE_SIGNAL
0x8025	SUCTION_PRESSURE_HIGH	0x8180	SPO2_CABLE_UNPLUGGED
0x8026	PAT_TEMP_PROBE_TECH_ERROR	0x8181	FILE_NOT_FOUND
0x8027	PAT_TEMP_TECH_ERROR	0x8182	FILE_ERROR
0x8028	BUZZER_FAILURE	0x8183	SPO2_INCOMPATIBLE_SENSOR
0x8029	CNTRL_I2C_FAILURE	0x8184	BATTERY_HARDWARE_ERROR
0x802a	MATTRESS_DEVICE_FAILURE	0x8185	BC_NOT_INITIALIZED
0x802b	MATTRESS_OVERTEMP	0x8186	BATTERY_INVALID_CONFIGURATION
0x802c	CHAMBER_TEMP_PROBE_ERROR	0x8187	O2_CAL_FAILURE
0x802d	HEATER_BOARD_FAILURE	0x8188	O2_DISCONNECTED
0x802e	FAN_FAILURE	0x8189	HEATSINK_HOT
0x8034	BATTERY_UNPLUGGED	0x818a	BATTERY_NOT_CONFIGURED
0x8036	BATTERY_OUT_OF_TEMP	0x81f4	ACCELEROMETER_EVENT
0x803b	SPEAKER_FAILURE	0x81f5	O2_CALIBRATED
0x803c	SPO2_HW_FAILURE	0x81f6	BATTERY_CALIBRATED
0x803d	SPO2_BOARD_ERROR	0x81f7	BATTERY_CALIBRATION_CANCELED
0x803e	SPO2_DIAG_ERROR	0x81f8	HEATER_CALIBRATION_CANCELED
0x803f	SPO2_COMM_FAILURE	0x81f9	HEATER_CALIBRATED
0x8041	BAD_SSCDRR_DEVICE	0x81fa	CLOCK_MODIFIED
0x8042	SUCTION_DEVICE_FAILURE	0x81fb	LOG_CREATED
0x8045	TOUCH_SCREEN_FAILURE	0x81fc	LOG_FLUSHED
0x8046	WHEEL_ENCODER_FAILURE	0x81fd	BATTERY_CHARGE_ERROR
0x8047	TABLE_FULL	0x81fe	HEATER_CURRENT_FAILURE
0x8048	POWER_BOARD_FAILURE	0x81ff	SELFTEST_PASSED
0x8049	POWER_FAILURE	0x8200	SELFTEST_BATTERY_UNINITIALIZED
0x804a	POWER_I2C_FAILURE	0x8201	SPO2_RECOVERABLE
0x804b	ILLEGAL_OP	0x8202	SYSTEM_STARTUP

Error Code	Error Definition	Error Code	Error Definition
0x804c	INVALID	0x8203	SYSTEM_SHUTDOWN
0x804d	INT_RAM	0x8204	TIMEOUT
0x804e	EXT_RAM	0x8205	SELFTEST_DISABLED_SYSTEM
0x804f	INT_FLASH	0x8206	SELFTEST_FAILED_TOUCH
0x8050	EXT_FLASH	0x8207	POST_FAILED_MATTRESS
0x8051	SYS_FAILURE	0x8208	POST_FAILED_SUCTION
0x8052	NO_MEM	0x8209	POST_FAILED_PATIENT_PROBE
0x8053	WATCHDOG_TRIP	0x820a	POST_FAILED_SPO2
0x8054	CHAMBER_ERROR	0x820b	POST_FAILED_ACCEL
0x8058	SPO2_CHECK_CABLE_SENSOR	0x820c	POST_FAILED_BPM
0x8059	SPO2_NO_ADHESIVE_DETECTED	0x820d	POST_FAILED_SD
0x805a	SPO2_INCOMPATIBLE_ADHESIVE	0x820e	POST_FAILED_WHEEL
0x805b	SPO2_CHECK_SENSOR	0x820f	POST_FAILED_PRESSURE
0x805c	SPO2_TOO_MUCH_LIGHT	0x8210	POST_FAILED_BUZZER
0x805d	O2_CRITICALLY_LOW	0x8211	POST_FAILED_SPEAKER
0x805f	CHAMBER_TEMP_CRITICAL	0x8212	POST_FAILED_TOUCH
0x812d	CLOCK_FAILURE	0x8213	POST_FAILED_AMBIENT_PROBE
0x812e	RTC_CLOCK_NOT_SET	0x8214	POST_FAILED_O2
0x812f	ERROR_MARSHALLING_CONFIG_DATA	0x8215	POST_FAILED_LIGHTBAR
0x8132	LIGHTBAR_DISCONNECTED	0x8216	POST_FAILED_USB
0x8133	PHOTOTHERAPY_ACTIVE	0x8217	POST_FAILED_RAM
0x8134	LIGHTBAR_FAILURE	0x8218	POST_FAILED_ROM
0x8135	SD_CARD_UNPLUGGED	0x8219	POST_FAILED_HEATER
0x8136	SD_READ_FAILURE	0x821a	POST_FAILED_FAN
0x8137	SD_WRITE_FAILURE0x821b	0x821b	POST_FAILED_POWER
0x8139	SD_CARD_FULL	0x821c	POST_FAILED_GPIO
0x813a	USB_OPEN_FAILURE	0x821d	POST_FAILED_CLOCK
0x813b	USB_READ_FAILURE	0x821e	POST_FAILED_BATTERY
0x813c	USB_WRITE_FAILURE	0x821f	BOOKMARK
0x813d	USB_FULL	0x8220	POWER_BOARD_TEMP_HIGH
0x813e	AC_PLUGGED	0x8221	ACCELEROMETER_FAILURE
0x813f	DC_PLUGGED	0x8222	MFG_CHECKSUM_ERROR
0x8140	BATTERY_ALERT_LOW	0x8223	MFG_SERIAL_MISMATCH
0x8143	O2_DISABLED	0x8224	MFG_UPDATED_SERIAL
0x8144	DRIVER_NOT_FOUND	0x8225	MFG_PARAMETER_ERROR
0x8145	SERVICE_CLOCK_FAILURE	0x8226	SYSINFO_FIRST_BOOT
0x8146	PREHEAT_MODE	0x8227	SYSINFO_UPDATED
0x8147	GUI_TIMER_EXPIRED	0x8228	SYSINFO_READ_ERROR
0x815b	POST_FAILED_CONFIG	0x8229	SYSINFO_WRITE_ERROR
0x815f	SPO2_DISABLED	0x822a	SYSINFO_ERASE_ERROR
0x8160	USB_MEDIA_FAILURE	0x822b	SYSINFO_MISSING_DATA
0x8161	O2_CALIBRATION_IN_PROGRESS	0x8258	TEST_TECHNICAL
0x8162	HEATERMODE_CHANGED	0x8259	TEST_PHYSIO
0x8163	SPO2_DEMO_MODE	0x825a	TEST_LOW
0x8164	SPO2_SENSOR_INITIALIZING	0x825b	TEST_MED
0x8165	SPO2_PULSE_SEARCH	0x825c	TEST_HIGH
0x8166	SPO2_ONLY_MODE	0x825d	TEST_BUG
0x8167	SPO2_RESV_0000_0040	0x825e	TEST_INFO
0x8168	SPO2_RESV_0000_2000	0x825f	TEST_PANIC